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# The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta — Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. LXXXVI NO. 208 — BOMBAY: FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1948 — Price: 2 ANNAS

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# Experts Proposals To Combat Inflation

## 25-MAN COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO SCRUTINISE REPORTS

## Purchase Tax On Luxuries: Control Over Essential Articles: Reduction In Government Expenditure

## PUBLIC RELATIONS DEPARTMENT FOR ECONOMIC AFFAIRS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2: The Congress party in the Dominion Parliament today appointed a 25-Men Committee to scrutinise the various reports submitted to Government on the economic situation and to forward its considered views by Sunday next.

TODAY'S PARLIAMENT DEBATE

This report and the debate in the Dominion Parliament tomorrow on the economic situation will help the Government to arrive at a decision. Thus, it is not expected, Government Will announce its view and decisions on these recommendations tomorrow but might take a week or ten days.—(A.P.I.)

Some indication, however, of Government's intention is expected to be made tomorrow, but observers here believe that this could be only on general lines and no detailed policy will be announced till the implications of the various reports are carefully considered in the light of the present economic set up.

POLITICAL ASPECT

These quarters further point out that the main difficulty is not so much economic which could be got round by Government decrees but a general lack of understanding or incorrect appreciation of the real crisis through which the country is passing owing to military operations which are not in the nature of an "expedition" but "real war". It is understood that this political aspect of the economic situation is also engaging the attention of Government.

G. C. M. OF AGREEMENT

**In all the reports released tonight, the greatest common measure of agreement is expressed in regard to the following: Measures to secure increased production; controls in regard to essential articles; slow down in regard to prohibition; economy in Government expenditure; liberalisation of import policy; and steps to mop up surplus purchasing power.**

### SUMMARIES OF SIX REPORTS

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2 (A.P.I.): The Government of India have released tonight the summaries of reports on the economic situation in India. There are six reports submitted by the following:—Nine Economists, the Government of India Economists, Labour Leaders, Bankers, Industrialists and the views of Prof. Ranga and Mr. Jai Prakash Narain.

The latest report to be received and considered by the Cabinet was that of the Industrialists.

The Congress Party today held a prolonged session and discussed these reports.

INDUSTRIALISTS PROPOSALS

The following are the principal recommendations submitted by the Industrialists:

(1) Immediate abolition of the Capital Gains Tax, which has proved most detrimental to fresh investment. This will have a psychologically re-assuring effect.

(2) Attempts should be made as far as possible to balance the Central and Provincial budgets. Unusual items of expenditure such as those on the rehabilitation of refugees and the Kashmir operations should not be met out of revenue expenditure, but from borrowings.

PURCHASE TAX ON LUXURIES

(I) In order to augment the Central revenues, a Purchase Tax on luxuries and a special graduated surcharge on railway, shipping and air fares should be imposed.

(II) Considerable economy in Government expenditure is possible and these economies should be effected as soon as possible.

(III) Machinery of tax assessment and collection should be improved, and arrears realised.

(IV) While long-term projects of a productive character need not be shelved, it is necessary in the present emergency that expenditure on other new projects should be curtailed to the minimum possible.

(V) All new expenditure on special services should be avoided in the immediate future.

(VI) Irrespective of the merits of the Prohibition policy, its implementation should be delayed.

CONTROL OF PROFITS' LEVEL

(3) Government should definitely put a ceiling to wages, prices and profits at the present levels. This does not mean that wages, prices and profits should be stabilised at these levels; in fact, the intention should be to bring down by gradual stages, and in the meantime, not to permit any increases. Earnings of industrial labour comprising wages and dearness allowance have reached a level which must be considered reasonable. When the fixation of prices and wages, the level of profits would be automatically controlled. But what effects the economy of the country, and particularly the inflationary situation, is the dis-

(Continued on Page 7)

## FIVE INJURED IN POLICE FIRING

CALCUTTA, September 2. (UPI): Police opened fire last midnight on the striking Watch and Ward Staff in Kidderpore Dock, as a sequel to which five persons with bullet injuries had to be removed to hospital.

It is understood that Staff of the Watch and Ward in the Dock area struck work yesterday. They demonstrated before the office of the Superintendent and Deputy Superintendent of the Dock and prevented them from going out. The police intervened and made several attempts to disperse the angry crowd by using tear gas. The strikers refused to move, threatened the Superintendent and threw bricks-bats at the police party. Tear gas having failed to bring the situation under control, the police opened fire, injuring five persons. They were removed to dock hospital with bullet injuries. Five persons were also taken into custody.

## MAHAGUJARAT BY DIVALI?

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 2.

**It is reliably learnt that confederation of Saurashtra, Baroda and Gujarat will be complete before Divali and the New Year will be hailed with its announcement.**

### New Sangli State Chief Administrator

SANGLI, Sept. 2 (API): Mr. B. D. Mirchandani who is transferred on promotion to Belgaum as Commissioner of Southern Division, left Sangli for Belgaum this afternoon handing over charge of office as Chief Administrator of Sangli to Mr. P. J. Chinmulgund who arrived here today from Bombay. Mr Chinmulgund the new Chief Administrator, was Deputy Commissioner of Excise, Bombay.

### Village Evacuated Due To Razakar Attacks

BEZWADA, Sept. 2 (API): The entire population of Korivi, a village in Mahabubabad taluk in Warangal district (Hyderabad State), has left the village as a result of continuous and systematic attacks by Razakars and the Nizam's military, according to a Hyderabad State Congress News Bulletin issued here today.

THE 'Bombay Chronicle' Wishes All Its Parsi Readers A HAPPY & PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR

## India Buying 4 U. S. Ships

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2.

Not waiting for the incorporation of the three shipping corporations, the Government of India, through its Washington Embassy is negotiating purchase on Government account, of 4 ships to be transferred subsequently to the corporations when formed. India-Persian Gulf-Red Sea-Egypt, India-China-Japan, India-Australia, India-East and South Africa, India-U.K.-Continent, India North and South America are the trade routes which Government will allocate to the corporation which will be launched with unauthorised capital of hundred million rupees each, the State taking up 51 per cent managing agents 26 per cent and the public 23 per cent. Management of the corporations will be entrusted to managing agents holding agency for 15 years initially, extendable to 20 years, provided neither corporation nor managing agents exercised the option to terminate the agency.

The Board will consist of 11 directors, 6 nominated by Government, 3 by managing agents, 2 others by shareholders. Remuneration for managing agents will be 10 per cent of annual profits upto a specified limit beyond which they will receive 7-1/2 per cent. Provision will be made for Government indemnifying the corporations against loss for first the 5 years, subject to Government recovering such losses subsequently from profits according to the specified formula.

## MRS. PANDIT WILL ARRIVE TOMORROW

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to Russia and leader of the Indian Delegation to the forthcoming meeting of the United Nations General Assembly at Paris, will arrive in Bombay by air on Saturday morning. She will leave by air for Delhi the same day.

## FOUR-POWER MILITARY GOVERNORS MEET

BERLIN, Sept. 2 (UPA): The Big Four military Governors in Germany met over an hour and a half today in a conference which believedly made a major progress toward agreements which would result an early lifting of the Soviet blockade of Berlin.

The Governors considered specific proposals on the trade, currency and transportation questions which were worked out by four power experts.

Another **meeting will be held tomorrow.**

## POSITION IN KASHMIR

The black arrows mark the recent bombings.

## ENEMY STRONGHOLD LIQUIDATED IN POONCH

### Secret Military Preparations In N. W. F. Province

**SRINAGAR, SEPT. 2. (U.P.I.): LARGE-SCALE MILITARY PREPARATIONS ARE GOING ON IN THE NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE THESE DAYS, ACCORDING TO THE LATEST INFORMATION REACHING HERE, WRITES THE UNITED PRESS OF INDIA CORRESPONDENT IN KASHMIR.**

**The idea underlying these secret military preparations is not known, but increase in the army personnel and war material cannot be aimless, it is pointed out. It may be stated here that the North-West Frontier Province serves as the main base for Pakistan operations against Kashmir, especially Gilgit and Ladakh.**

CLASH IN URI

Our fighters also strafed an enemy stronghold, north of Tithwal where the enemy was, during the past one week, making efforts to cross to the southern bank of the Kishenganga river held by the Indian troops. The enemy suffered heavy casualties in the attack, writes the A.P.I. correspondent.

Indian troops in Uri, during the last 48 hours clashed with the enemy in several engagements and inflicted heavy casualties. Yesterday, an enemy assault on our forward positions at Lady Gali near Pir Kanthi in two platoon strength was warded off by our gunners after inflicting twelve casualites all counted. Our gunners engaged another enemy party near Pir Kanthi killing two of the enemy.

An enemy party seen climbing a hill feature on the northern side of the Jhelum river in the same sector was fired upon by our gunners and dispersed. The fleeing enemy was seen carrying twenty dead bodies.

In the South-West of Uri, our mortars engaged enemy snippers and killed five of them.

In Tithwal, the Indian troops are engaged in mopping up operations in the Phagwan village recently cleared of the enemy.

ENEMY STRONGHOLD LIQUIDATED

The enemy in the Poonch area was taken by surprise when an Indian army column penetrated into hostile territory and liquidated an enemy stronghold on a feature dominating our pickets. This operation was carried out by Indian troops on the night of August 28-29, says the Ministry of Defence Communique today.

In the Naushahra-Rajaori sector, enemy seen making bunkers was engaged by our artillery. There was also some shelling in this sector.

Exchange of shell and mortar fire continued in the Tithwal area.

## Atomic Secrets 'Leaked' To Reds?

**WASHINGTON, Sept. 2, (U.P.A.): House investigators were today reported to be checking on a report that some United States scientists "leaked" atomic bomb secrets to Russia before the end of the war.**

**It was understood the story will be unfolded at future hearings of the House Un-American Activities Committee.**

## U. N. Commission Meets Zafrullah Khan

KARACHI, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): The United Nations Commission for India and Pakistan had a further meeting with the Pakistan Minister for Foreign Affairs and Commonwealth Relations, Sir Mchammed Zafrullah Khan, at 11-55 a.m today.

The meeting lasted over three hours.

The Commission also had a meeting with the Prime Minister of Pakistan, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, at 6-30 p.m. today.

# Nationalisation Of Reserve Bank

## INDIAN PARLIAMENT PASSES FIRST READING OF BILL

## Administration Will Not Deteriorate, Assures Neogy

**NEW DELHI, Sept. 2. (A.P.I.): The Indian Parliament today passed the first reading of the Bill to bring the Reserve Bank of India under State ownership.**

**Mr. K. C. Neogy, Finance Minister, said it was Government's intention that the new regime should come into being from January 1st 1949.**

**The House also passed a Bill to give effect to the Exchange of Prisoners Agreement with Pakistan.**

### Proceedings In Detail

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2. (API): The Dominion Parliament today continued further discussion of the bill to provide in pursuance of an agreement with Pakistan, for the exchange of prisoners from India to Pakistan and for the reception of certain prisoners from Pakistan. The bill was moved yesterday by Mr. N. Gopalswami Ayyangar.

Mr. R. K Sidhwa said that the bill would be applicable at present to East Punjab and later would be extended to the rest of India and he did not see why this distinction was made. Similarly the bill should have been applied to the entire Western Pakistan and not merely to West Punjab.

The exchange of prisoners, Mr Sidhwa said, was to be subject to the willingness of the prisoners and therefore the Government should make arrangement to ascertain the true wishes of the non-Muslim prisoners in Pakistan and not depend merely on the information given by the Government of Pakistan. Also an equal number of prisoners must be exchanged simultaneously on both sides. He urged the Minister to apply this Bill to Sind with immediate effect because there were, in that province, a large number of undertrial political prisoners.

"TRANSFER, KHAN BROTHERS"

Mr. H. V. Kamath said that the prisoners in the two Dominions should be treated on the same footing as prisoners of war because for all practical purposes there had been an undeclared war between India and Pakistan. He asked the Government how it would be sure that Pakistan would carry out the agreement in letter and in spirit. In dealing with Pakistan, they must be guided by practical considerations. He urged the Government to secure the transfer to India of Dr. Khan Sahib and Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan under this agreement.

Pandit Thakur Das Bhargawa said that the scope of the Bill had been enlarged unnecessarily. The Bill should have been confined to the exchange of prisoners, and it should not have dealt with what was going to happen to them after their exchange or repatriation.

Mr. Shibbanlal Saxena said there was no fun in bringing into India from Pakistan Hindu and Sikh prisoners unless they were to be given an opportunity to turn a new leaf in their lives by setting them free. There was no point in merely bringing them over if they were to continue to undergo imprisonment and other punishments imposed by Pakistan. He pointed out that in Pakistan many prisoners had already been set at liberty. Prisoners from Eastern Pakistan should also be included under the purview of the Bill, for there might be many patriots rotting in East Bengal jails.

Mr. Saxena deplored Mr. Kamath's suggestion that India should ask Pakistan to transfer Khan Abdul Gaffer Khan and Dr. Khan Sahib. They themselves might not be willing to come over. They were patriots who were leading a movement even now which might change the course of Pakistan. It was not worthy of us to think that they would be willing to come over.

MINISTER'S REPLY

Replying to the debate, Mr. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar referred to Mr. Sidhwa's criticism regarding the method of ascertaining a prisoner's willingness to come over. Under the Agreement only those who were willing to be transferred would be transferred. Only two days ago, he had an enquiry from Pakistan in regard to certain prisoners in Sind who had said they did not want to leave Sind. The Government of India had instructed their High Commissioner in Karachi to verify that those prisoners were really unwilling to come.

As regards Mr. Saxena's suggestion that prisoners from East Bengal should also be included, the Minister stated that the Bill could be made applicable to any part of the country when the need arose and if these areas were also covered by mutual agreement.

When the prisoners came over, the sentences would have been executed here. But it was open to us, under the law, to review the cases of such prisoners. In regard to undertrials, if it was found that the case was not of sufficient importance, then these might be withdrawn. The East Punjab Act, which would be extended to Delhi and Ajmer-Merwara, would prove adequate for dealing with all

(Continued on Page 7)

## NOTICE TO READERS

**Today (Friday) being Parsi New Year day the office of the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" will remain closed. There will, therefore, be no issue of the paper tomorrow (Saturday).**

## SCHUMAN TO GO AHEAD

PARIS, Sept. 2 (Reuter): After long consultations with party leaders, M. Robert Schuman tonight announced he would form a new French Government without Socialist participation.

He made the forecas; after seeing the President M. Vincent Auriol who, it had been anticipated, might have intervened and sought a compromise between M. Schuman and the Socialists who previously had refused to join him because he would not agree to their wage increase programme.

STRIKE DELAYS TRAINS FROM SOUTH

All day negotiations had been going on to a background of labour unrest in which main trade unions demanded more pay. One result was that trains from the South of France were behind schedules in reaching Paris today owing to a strike of 1,000 railwaymen at Dijon.

During a 24-hour token strike in northern France 30,000 textile workers stopped work.

REYNAUD'S WARNING

The outgoing Finance Minister M. Paul Reynaud told the American club luncheon today that the new Government would be able to use the special powers he recently obtained from Parliament.

"The law on the regularity decrees has been passed and it has no limit of duration," he said. "It gives the power to govern to those who have the will to govern. It is still necessary to agree on how to use it."

Paul Reynaud the "U.P.A." adds, warned French workers pressuring for wage increases that "any new shower of paper money" would result in "tragic consequences."

## Menon's Delhi Trip Delayed

LONDON, Sept. 2 (UPA): Indian High Commissioner V. K. Krishna Menon today postponed his Friday's departure to New Delhi and he now intends leaving Tuesday.

It is understood that the reason for the delay is that Menon hopes to see Prime Minister Clement Attlee who returns from hospital this week-end.

The Commonwealth Relations Office said the tentative date for the Commonwealth Premiers' meeting was October 11.

**India House quarters said Premier Nehru was scheduled to arrive on October 8 or 9 when he will spend the week-end at Lord Mountbatten's Broadlands Estate near Romsey, Hampshire.**

## WANTED COMMUNIST LEADER ARRESTED

CALICUT, Sept. 2 (API): T Ramanunni, a Communist leader who was in hiding for a long time and was wanted by the police, was arrested last night by the Inspector of Police, Calicut at Valayanad.

## 11 ACCUSED TO HANG

JUNAGADH, Sept. 2 (UPI): Eleven Muslims were sentenced to death and four more were transported for life by the Special Judge of the Junagadh High Court, in the Kuticana policemen' murder case.

The accused, according to the prosecution case, brutally murdered five policemen at Kuticana at night while they were fast asleep, nearly a month after Junagadh was taken over by the Government of India.

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## PUBLIC NOTICES

### SALES TAX NOTICE

(GOODS DESPATCHED OR REMOVED OUTSIDE THE PROVINCE OF BOMBAY.)

IT IS NOTIFIED for the information of all dealers and other persons concerned that the following Indian States have merged with and become part of the Province of Bombay with effect from the dates specified below. The sales of any goods which have been removed to places in these areas on or after the specified dates will NOT be eligible for exemption from the sales tax under Section 6 (3) RI(iii) of the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946.

(I) WITH EFFECT FROM THE 19TH JANUARY, 1948.

(a) The Estates of Ged, Polajpur and Morwad which form part of the district of Ahmedabad.

(b) The Estates of Koprapur, Mahisa, Porda and Dana which form part of the district of Kaira.

(c) The area known as Dangs which forms a new Dangs district.

(II). WITH EFFECT FROM THE 10TH JUNE, 1948.

(a) The areas comprised of the Pandu Mewas Thana (consisting of Anghad, Pandu, Mevli, Dhari, Raika, Dodka, Gothda, Kanoda, Poicha, Itwad, Vakhtapur, Varnol Mal, Gotardi, Moka Paginu Mauda, Moti Varnoli, Rajpur, Jesar, Amrapur, Jamkha, Kasla Paginu Mauda, Nani Varnoli, Nahara) and the talukas of Umeta Chhaliar, Sihora which form part of the Kaira district.

(b) The areas comprised of the Sankheda Mewas (consisting of Vora, Alwa, Wasan, Wirpur, Wasan Sewada, Chorangala, Vanmala, Bhilodia, Sindhiapura, Jiral, Kamsoli, Rampura Pantalavdi, Nangam, Chudeswar, Bihora, Bengan, Nalia, Vadia Virampura, Dudhpur) and the semi jurisdictional States of Agar, Gadboriad, Mandwa, Naswadi, Palasni, Shanor, Uchad and Vajiria which form part of Panch Mahals district.

(c) The areas comprised of Palaj taluka and Katosan Thana (consisting of Maguna, Deloli, Rampura, Tejpura, Virsoda, Kasalpura, Ranipura, Memadpura, Ijpura (Jethajina), Ijpura (Barotria) which form part of the Viramgam taluka of the Ahmedabad district.

(d) Banas Kantha district (except Palanpur State, Radhanpur State, Wao and Tharad).

(e) Mahikantha district (except Idar State, Vijaynagar State, Ambaliara, Ilol, Malpur, Mohanpur, Ranasan, Sudasna and Valasna).

2. The Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946, has been also extended to the following Indian States which are integrated with the Province of Bombay and the Sales Tax will be payable by dealers of these States with effect from the 1ST OCTOBER 1948. The sales of any goods which have not been removed into these States by the 30th September 1948 will NOT be eligible for exemption under Section 6(3) Rule I(iii) of the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1946:—

I

THE DECCAN STATES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Akalkot | Miraj (Senior) |
| Aundh | Miraj (Junior) |
| Bhor | Mudhol |
| Jamkhandi | Phaltan |
| Jath | Ramdurg |
| Kurundwad (Senior) | Sangli |
| | Savanur |
| Kurundwad (Junior) | Sawantwadi |
| | Wadi Jagir |

II

JANJIRA

III

THE GUJARAT STATES.

| | |
|---|---|
| Dharampur | Tharad |
| Balasinor | Bhaderwa |
| Chota-Udepur | Mohanpur |
| Lunawada | Malpur |
| Rajpipla (including Segbara) | Mansa |
| | Wao |
| Baria | Khadal |
| Bansda | Ghodasar |
| Sant | Vasna |
| Cambay | Katosan |
| Idar | Sudasna |
| Jawhar | Valasna |
| Vijaynagar | Ranasan |
| Sachin | Varsoda |
| Radhanpur | Ambaliara |
| Palanpur | Punadra |
| Jambughoda | Illol |
| Surgana | Sanjeli |

V. L. GIDWANI,
Deputy Commissioner of Sales Tax,
Bombay Province.

Old Custom House,
Fort, Bombay.
31st August, 1948.
1299

### CENTRAL PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

SEALED TENDERS are invited from the Registered contractors of C.P.W.D. for the work of "Providing Electrical Installation and fans in the Hangars for providing Passenger facilities and office accommodation at Santacruz Airport, Bombay" at a cost of approximately Rs. 23,850/- only. The wiring is proposed to be carried out with C.T.S. wire on T.W. battens. The tender documents can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of Rs. 5-4-0 from 6th September 1948 between 11 A.M. and 4 P.M. on week days and 11 A.M. and 1 P.M. on Saturdays. The last date for the receipt of Tenders is 20-9-1948.

A. J. RAJU,
Electrical Engineer,
Bombay Aviation Electrical Division,
Central P.W.D., Bombay.
R.A.F. Barracks, Nehru Road,
Vile Parle P.O., Bombay 24.
1297

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

Advertisement No. 44

APPLICATIONS invited for the undermentioned posts from nationals of Indian Dominion by birth or by domicile. Persons of Indian descent or citizens of the Indian States which have not acceded to the Indian Dominion or citizens of the Pakistan Dominion or of any other territory adjacent to India are also eligible but a declaration of eligibility issued by the Government of the Dominion of India will be necessary in their case before appointment. Women eligible for all posts. Upper age limit relaxable by 3 years for Sheduled Caste candidates. Particulars and application form from Secretary, Federal Public Service Commission Council House, Post Box No. 186, New Delhi. When applying for forms candidates must specify the name of the post. Closing date for applications with treasury receipt or Crossed Indian Postal Order for Rs. 7 8|- (Rs. 1 14|- for Scheduled Caste candidates) 2nd October, 1948. Cheques or Money Orders not accepted. Separate application with separate fee required for each category of posts. Candidates from outside India are not required to pay any application fee and may apply on plain paper if prescribed application forms not available. No candidate will be considered for appointment unless he appears for a personal interview if called upon to do so.

1. ONE TEMPORARY TRANSLATOR-INTERPRETER IN PERSIAN IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS AND COMMONWEALTH RELATIONS. AGE: Preferably below 40 years PAY:- Rs. 250-10-300-15-450-25|2-500. QUALIFICATIONS:—Graduate or equivalent with thorough knowledge of modern Persian language, as spoken and written. Persons with previous experience of translating interpreting in Persian preferred.

2. ONE ASSISTANT RESEARCH OFFICER (HELMINTHIASIS SCHEME), SECTION OF PARASITOLOGY, INDIAN VETERINARY RESEARCH INSTITUTE, IZATNAGAR. Post temporary up to 31st March, 1949 but likely to be extended further. AGE:—Preferably between 25 and 35 years; relaxable for Government servants. PAY:- Rs. 275-25-500-E. B.-30-650-E.B. -30-800. Higher initial pay may be granted as a special case to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate. QUALIFICATIONS:- ESSENTIAL- (a) Degree in Zoology or Degree or Diploma in Veterinary Science. (b) Training in Research in Helminthology. (c) Experience in control of helminthic diseases under field conditions. DESIRABLE:- Knowledge of pathological, therapeutic and control aspects of helminthic diseases. Other things being equal preference given to refugees over non-government servants.

3. ONE TEMPORARY POST OF DEPUTY DEVELOPMENT OFFICER (CEMENT) IN THE DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF INDUSTRIES AND SUPPLIES. AGE:- Preferably between 35 and 45 years on 1st January, 1948, relaxable in special cases, particularly in respect of those already in Government service. PAY:- Rs. 600-40 -1000-1000- 1050--1050-1100 1100-1150. QUALIFICATIONS:- (a) Degree of a recognised Indian or Foreign University. (b) At least three years experience of the technical or the administrative side of the Cement Industry.

4. ONE ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER (ENGINEERING PRODUCTION) AT THE HARNESS AND SADDLERY FACTORY, KANPUR. Post temporary likely to become permanent. AGE:- Preferably below 30 years. PAY:- FOR DIRECT RECRUITS: Rs. 350- 350-380 -380-30- 590-E. B.-30-770-40-850. FOR PERSONS IN CONTINUOUS EMPLOY SINCE 28TH SEPTEMBER, 1931: Rs. 600-50-800 or the revised 1947 scales of pay at the candidate's discretion. QUALIFICATIONS:- ESSENTIAL: (a) Degree or diploma in Mechanical Engineering or equivalent qualification. (b) Practical experience or apprenticeship of at least three years in a Mechanical Engineering Works of repute. (c) Subsequent experience of not less than two years with a Mechanical Engineering firm of repute or in an Ordnance Factory at least one year of which should be in a managerial position. (d) Experience during apprenticeship and or subsequent training should cover at least two of the following trades:- (i) Light drop stamping and forging, (ii) Tool making, (iii) General Machine Shop practice and (iv) Light non-ferrous foundry work. (e) Good general knowledge of Production, Planning, Rate fixing, Estimating etc., and ability to organise these functions. (f) General knowledge of mass production methods. DESIRABLE: Good general knowledge of shop management.

5. ONE TEMPORARY ASSISTANT WORKS MANAGER, PRODUCTION (STEEL CASTINGS): INDIAN ORDNANCE FACTORY. AGE:- Preferably below 40 years. PAY: FOR DIRECT RECRUITS: RS. 850-40-1050-50-1150. FOR PERSONS IN CONTINUOUS. EMPLOY SINCE 28TH SEPTEMBER, 1931: Rs. 900-50-1150. (Higher initial pay may be granted, as a special case, to a specially well-qualified and experienced candidate). QUALIFICATIONS:- (i) Degree or Diploma in Mechanical Engineering or Metallurgy or its equivalent. (ii) Thorough practical training in a Mechanical Engineering Workshop or Foundry. (iii) At least five years' experience in moulding and casting of hollow steel thin wall castings (preferably medium to large size components) and the melting of steel in high frequency electrical furnaces.

6. TWO TEMPORARY ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGES. Posts reserved for Scheduled Castes candidates. If no such suitable candidates are available the posts may be treated as unreserved. For one post a candidate belonging to the Province of Bombay will be preferred while for the other a candidate belonging to the Province of Bihar will be preferred. AGE:- Preferably below 45 years but may be relaxed up to 48 years if necessary. PAY:- Rs. 600-25-800-40-1000. QUALIFICATIONS:- ESSENTIAL- (a) Degree of a recognised Indian University. (b) Administrative experience, preferably in a Government Department or a reputed Commercial or Industrial Organisation. DESIRABLE:- Experience of Employment Service work in India or abroad or knowledge of personnel and labour matters.

7. FOUR TEMPORARY POSTS OF DEPUTY DIRECTORS (3 FOR MINING, ENGINEERING AND INSPECTION BRANCH AND 1 FOR MINERAL TREATMENT BRANCH) AND 3 TEMPORARY POSTS OF ASSISTANT DIRECTORS INDIAN BUREAU OF MINES, MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER. In partial modification of items Nos. 9 and 10 of advertisement No. 36, it is notified for general information that candidates possessing the Diploma of the Indian School of Mines and Applied Geology, Dhanbad are also eligible for these posts The closing date for receipt of applications extended from 4th September, to 2nd October, 1948.
1296

### NOTICE

HOME GUARDS, GREATER BOMBAY.

THERE will be a SPECIAL PARADE of all Home Guards on Sunday, the 5th September, 1948, at the Home Guards H. Q., Dhobitalao, Bombay, at 7-30 a.m.

M. J. B. MANECKJI,
Commandant,
Home Guards, Greater Bombay.
Bombay 2-9-1948.
(1309)

### THE MYSORE SPG. & MFG. CO., LTD.

NOTICE OF SEVENTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a FINAL DIVIDEND of Rs. 4/- per share and a bonus of Rs. 4/- per share on the Ordinary Shares of Rs. 50/- each and a Final Dividend of Re. 1/2/- per share (less income-tax) on the 4 1/2 per cent Cumulative Preference Shares of Rs. 50/- each for the year ended 29th February, 1948, sanctioned by the Shareholders at the Fifty-fifth Ordinary General Meeting held on the 31st August, 1948, is made payable at THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD., BANGALORE CITY, on and after Monday, the 20th September, 1948, to those shareholders whose names stood on the Register of Members on the 10th August, 1948.

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.

Registered Office:—
Temple Bar Building,
70, Forbes Street,
Fort, Bombay.
31st August, 1948.
1294

### BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

SEALED TENDERS are invited by the Chief Engineer, Bombay Port Trust, Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay, for constructing a Station Building at Oil Depot, Sewri.

Conditions of Contract, Specifications, Drawings and Tender Form can be obtained from the Office of the Chief Engineer on payment of Rs. 10/-.

No tender will be considered which is not made on the prescribed form or which is not accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500/- by crossed cheque as earnest money which deposit will be returned to the unsuccessful tenderer.

Tenders will be received upto 1-0 p.m. (S.T.) on Thursday the 23rd September, 1948.

CHIEF ENGINEER.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
1300

### BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

APPLICATIONS are invited BEFORE 16-10-1948 from persons domiciled in Bombay Province and non-Muslim refugees from Pakistan for two posts of SUPERINTENDENT OF FISHERIES. PAY-SCALE.—Rs. 220-650 PLUS cost of living allowance QUALIFICATIONS.—M.Sc. degree in Zoology. For one post knowledge of Marathi and for the other of Gujarati, essential. AGE.—Not more than 35 years on 1-1-1949, relaxable in suitable cases. Application form supplied on receipt of addressed envelope with 3 1/2 annas stamps and CROSSED Postal Order for rupee one in favour of Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will supply details on request.
1301

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### THE MODERN MILLS LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Company will be convened at the Registered Office of the Company, Temple Bar Buiding, 70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th September, 1948, at 5 P.M. (S.T.) for the purpose of considering and if thought fit of passing the following Resolution as a Special Resolution.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION.

"Resolved that in accordance with the recommendations of the Committee of the Millowners' Association, Bombay, the Company do make a donation to the Fund known as the "Gandhi National Memorial Fund" of the sum of Rs. 71,790/- from the Profits of the Company or from the Company's Assets and that the Directors of the Company be and they are hereby authorised to do all such acts as may be necessary for making the donation."

By Order of the Board,
N. SIRUR & CO., LTD.,
Managing Agents,
V. N. CHANDAVARKAR,
Managing Director.
Bombay, 31st August, 1948.
1293

### THE PRIVATE GENERAL MEETING.

of

THE SHAREHOLDERS OF JUPITER AIRWAYS, LIMITED.

THE ABOVE MEETING will be held on SATURDAY, the 4th September, 1948, at 5-30 P.M. (S.T.) at "Cama Oriental Institute", (behind the Museum), First Floor, Apollo, Fort, to consider ways and means on account of Calls demanded and Notices of Forfeiture of Shares etc., given by the Company.

All the sharenolders concerned are requested to attend the meeting punctually to safeguard their interests.

THE PRIVATE MANAGING COMMITTEE of The Shareholders of Jupiter Airways Limited.

Bombay, 2nd September, 1948.
1298

### FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

Advertisement No. 45.

RECRUITMENT OF (A) ONE PRINCIPAL AND (B) ONE VICE-PRINCIPAL FOR THE CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION, DELHI. IN partial modification of items Nos. 4 and 5 of Advertisement No. 32 it is notified for general information that the qualifications for the posts have been amended as follows. ESSENTIAL:—FOR BOTH POSTS: (a) A good general education with a Master's or Three Years' Honours Degree of an Indian University or an Honours Degree, not lower than a Second Class, of a foreign University. In the case of Indian Degrees, the candidates must have a First Class in at least one of the Degree Examinations. (b) Diploma or Degree in Education or Research Degree in Education or Psychology of a recognised University. (c) Research work of good quality in a subject connected with Education. (d) FOR PRINCIPAL: At least two years' teaching experience and at least five years' administrative experience. FOR VICE-PRINCIPAL: At least two years' teaching experience and at least two years' administrative experience. DESIRABLE: — FOR BOTH POSTS: Knowledge of Hindustani. Last date for receipt of applications extended from 14th August to 25th September, 1948. Candidates who had applied in response to the earlier advertisement need not apply again.
1295

### BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

NOTICE.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Government of India has sanctioned the cancellation of Section III A (e) of the Docks Scale of Rates which reads as follows:—

"SECTION III A (e)—

On goods landed at the Docks and loaded into Railway wagons demurrage fees incurred may be waived, provided that the importer has submitted requisitions for wagons before expiry of the "free days" on completed Customs documents and that a certificate from the Railway Manager is produced stating that the delay in loading was due to non-supply of railway wagons.

NOTE—The Docks Manager has discretionary power to carry forward to the next working day any Railway wagons supplied so late in the afternoon of the last free day as to render loading on that day to be impracticable in his opinion."

Therefore with effect from 2-9-48 (the date of publication in the Bombay Government Gazette) the concession under this Section will no longer apply.

F. SEYMOUR-WILLIAMS,
Docks Manager.
1307

### THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.

(In Voluntary Liquidation)

LOST TEMPORARY RECEIPT

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Temporary Receipt No. 61743 in respect of 20 Ordinary Shares Nos. 90578 to 90597 of the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd. standing in the name of Mr. Vidya Sagar Gupta has been lost, mislaid or destroyed.

Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified to the Company at their registered office, Electric House, Post Box No. 192, Bombay No. 1 within 15 days from the date hereof, otherwise a duplicate Temporary Receipt will be issued irrespective of any claim in respect thereof.

VIDYA SAGAR GUPTA
Dated 1st September, 1948.
9463

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the Controller of Stores' Office/East Indian Railway, 17 Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta upto noon on 29-9-48.

Tender number SP/C/152/GB10/441 for supply of 105 cwts Cotton Raw, cleaned and jinned .

Tender forms with full particulars may be obtained from the Office of the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 17, Netaji Subhas Road, Calcutta on payment of Rs. 2/- per copy to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, Calcutta and on production of his receipt when applying for the same. Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the amount to the Controller of Stores direct by money order.

No refund is permissible.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the Controller of Stores' Office and then put into the Tender Box outside the Controller of Stores' room by the Tenderer or his representatives. Tenderers representative may be present themselves at the time of opening of the tender in the room of Deputy Controller of Stores.

CONTROLLER OF STORES.
1302

### NOTICE

THE CITY FEVER HOSPITALS at Arthur Road, Bombay are provided with accommodation intended to meet the needs of this City only. It will not be possible to accommodate cases of Infectious Diseases of any kind occurring outside the city for want of sufficient accommodation at present, and it is regretted that they may have to be refused admission even on their arrival at the Arthur Road Hospital. The Suburban Health Authorities and Medical Practitioners are, therefore, advised not to direct cases of any kind of infectious diseases to the City Fever Hospitals except a few cases of compulsorily removable diseases like Cholera etc. for which inquiry with the Hospital authorities regarding available accommodation may please be made beforehand.

B. K. PATEL.
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.
1308

### NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Third Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders of The New India Building and Land Improvement Society Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 7, Council House Street, Calcutta, on Monday the 20th. September, 1948, at 2-30 p.m., to receive the Directors' Report, pass the Audited Accounts for the period ending 31st. May, 1947, elect Directors and Auditors and to transact any other business that may be brought forward.

The SHARE TRANSFER REGISTER of the Company will be closed from the 13th. September, 1948 to the 20th. September, 1948, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
For and behalf of
**The New India Building & Land Improvement Society Limited.**
K. M. SALEH
Managing Director.
Calcutta, 28th. August, 1948.
1310

## LEGAL NOTICES

### CORRECTION

Suit No. 2217 of 1948 (O.S.)

IN THE PUBLIC NOTICE, under the signature of M|s. Motichand and Devidas, published in the "Bombay Chronicle" of 1st September, 1948, the following corrections should be noted:

(a) The name of the 2nd plaintiff should be read as "MUGATLAL T. SHAH" instead of "Muatlal T. Shah".

(b) The father's name of the 8th Defendant should be read as "GANGAJAR" instead of "Gangadhar".

..
1266

### IN THE CHIEF COURT OF SIND

ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 275 of 1947

M|s BASANTLAL BANARSILAL .....Plaintiff.

VERSUS.

M|s MAHAVIR & CO., carrying on their business at Bombay and their partners .... Defendant

To,

(1) Defendant No. 2, Mahavir Parshad Shah, c|o Baldevdas Mahavir Parshad, 265, Kalbadevi Road Bombay.

(2.) Defendant No. 4, Lakhi Parshad c|o Baldevdas Mahavir Parshad, 265, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay.

TAKE NOTICE that the Award of the Arbitrator appointed in the above matter was filed in this court on the 6th of May 1947 and that this court will proceed to, pass judgment according to the Award unless an application is duly made under section 15, 16 or 30 as the case may be, of the Arbitration Act of 1940.

Given under my hand and the seal of the court, this 18th day of August 1948.

By Order.
SERISHTEDAR.
(Seal)
1305

## PUBLIC NOTICES

### SECRETARY, EAST PUNJAB PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSON, SIMLA

Advertisement No. 30

INVITES APPLICATIONS on prescribed form (obtainable free) accompanied by treasury receipt or crossed postal order for Rs. 5|-, not later than 5th October, 1948 for permanent post of CUTTER AND FITTER in the Government School of Modern Tailoring Amritsar from Nationals of Indian Dominion. War service and refugee candidates preferred. Candidates should preferably possess a degree or diploma in Tailoring and Cutting from some foreign university or institute of repute such as London School of Tailoring, or failing this have good training and experience in reputable tailoring and cutting establishments with good general education. They should have at least five years practical experience in the trade. Candidates with administrative ability preferred. Age not less than 21 and not more than 25 years on 1st Oct. 1948, relaxable upto 45 years in case of Government servants, and upto 35 years in special circumstances. Pay Rs. 200-10-280|-, higher initial pay according to qualifications and experience. Women eligible. Further particulars on application.

### NOTICE

ALL PATHANS are now "FOREIGNERS" within the meaning of the Registration of Foreigners Act, 1939, and are, therefore, required to register under the Registration of Foreigners Rules, 1939.

With effect from the 1st September 1948 all Pathans residing in the Greater Bombay limits will report themselves to the Inspector of Police, Pathan Branch, C. I. D., Head Police Office, Bombay, for the purposes of registration. Failure to do so within a month will render them liable to legal action.

(Sd.) V. D. MORAY.
Dy. Commissioner of Police,
Special Branch II, C. I. D., and
Provincial Registration Officer,
Bombay.

## AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Goods at Lost Property Office, V. T. including articles said to be of gold and Silver, new and Old Clothes, Blankets, Durries, Pillows, Books, Brass, Copper and Aluminium Vessels, Shoes, Caps, trunks, Medicines, cycles, watches, biddis, cigarettes etc., on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 20th, 21st, 22nd and 23rd inst., at 11 a.m. (S.T.) each day respectively, under instructions from the G.I.P. Rly., and in accordance with Sections 55 & 56 of Indian Railways Act of 1890.

Terms: Full Cash and immediate delivery. Licence required for controlled articles. Lots fetching not reasonable price will be withdrawn and lots once sold will not be taken back.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Booked and Unbooked Packages, Valuables, Brass Iron and Wooden Articles, Trunk, Clothes, Bangles, Toys, Books and Newspapers, etc, etc.

Under instructions from the B. B. & C. I. Railway, and in accordance with the provisions of sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890 Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public Auction on MONDAY the 20th September 1948, at 1-30 P.M. (S.T.) the above articles at the Parcel Depot, near Grant Road Railway Station.

MENESSE & CO.

BONAFIDE SALE.
AUCTION SALE ON (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. Property of J. Marshall Esqr. and others at Chowpatty Seaface near Vianellis Restaurant of complete household and office furniture, 60x30" ins doudoor Eng. milness safe, steel almirah, typewriter, singer machine, Philips A.C. Radio, Eng. ice box, Elec fan, zoola sofa cabinet, dining, writing and dressing table, show case, chesterfield, almirah bed, gramophone, etc. (S. Tax) T.40213. EASTERN AUCTION CO.


# COOKS

**Official Agents for ALL Railways in India, Pakistan, Burma & Ceylon. Purchase your Rail Tickets and make your Reservations at COOKS, who will arrange your Hotel, Insurance, and Currency requirements at the same time.**

**THOS. COOK & SON**

**CONTINENTAL & OVERSEAS LTD.**

*(Incorporated in England)*

Offices at

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, COLOMBO, KARACHI, LAHORE, MADRAS, NEW DELHI, RANGOON, SIMLA, SINGAPORE and throughout the world.

***Always Carry COOKS Travellers Cheques.***


Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

MATINEE TO-DAY at 12-15 p.m.

ASHOK KUMAR
MUMTAZ SHANTI
MUMTAZ ALI

in

PADMINI

Direction: WALI SAHEB
Music: GULAM HAIDER

Daily 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

5th WEEK
MAJESTIC

Great Honour to Gujarati!
MINERVA'S Gujarati Epic

PRITHVI VALLABH

BOHRAB MODI adds force to the fascinating Gujarati language by his fine diction.

Grand Opening Today at 12-30

TODAY 4 SHOWS
12-30, 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30

CENTRAL

(By Booking: 10 to 12 and 4 to 6
W. I. THEATRES LTD., Release.

From TODAY

CITY-LIGHT

....MATAUNGA (B.B.)....

Daily 1-15, 4, 6-45, & 9-30 P.M.

PRABHAKAR Picture

VALMIKI

PRITHVIRAJ, SHANTA APTE.

Story of the saint, who wrote "RAMAYAN"

"The Northern Lights of Bombay"

AURORA

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Like an Avenging Fury ... He strikes! The most reckless lover...The Boldest Adventurer ever to bear the Monte Cristo Name!
ALEXANDRE DUMAS'
UNFORGETTABLE MASTERPIECE!

"THE COUNT OF MONTE CRISTO"

Starring:
ROBERT DONAT, ELISSA LANDI, RAYMOND WALBURN.

Complimentaries Strictly Suspended!

SUNDAY MORNING AT 10-30 A.M.
Jennifer Jones—Joseph Cotton

"LOVE LETTERS"

PALACE

Daily at 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

Take a New Year Cruise to Rio.....
With the screen's top laughter trio!

Something great for 48.... their new and nuttiest "Road" show!

BOB HOPE, BING CROSBY, DOROTHY LAMOUR
in their funniest hit

"ROAD TO RIO"

with the ANDREWS SISTERS

SUNDAY MORN. at 10-30 a.m.
JOHNNY WEISMULLER
in His Greatest Fighting Role in

"SWAMP FIRE"

INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE

METRO

(Every Seat a Cool Retreat)
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.

MGM's TECHNICOLOR GAY MUSICAL
"Three Daring Daughters"
JEANETTE MacDONALD
JOSE ITURBI
JANE POWELL
EDWARD ARNOLD
HARRY DAVENPORT
plus
Directed by FRED M. WILCOX
Produced by JOE PASTERNAK

This morning at 10
"THE GREEN YEARS"
At Reduced Rates.

Sunday Morning at 10
"THREE DARING DAUGHTERS"
At Regular Matinee Prices

REGAL Air-Cooled & Comfortable
Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 P.M.

WARNER BROS' ROMANCE ON THE HIGH SEAS
JACK CARSON and DORIS DAY
PHYLLIS KIRK and PAIGE
DON DEFORE and JANE FRAZEE
in Technicolor
MICHAEL CURTIZ - MICHAEL CURTIZ

Sunday morning at 10 A.M.
at Booking Rates
"ROMANCE ON THE HIGH SEAS"

SEE PRITHVIRAJ in
Your FAVOURITE Stage Plays

PATHAN

..TODAY (Fri. 3rd) 9-30 a.m.

DEEWAR

SAT. 4th & TUES. 7th 9-30 a.m.

GHADDAAR

SUN. 5th, MON. 6th, WED. 8th
9-30 a.m.

PLANS OPEN. BOOK NOW.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

MINERVA 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Mat. on Sept. 5, 6, 7 and 8th
Plans open daily 10 to 12

EXCELSIOR 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 PLANS OPEN

THE WONDER PICTURE
FOR ALL! 5TH WEEK

SABU in BAGDAD KA CHOR
FIRST TECHNICOLOR in HINDUSTANI

A W. I. Th. Ltd. Release.

5th COMBINED WEEK

JIVAN KALA CHITRA'S
LIBERTY ART Release

BLESSED!

Are our LEADERS who achieved for new life of peace, happiness and freedom

HUA SAVERA

Starring: NAYANTARA, SAPRU, HIRA, SAVANT, PREMKANT

DRAWING MULTITUDE OF CROWDS AT

NATIONAL

—FOR ALL—

Daily: 1-30, 4, 7, 10

SEE IT TODAY!

# WEATHER

## WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, September 2. (API): Following is the daily weather summary for Thursday, September 2, 1948.

The low over the south-west United Provinces has probably weakened. Yesterday's unsettled conditions in the north Bay of Bengal have concentrated into a shallow depression which lies this morning over Eastern Pakistan and the adjoining parts of Gangetic West Bengal. It is likely to move west-north-west or north-west.

Fairly widespread rain has occurred in Eastern Pakistan, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, West Central India, the South Konkan and North Malabar.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF THIRD: Widespread rain will occur in Eastern Pakistan, Gangetic West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, North Orissa, the West United Provinces the North-East Central Provinces, the South Konkan and North Malabar and local rain in sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Bihar, the East United Provinces, Central India and Mysore. Scattered showers are also likely in Assam, East Rajputana, East Gujarat and elsewhere in the Peninsula.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING: Locally heavy rain is likely in Eastern Pakistan, Gangetic West Bengal and North Orissa coast during the next forty-eight hours.

## WEATHER CHART

POONA, Sept. 2 (API): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (IST) on 2nd September 1948:—

| | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| AHMEDABAD | 93 | 78 | 0 | 7.9 minus 16.2 |
| BARODA | 91 | 79 | 0 | 10.6 |
| BELGAUM | 75 | 7 | 0.3 | 31.8 plus 3.4 |
| BOMBAY | 87 | 77 | 0.2 | 53.4 minus 4.2 |
| CALCUTTA | 87 | 81 | 0.1 | 37.4 minus 0.8 |
| DELHI | 92 | 80 | 0 | 21.0 plus 3.3 |
| KARACHI | 85 | 79 | 0 | 3.8 minus 1.7 |
| HYDERABAD (Dn) | 89 | 73 | 0 | 6.6 plus 0.5 |
| HYDERABAD (Sd) | 96 | 78 | 0 | 4.4 minus 1.1 |
| MADRAS | 98 | 81 | 0 | 7.5 minus 2.8 |
| NAGPUR | 87 | 74 | 0 | 28.3 minus 7.3 |
| PATNA | 93 | 81 | 0 | 26.0 minus 6.5 |
| POONA | 83 | 70 | T | 14.1 minus 0.7 |
| RAJKOT | 91 | nil | 0 | 5.8 minus 14.3 |
| SURAT | 88 | 79 | 0 | 10.9 minus 22.9 |

## Weather Bulletin For Farmers

FORECAST VALID TILL THE MORNING OF 4-9-1948

Light to moderate showers will be fairly widespread in the Konkanpatt: local in Mawal, Desh, Khandesh and the Bombay Karnatak and scattered in Hyderabad.

OUTLOOK FOR NEXT TWO DAYS
No appreciable change is expected.

BOMBAY, Sept. 2 (UPI.) India imported from Australia 196,786 lbs. of wool so is in 1947-48 according to trade statistics available here. This was 4.73 per cent of Australia's total export of wool noils.

During the same year, India received from Australia 624,800 lbs of greasy wool.

## Dey And Vakil To Attend Economists Conference

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Dr. H. L. Dey, member of the Indian Tariff Board, left today for New Delhi to attend the conference of Economists called for a second time by the Government of India. The conference, it is said, will begin its deliberations on Saturday afternoon.

Prof. C. N. Vakil, Director of the University School of Economics and Sociology, will be leaving for New Delhi tomorrow morning by plane to attend the conference.

A Fighter From The Cradle Becomes A National Hero

in FILMISTAN'S

INSPIRING Screenplay

SHAHEED

Starring:
KAMNIKAUSHAL, DILIP KUMAR.

Daily 3, 6-15, 9-30
Matinee Today 12 noon

ROXY

ZENANA SHOW TOMORROW
12.45 P. M.

TOOTE—TARE

SHAMIM, MRIDULLA
Also 2 reel Comedy
"MUNSHIJI"
AGHA CUCKOO

OPERA HOUSE

3.30, 6.30, 9.30
Running at ALLWYN TALKIES, Kalyan,
& Tomorrow KRISHNA TALKIES, Poona

# CITY & SUBURBS

## To-day

Hindu: Shravan Vad 30, 2004
Muslim: Savval 28, 1367.
Parsi: Farvardin 1, 1318
Sunrise 6-24 a.m. Sunset 18-52 p.m.
Hightide 11-57, Lowtide 05-22 18-02

## Saturday Sept. 4

Hindu: Bhadrapad Shud 1, 2004
Muslim: Savaal 29, 1367.
Parsi: Farvardin 2, 1318
Sunrise 6-24 a.m. Sunset 18-51 p.m.
Hightide 00-05, 12-35 Lowtide 06-06, 18-40.

## Today's Engagements

PRAVRITTI SANGH PUBLIC LECTURE SERIES: "The peculiarities in Indian Arts" by Dr. D. G. Vyas, in Forbes Hall, near Congress House at 6-30 p.m. today (Friday) Prof. R. V. Pathak will preside.

SHRI KRISHNA SABHA: Lecture by Sri K. S. Krishnamacharya at 8 p.m. and Harikatha Kalakshepam by Kirtana Kantheerava R. R. Patrachariar at 9 p.m. at Kanti Mahal, Vincent Road, Matunga (GIP).

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: Jehangir Wadia Buldg. Flora Fountain: Public study class on the subject of 'Cycles' 6-15 p.m. today.

HINDUSTAN SCOUT ASSOCIATION: There will be a meeting of Scounters, Sind branch today (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. in the premises of English High School, Dadar, GIP Railway, when Sardar Lakshman Singh, M.A., will address the Scouters on the amalgamation of two associations into one.

EDUCATIONAL FILMS OF INDIA: Free demonstration of educational films on "Food and Health" at 91, Walkeshwar Road, on Saturday 4th inst. at 4 p.m.

ACCOUNTANTS ASSOCIATION OF INDIA: Extraordinary general meeting at the South Indian Education Society School Hall, Brahmanwada, Matunga, (GIP), Bombay 19, on Saturday, the 4th inst. at 5 p.m. (S.T.) to consider the Report of the New Delhi Delegation to the Commerce Minister.

THE BOMBAY YOUTHS PARLIAMENT: First session in St. Andrews Church Hall, Opp. Wellingdon Garden, Souter Street, at 8 p.m. (S.T.) today. The Hon. Mr. A. Qaiyum Ansari, Minister of Cottage Industries and PWD Government of Bihar, and President of the All-India Momin Conference has consented to inaugurate the Parliament.

PRAVRITTI SANGH PUBLIC LECTURE: "The Art of Indian Painting" by Sjt. J. Ahivasiji in Forbes Hall near Congress House at 6-15 p.m. tomorrow (Saturday) Dr. Motichand will preside.

RAHNUMAI SABHA: Dasturji Framroz A. Bode will deliver a public lecture tomorrow (Saturday) at Sir C. J. Hall at 6 p.m. on "A workable Plan for an all round amelioration of the Parsi community".

DEVELOPMENT CIRCLE: Mr. V. D. Rishi, President of Indian Spiritualists' Society, on the "International Spiritualism" in the Blavastsky Lodge, tomorrow (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.)

ST. PAUL'S HINDUSTANI CHURCH BELLASIS ROAD: Hindustani Class (Urdu Script) commences Saturday, 4th inst. 8-30 p.m. under the auspices of Anjuman-e-Taraqqi-e-Urdu and with the co-operation of the Indian Christian Brotherhood. Class is open to general public. For admission contact J. S. Williams, In-charge.

RAMKRISHNA MISSION KHAR: Lecture on Vedanta, Swami Sambuddhananda of Ramkrishna Mission will deliver a lecture on Yoga of Patanjali in English at Batliboi's Accountancy Training Institute on Saturday at 2-40 p.m.

THE "SAMA VEDA SRAVANA UPAKARMAM" will be conducted by Brahmasri M. S. Vaidhyanath Srouthigal on Sunday, 5th Sept. 1948, at the South Indian Bhajana Samaj premises Telang Road, Matunga, between the hours 7 a.m. and 12 noon.

COSMOPOLITAN CIRCLE: Social and Musical Evening on Sunday, the 5th September 1948 at 4 p.m. at Khusro Lodge, Parreria Hill, Kurla Road, Andheri.

IMPERIAL BANK STAFF ASSOCIATION: All the branches of the Imperial Bank of India, Bombay Circle, have decided to form a separate Association. The new constitution will be adopted by them in the Conference of the delegates which will be held on the 6th September, 1948, in Poona. The Association shall thereafter join the All-India Imperial Bank of India Staff Federation.

## ILLICIT LIQUOR SEIZED

Divisional Officer, Prohibition Guards, Juhu and Parel, writes:-

"Successful detecting of illicit liquor from Borivili to Bombay by Prohibition Guards with city, Suburbs and Malad Police Station.-

Three days back only Mr. Astik, Officer Commanding Prohibition Guards, with the help of S.I.P. Sonavne, attached to Malad Police Station, made raids at Borivli and got possession of illicit liquor from one Vishweshwar Tuvari. Inspite of watch over him, he was, it is alleged, continuing despatching illicit liquor daily by his touts to Dadar and Parel.

The Prohibition Commanding Mr. Astik, along with Divisional Officer Mr. Revdankar and Subdivisional Officer Mr. V. G Savant, asked the help of Bombay City Police Station Sub-Inspector Mr. Sulariwalli of Northern Division Prohibition Section with Mr. Sonavne, S.I.P. Malad, kept watch and arrested (1) Raghavji Shamji, (2) Fidahusain, (3) Ramnarayan Bhayya on the charge of having carried about 10 (ten) gallons of illicit liquor in motor-tubes, being rapped in gunnybags.

After getting sure information we searched Borivli's Jungle five miles away from Borivli Station and found 150 gallons (one hundred and fifty) wash and other materials were desiroyed.

# STRICTURES ON NEW TRAMS

## Court Blames B. E. S. T. Committee

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Arrangements made by the B.E.S.T. Committee in introducing the new 100-person all-standing tram car was strongly criticised by Rao Saheb B. C. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, in the course of a judgment.

The matter arose out of a case in which one Hira Bechar stood charged with picking the pocket of a passenger while travelling in an all-standing tram between Museum and Sasoon Dock and relieving him of a sum of Rs. 107. When the complaint found his money missing from his pocket he raised an alarm, and as a result, it seems several passengers were searched before the accused was arrested.

Acquitting the accused, the Magistrate said that the step taken by the B.E.S.T. Committee in introducing the new tram-car was derogatory to the safety and convenience of the passengers. Unless some steps were taken to stop the inconvenience caused to the passengers, cases like the present one were bound to occur again and again, resulting in several innocent persons being arrested and several others being unnecessarily searched. All this trouble had arisen because of the new arrangement made by the B.E.S.T. Committee in introducing all-standing tram-cars. Such a state of affairs needed to be remedied.

## Radio

BOMBAY: 244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. B M. Devlankar Shahnai 7-40 News in Marathi 7-50 News in Gujerati 8 News in English 8-15 News in Hindustani 8-30 Vinata Amladi. 8-45 B M. Devlankar Shahnai 9 Vinata Amladi 9-15 Firoz Dastur 10 Close down 11 Talkie Tunes 11-30 'Govindji Mara Head Clerk' A drama in Gujerat, written and produced by Adi Marzban. 12 p.m. Mahila Mandal Programme of special interest to women in Gujarati. 12-45 News in Marathi 12-50 News in Gujarati 12-55 Manik Varma 1-25 News in Hindustani 1-30 News in English 1-40 Lunch Hour. 4-20 Petit Parsi Girls' orphanage party (Gujarati Garbigeeto) 4-35 Firoz Dastur 5 Petit Parsi girls' orphanage party 5-15 Jantar Mantar 5-45 News in Kannada 6 News in English 6-10 News in Hindustani 6-15 Kaushalya Manjeshwar 6-45 'Nadiya Dhire Baho'. By AIR Artist 7 Jhaptal (Tabla Vadan by Vinayak Sakhalkar) 7-10 Local announcements and weather report 7-15 Manik Varma (Bhavgeet) 7-30 Jalamarg Ani Vahatuk: Mahasagaravaril Neana (Talk in Marathi by Mr. L. V. Gogate) 7-45 J. L. Ranade 8-15 News in Gujarati 8-30 Kaushalya Manjeshwar 8-45 The Royal Indian Air Force (Talk in English by Air Commodore A. M. Engineer). 9 Raag of the season 9-15 News in Hindustani 9-30 V. K. Pradhan Pilu ang ki Thumri 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Manik Varma 10-15 Aprasidha Raag (Sung by Ramanlal Mehta).

### VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. to 7-40 a.m. As in Bombay 1
7-40 Nat Aui Quawwali.

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
5-45 p.m. Vinayak Sakhalkar 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
8 p.m. Krishnarao Chonkar (Vocal Music) 9 Krishnarao Chonkar (Vocal Music) 10 Arthur Jacobs (Piano) 10-15 Music of Latin America 10-30 Hecke Kingdom and his Swing Trio.

## Saturday, Sept. 4

BOMBAY: 244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. Kannada Bhajan 7-40 News in Marathi 7-50 News in Gujarathi 8 News in English 8-15 News in Hindustani 8-30 Anant Manohar Joshi

12 p.m. Nabhovanichya Parisarat 12-45 News in Marathi 12-50 News in Gujarathi 12-55 God Gani 1-25 News in Hindustani 1-30 News in English 1-40 You Asked for it.

4-20 p.m. Shankar Rao Vyas 5 Gajanan Karnad 5-15 Bahuroopi 5-45 News in Kannada 6 News in English 6-10 News in Hindustani 6-15 Lalita Parulekar 6-45 Gajanan Karnad 7 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local announcements and weather report 7-15 Mehendi Raza 7-30 Kritanek Namaskar 7-40 Sarangi Par Puria By R. S. Bijoor 7-45 Ramjoshi 8 News in Marathi 8-15 News in Gujarati 8-30 Ek Dayaro (a musical feature in Gujarati) 9 News in English 9-15 News in Hindustani 9-30 BBC news relay 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Film Review in English by M. D. Japheth 10 Sambhramache Vadal 10-30 Anant Manohar Joshi.

### VARIATIONS

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
7-40 a.m. Gujarati Bhajan.
5-45 p.m. Neeldhara Desai 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners. 7-45 Commercial News 8 Neeladhara Desai 8-15 Mehendi Raza 9 Lalita Parulekar 9-30 Satar Par Vakhtaka Raag.

## Provincial Laws For Integrated States

BOMBAY, Thursday: Provincial laws will be applied to integrated states if the Bill which the Bombay Government propose to introduce in the Bombay Legislative Assembly in the coming session is passed. The Bill has been proposed so as to enable the administration of the merged states to line up with that of the existing districts.

Though the States have been integrated in the province, they continue to remain separate units different from adjoining districts, despite the application of provincial laws to them. Technical difficulties in administration have therefore arisen, and the Bill is intended to remove these difficulties.

Greetings
to our patrons this festive season.
May peace, prosperity and happiness be our country's heritage in the wake of her Independence.
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OF OUTSTANDING QUALITY
Krementz collar pins, like Krementz studs, do not tarnish even in the most humid climate. Their surface of 14 kt. gold remains bright indefinitely. Well designed and finely made in 14 kt. rolled gold plate.
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ASK US!
SAY THESE FOUR to your Most Vociferous DELIGHT
in

GREAT INDIA PICTURES' PARAI-AAG

MUNAWAR SULTANA, ULHAS, MADHUBALA, A. SHAH (SHIKARPURI), SHERI, Jilloobai, W. M. KHAN
Director: NAJAM NAQVI.
A PEARL Release.

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Daily 4, 7 and 10

Ad. Booking: 10 to 11-30 and 4-30 to 6.

MATINEES FROM SUNDAY TO WEDNESDAY AT 1 P.M.
GREAT CHEERS FOR BRILLIANT FERFORMANCES BY ASHOK KUMAR & KANANBALA

CHANDRA-SEKHAR

Now in THIRD BIG WEEK

CAPITOL
Daily 4, 6-45, & 9-30
Booking 9-30 to 12-30 & 2-30 to 5-30

TAJ
Daily 4, 7 & 10

BROADWAY
Daily 4, 6-45 & 9-30
Mat. Today at 1 p.m.
Booking 4 to 6

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SURENDRA, ZEB QURESHI,
CUCKOO, & PREM ADIB.
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'ANOKHI ADA'

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Story:—ZIA SARHADI
Screen play & Dialogues: AGHA JANI KASHMIREE
Music:— NAUSHAD.
Photography: FAREDOON IRANI
Sound: KAUSHIK
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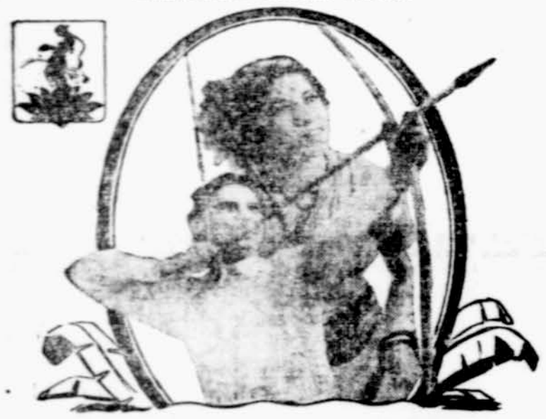

BANWASI

Daily 4, 6-45, 9-30 Today, Sun., Mon., Tues., Wed. 1-15 P.M.

3RD WEEK AT NEW WEST END



The PICTURE that shows LIFE in the RAW IN ALL ITS ELEMENTAL INTENSITY

R. K. Films presents

NARGIS · KAMINI KAUSHAL · NIGAR
WISHWA MEHRA · PREM NATH · KAMAL KAPOOR
&
RAJ KAPOOR
in

AAG

Produced & Directed Raj Kapoor

FROM FRIDAY NEXT 10TH SEPTEMBER.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

ADVANCE BOOKING FROM MONDAY 6TH
Daily 9-30 to 12-30 & 3 to 6 p.m. A JAISINH RELEASE
Coming at LIGHT HOUSE, AHMEDABAD after current picture.


# FILM FARE OF THE WEEK

NANCY GUILD is Dan Dailey's love interest in "Give My Regards To Broadway," Twentieth Century-Fox's Technicolor story of a family of vaudeville troupers who wouldn't die with vaudeville—the current attraction at the Strand.

## A TECHNICOLOR EXTRAVAGANZA

### "Romance On The High Seas" At Regal

Seldom does a film musical come along which gives all of its stars a chance to shine so much as the technicolor extravaganza, "Romance On The High Seas", a Michael Curtiz production, which is the Parsi New Year attraction from Thursday at the Regal Theatre.

Jack Carson crowns and goes calypso, Janis Paige adds on the comedy and beauty end; Don DeFore, Folls between the two, and a talented newcomer, Doris Day, hops from brassy comedy to slick singing. Not stopping there, Oscar Levant wisecracks and plays his piano brilliantly. S. Z. Sakall worries and frets; Fortunio Bonanova storms and gestulates; Avon Long struts to "Tourist Trade," with the color by Technicolor dominating the entire merry jaunt.

A pleasure cruise to South America provides the setting for this gay entertainment. Stopovers at Havana, Rio and Trinidad introduce riotous color scenes, and breath-taking choreographic patterns by the dancers. Comedy is in the front throughout, with a barfly, played briefly by Johnny Berkes, a sharp standout in one of the greatest comedy routines seen in some time.

SOHRAB MODI, star actor of the screen, makes his bow again to moviefans in his Gujerati version of "Prithvi Vallabh" at the Central this week.

## GARRISON TALKIES

On Friday (Sept. 3): "Dear Ruth" featuring Joan Caulfield and Wm. Holden.

On Wednesday (Sept. 8): "The Peril of Pauline", featuring Betty Hutton and John Lund.

## BANDRA

From Friday to Monday:—"Fiesta" in technicolor, featuring Esther Williars and John Carroll; from Tuesday to Friday:- "The Yearling," featuring Gregory Peck and Jane Wyman.

## PARADISE

From Friday to Monday:- "Her Jungle Love" (in technicolor) featuring Ray Milland and Dorothy Lamour; from Tuesday to Thursday "Jesse James", featuring Tyrone Power and Nancy Kelley.

## GLITTERING ROMANCE

### 2nd Week Of "Forever Amber" At New Empire

Glittering in technicolor brilliance, and unfolding one of the most provocative love stories the screen has ever known, "Forever Amber" came to the New Empire Theatre last week. In this picture Darryl F. Zanuck and Twentieth Century-Fox have done a wonderful job in transferring Kathleen Winsor's sensational best-seller to the screen.

Here, in all its full-bodied richness, is the warm and delightfully human story of a country girl who schemed all her life to get the money and title she thought would win the one man she really loved. And for its setting, Producer William Perlberg has captured all of the lavish splendour and the modes and the manners of King Charles II's court.

Linda Darnell's characterization of Amber is splendid. She is Amber-in every mood and movement. Cornel Wilde, as Bruce Carlton, is the No. 1 man in Amber's life, and he gives a performance filled with fire and passion. He is the perfect devil-may-care cavalier in a portrayal that is a joy to behold.

Director Otto Preminger and Producer Perlberg have done a superb job of encompassing the great scope of the novel into the limits of screen presentation.

The picture will long be remembered for its high romantic interest, the dramatic power of its story, the sheer beauty and lavishness of its production, and the richness of its unforgetable portrait of the fabulous world that was "Merrie England".

## SUNDAY MORNING SHOWS

REGAL—"Romance on the High Seas", (a Michael Curtiz production). 10 A.M.

METRO—"Three Daring Daughters" starring Jeanette MacDonald, 10 A.M

PARADISE—"Road to Utopia" starring Bing Crosby, Bob Hope and Dorothy Lamour, 10-30 A.M.

BANDRA—10 Reels of Columbia shorts 10-30 A.M.

## "CHANDRASEKHAR"

### Devaki Bose Picture At Three City Theatres

In "Chandrasekhar", which is now running at three theatres in the city, Capitol, Broadway and Taj, both Ashok Kumar and Kananbala have roles that fit them pre-eminently. This screen-version of the famous novel of Bankimchandra deals with the critical times Bengal Province had to face after the battle of Plassy. The Nawab was trying to stem the flood. In this endeavour of his he gets valuable help from his trusted Lieutenant, Pratap—played with great sincerity by Ashok Kumar. Pratap loves Shaivalini, but social conventions came in the way of the fruition of their love. Shaivalini, however, stood by the country and helped Pratap in his attempts.

Thus the story moves round these two lovers, affording both players full scope for their histrionic abilities. The story has situations that touch all emotions and sentiments that flash. Kamal Dasgupta of "Jawab" fame has given tunes, which is an additional attraction.

Every situation in the moving story is deftly handled by director Debaki Bose in its true perspective with the result that its emotional content is fully exploited.

## RANJIT'S "JAIHANUMAN"

### Next Change At Majestic

Hanumanfi the Monkey-hero, occupies an important place in Hindu mythology. Ranjit have made an excellent effort to translate to the screen the life of this personality in their "Jai Hanuman", which will be the next change at the Majestic.

Hanuman is famed for his great devotion to Shree Ram. He was his most trusted and most willing lieutenant. Where others failed, Hanuman dared and succeeded because of his steadfast devotion to his Master. The thrilling episodes about him that are to found in that great epic Ramayana are popular with all classes of people throughout India.

The direction of the picture has been in the capable hands of Mr. Ramchandra Thakur. The cast includes P. Kailas, S. N. Tripathi, Keshav Purohit, Nirupa Roy, Babu Raje and Raj Rani. Its story, dialogue and songs are by Pandit Indra and its music by Bulo C. Rani.

NARGIS in a stirring role in R. K. Films' "Aag", which will be screened at Opera House from 10th Sept.

## "HUA SAVERA"

### Popularity Of Symbolical Picture

Jivan Kala Chitra's "Hua Savera", which had a city?wide release last week, has been drawing crowded houses at every theatre where it is being shown.

The picture dramatises the new outlook that has come over the Indian people in the wake of the dawn of their country's freedom. The theme of the picture is a constructive one which should appeal to every patriotic heart in India.

The film has been produced by Hiralal Patel and directed by Kulbhushan Agarwal. The well-known Hindi writer, Bhagwati Prasad Bajpai, is responsible for the story, dialogues and songs. Gyan Dutt has given the musical score. Featured in the cast are Nayan Tara, Hira Savant, Sapru, Premkant and Dar Kashmiri.

## "PARAI AAG"

### Tragic-Comedy's Fifth Week

"Parai Aag," Great India Pictures production, which is now entering its 5th week at Lamington has for its basis a misunderstanding that provides many laughs and tears in the picture. One of the characters in the story is mistaken for somebody else and the poor fellow keeps up the show, hardly realising the complications that may arise out of his posing. He falls in love with the girl who is supposed to be married to the man whose identity has been forced on him. His sentiments are reciprocated. Then, the wheels begin to move in the reverse, and the whole game is about to be exposed. But the other man turns to his help and things are straightened out in a various mirth-provoking ways.

"Parai Aag" thus has a predominantly humorous vein. But it does not overshadow the other emotions. We have thus a fine combination of humour, pathos and romance.

Munawar Sultana and Madhubala execute their roles with sincerity and understanding. Ulhas and Sheri, as two young men in love and in a quandry, also give fine specimens of acting.

## JEANETTE MACDONALD'S COME-BACK

### Golden-Voiced Star Featured In Comedy Romance

Jeanette MacDonald is back on the screen in M-G-M's captivating new technicolor musical "Three Daring Daughters" now showing at the Metro Theatre.

The popular, golden-voiced star, who has spent the past five years on concert tours, makes an auspicious return with Jose Iturbi and young Jane Powell in a lilting comedy-romance loaded with songs and unfolding the diverting story of a divorcee whose precocious children try to prevent her from marrying again.

Jose Iturbi not only plays a wide variety of selections on the key-board, ranging from Liszt to Boogie Woogie, but enacts himself as the celebrity who meets Miss Macdonald on a holiday cruise and who, after winning her hand, finds himself in the formidable position of trying to win over her children as well. Jane Powell, as the eldest of Jeanette's brood of three daughters is the ring-leader, in a plot to bring back her mother's divorced husband in time to prevent her from marrying a second. A carload of comedy complications ensue before the daughters can be persuaded that they really prefer Iturbi as head of the family, but all is brought to a satisfactory conclusion to the accompaniment of Iturbi's piano wizardry and some heavenly singing on the part of both Miss MacDonald and Mies Powell.

Charming MUMTAZ SHANTI is featured in Wali Saheb's "Padmini", now running at the Majestic.

Golden voiced JEANETTE MACDONALD stages a come-back in "Three Daring Daughters" at the Metro.

## A BROADWAY SAGA

### Vaudeville's Untold Story Comes To Strand

"Give My Regards To Broadway" the new Twentieth Century-Fox Technicolor musical which at the STRAND, brings to the screen the warm, nostalgic and lively story of a grand (some called them "zany") family of troupers who just wouldn't die when vaudeville did. Starring Dan Dailey, who scored a sensation in "Mother Wore Tights", the unusual story with music features an outstanding supporting cast headed by Charles Winninger, Nancy Guild, Charlie Ruggles and Fay Bainter.

The picture, garnished with singing and dancing (and fancy juggling thrown in for a good measure,) blends poignant drama and highhearted humor with unusual romance as it unfolds its saga of a family that carried Broadway with wherever it went.

## "BANWASI"

### Film Of Adiwasi Life

The artistic excellence of Rajkamal's "Banwasi" is responsible for the full houses which the picture is attracting at New West End in its 3rd week.

The picture deserves to be commended for the fascinating manner in which the camera has presented not only the beauty of the country-side but also the raw and wild life of Adivasis in its vivid detail emphasising the squalor, poverty, ignorance on one hand and the inhuman exploitation of these backward people by the capitalists and contractors. Much has been said and written about the plight of the Adivasis. This picture enables us in many ways to understand the Adivasis and their problems.

Directed by Chandrashekhar from a story by R. W. Dighe, "Banwasi" is noteworthy for fine acting by Shabharani, Gyani, Vishwas, Nana Palsikar and Mahipal and delightful folk songs and music.

NIRUPAMA ROY, star of Ranjit's "Jai Hanuman."

## "PRITHVI VALLABH" IN GUJERATI

### Sohrab Modi's New Venture

One of the never-to-be forgotten creations lavishly produced and contributed to the Indian screen by the Minerva Studios is Sohrab Modi's magnificent historical "Prithvi Vallabh", based on the popular novel of the same name by Shri K. M. Munshi. Five years ago its Hindustani version was given a splendid reception wheever it was screened.

Sohrab Modi, determined to do proper justice not only to the novel but to the language in which it was originally written, has now completed its Gujerati version, the premiere of which is scheduled for today (Friday) at the Central Talkies.

Sohrab Modi, who incidentally plays the title role in this film, has himself spoken the Gujerati dialogues with the same force and fluency for which his Hindustani diction is well-known. The picture is therefore sure to be popular with all lovers of that flowery and fascinating language.

## "OONCH-NEECH"

### New Theatres Picture

When religion is exploited to benefit the rich and the socalled socially high and big', it becomes a curse. This is the message, dramatised on the screen in New Theatres' "Oonch-Neech" now released at the local Chitra Talkies, Dadar.

In "Oonch-Neech", director Hem Chunder presents a thought-provoking story with a band of seasoned stars, headed by Bharatidevi, Sumitra Devi, Pal Mahendra, Purnendoo, Gopal Mehra and Chandravati. Music by Punkaj Mullick is an added attraction.

On Sunday morning at 10, Chitra will show M.G.M.'s "Random Harvest" starring Ronald Colman and Greer Garson.

## "AAG"

### An Artiste's Dream On The Screen

R. K. Films' "Aag" which is scheduled for release from 10th Friday at Royal Opera House deals with the struggles, psychological and physical, of an artiste who had kept certain ideals before him.

The subject is handled by the young and energetic director Raj Kapoor with sympathy and understanding. His bold attempts to portray on the screen the inner workings of the creative soul of the artist merit high commendation.

Nargis gives a moving portrayal of the woman who understands the artist's soul and tries to soothe him. Kamini Kaushal has also put in a fine performance. Raj Kapoor plays the role of the artist with great ability.

Mr. Inder Raj is responsible for the story and dialogues of "Aag" Mr Ram Ganguli has directed the music Mr. Raj Kapoor as the producer deserves congratulations for his latest offering.

DORIS DAY stars opposite JACK CARSON in "Romance of the High Seas" a Michael Curtis extravaganza, which is current attraction at the Regal.

KANANBALA and ASHOK KUMAR are starred together in Debaki Bose's "Chandrasekhar", which is now being screened at three theatres in the city.

# SOUTH INDIA ENTER ZONAL FINAL

## Balan Scores Hat-trick

BOMBAY, Thursday

| | |
|---|---|
| SOUTH INDIA | 4 |
| REST | 0 |

The South Indian side qualified for the final of this year's Zonal Football tournament when they accounted for the Rest XI in the first semi-final by four goals to nil.

Combining better than their rivals this evening the South ndian side, despite the lead of a solitary goal at half time, experienced little difficulty in accounting for the Rest without conceding a goal. Of the four goals scored by the winners, inside-right Balan of the Tatas scored the first three and registered a hat-trick while shortly before the final whistle Raymond completed the tally.

The individual brilliance of Tully at centre-forward, Tambe at inside-right and Beasley at inside-left failed to wield into an effective combination, and for the greater part of the match the three players together with their wingers were playing more as individualists rather than as units of team. Their task was rendered more difficult by Krishnan who found himself in good form and broke several moves that might have been dangerous had they been allowed to continue.

The losers, however, had two excellent chances of scoring. Once Shiva and later Beasley found themselves in possession of the ball some ten yards from the goal and only Arikhathan to elude. On both the occasions the Rest forwards shot well out of the reach of the custodian but experienced poor luck as on both the occasions the ball hit the upright and rebounded into the field of play.

These two opportunities apart the Rest hardly ever appeared to be scorers at all. Govind in the intermediate line alone toiled hard and in vain to check the scheming opposition from getting past their defence.

Although only one goal was credited against his name Raymond deserved at least one more. His distribution of the ball, if slight neglect of the right wing where Peter was stationed is overlooked, produced the best from his side.

The teams:

SOUTH INDIA—Ariknathan; Manuel and Dhankodi; Anantram, Krishnan and Balaram; Peter, Balan, Raymond, Kuppswamy and Balan (Jr.).

REST—McGready; Pavey and Shivram; Gellard, Duncan and Govind; Santiago, Tambe, Tully, Beasley and Shiva.

Friday evening at 5-35 p.m.—Goans vs. Maharashtra.

## ROVER'S CUP DRAW

### Mohun Bagan Seeded Number One

The following is the draw for the Rover's Cup:—

FIRST QUARTER: Mohan Bagan, bye, vs Raisana bye 27th; St. Francis Goans vs Bombay Gymkhana 7th; Allahabad vs. Rangers 13th.

SECOND QUARTER: Combined III Div. vs. Firestones 6th; Chalbasa vs. Goan Sports 25th; Trades vs. Maharashtra 12th; Burma-Shell vs Indian Gymkhana.

THIRD QUARTER: Bangalore Muslims vs St. Xavier's 21st; Tatas vs Khandoba Vijaya 8th; Karnatak S. A. vs G.I.P. 11th; Delhi Young Men's vs Rajasthan 29th.

FOURTH QUARTER: Bombay Amateurs vs General Motor 14th; Matunga S. C. vs Rashid XI 9th; M.B.F.A. vs Rabbani 26th, Mohamedan Sporting bye.

## Burmah Shell S. C. Win By Odd Goal

BOMBAY, Thursday.

In the only match played at Parel, on the St. Xavier's College ground, the senior string of the Burmah-Shell Sports Club just managed to prevail over BEST sports Club by the odd goal in three. Ganpat and A. Fernandes scored for the winners; while Namey reduced the margin.

FRIDAY'S MATCHES

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel: 3-40 p.m.—Wimco SC vs B. K. Samaj; 4-40 p.m.—Young Labour vs BPT "B" 5-40 p.m.—Parel Students vs Blue Young Boys.

## Collegiate Football Final

The Final of the Collegiate Football Tournament between St. Xavier's and Ramnarain Ruia College will be played at the Cooperage on Saturday, the 4th September 1948, commencing at 5-30 p.m.

## INDIAN OLYMPIC CONTINGENT LEAVES ON SATURDAY

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): The last of the 6,000 overseas Olympic athletes leave London for home on Saturday when the Indian contingent, numbering about fifty, make their departure. They sail from Liverpool.

# RAIN CURTAILS PLAY

## Australians Declare At 522 For 7

HASTINGS, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Rain curtailed play on the second day in the match between the Australians and a South of England XI. The home side had scored 140 runs for the loss of three wickets when rain stopped play shortly after the tea interval, in reply to the Australians 522 for the loss of seven wickets declared.

There was only a moderate crowd present when the Australian overnight batsmen resumed their innings. Both batsmen, threw away their wickets in the first quarter of an hour's play when jumping down the wicket to good length deliveries from Perks. Harvey hit 14 fours ina sparkling display and Hassett whose 151 brought his aggregate to 454 in his last three innings obtained 17 fours.

When Loxton joined Hamence at 427 he required 106 runs to become the eighth Australian to complete 1,000 runs for the season. Hamence was leg before to Mallett at 446 but Loxton showed great driving powers facing the same bowler. When Perks took the new ball at 461 he clean bowled McCool with his third delivery. The pitch stil played easily but dark clouds began to gather and rain appeared likely.

Drizzling rain was falling when Edrich and Barnett opened South of England innings following Bradman's declaration during lunch. Lindwall gradually worked up his speed but the shine quickly went off the wet ball and Barnett was in his element. The first four overs cost the Australians 32 runs and with Edrich just as aggresive as his partner, the 50 went up in just under half an hour. At 78 the stand was broken by Loxton when Barnett hooked a short ball to long leg where Hassett made a running catch.

Barnett hit one six and five fours in a merry innings. Doggart had scored only eight when he snicked a rising ball to Tallon. The Australian fielding was very keen but the hundred arrived in just over an hour and a half. Edrich in attempting a big hit was well caugnt by Harvey a few minutes before the tea interval.

Misty rain was driving across the ground when the last session of the day began calling for the use of sawdust. Only nine runs had been added to the total when the rain came on much heavier and the players had to leave the field. It was decided 35 minutes before the close that further play today was impossible.

Sir Pelham Warner made a presentation to Denis Compton in recognition of the records he set up last season. After enumerating the records Sir Pelham handed a silver salver to Compton who accepted with a speech of thanks. The presentation was made in front of the pavilion of the ground here where Compton made the runs required to set up the record total of 3,816 runs scored in a season.

## The Score Board

AUSTRALIANS (First Innings)

| | |
|---|---|
| Barnes c Griffith b Bailey | 0 |
| Brown c Edrich b Mallett | 13 |
| Bradman c Mann b Bailey | 143 |
| Hassett c Mallett b Perks | 151 |
| Harvey c Griffith b Perks | 110 |
| Hammence l.b.w. b Mallett | 7 |
| Loxton not out | 67 |
| McCool b Perks | 5 |
| Lindwall not out | 17 |
| Extras | 9 |
| Total (for 7 wkts.) decl. | 522 |

Fall of Wickets: 1/10, 2/49, 3/237, 4/412, 5/427, 6/446 and 7/461.

BOWLING ANALYSIS:

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bailey | 21 | 0 | 125 | 2 |
| Perks | 26 | 5 | 92 | 3 |
| Mallett | 35 | 5 | 102 | 2 |
| Cook | 31 | 5 | 97 | 0 |
| Compton | 7 | 0 | 43 | 0 |
| Edrich | 8 | 0 | 37 | 0 |
| Barnett | 3 | 0 | 17 | 0 |

SOUTH OF ENGLAND (First Innings)

| | |
|---|---|
| Barnet c Hassett b Loxton | 35 |
| Edrich c Harvey b Johnston | 52 |
| Doggart c Tallon b Lindwall | 8 |
| Compton batting | 27 |
| Bailey batting | 6 |
| Extras | 12 |
| Total (for 3 wickets) | 140 |

Fall of wickets:—1/78, 2/98 and 3/119.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

| | O. | M. | R. | W. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Lindwall | 10 | 1 | 45 | 1 |
| Johnston | 9 | 1 | 44 | 1 |
| Loxton | 8 | 0 | 16 | 1 |
| McCool | 4.4 | 0 | 23 | 0 |

## Kanga League Matches For Sunday

The following are the fixtures for the Kanga League Cricket matches for Sunday, 5th September 1948:—

BRABOURNE STADIUM:
C.C.I. vs The Brothers Club.

AZAD MAIDAN
Bandra Gymkhana vs Fort Vijay Cr. C.; Baronet C.C. vs Friends Union; Gaud Union vs Bohra Cricketers; Young Zorastrian C.C. vs Maharashtra Young Cricketers.

KENNEDY SEA FACE
Parsee Gymkhana vs Gowd Saraswat C.C.; Islam Gymkhana vs Prabhu Young Cricketers; P. J. Hindu Gymkhana vs Parsee Cyclists.

CROSS MAIDAN
Sunder C.C. vs Jolly Circketers.

## Efforts To Make Joe Louis Fight Again

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Efforts will be made to get Joe Louis to defend is world heavyweight title against Bruce Woodcock, British champion, in London next June if the latter makes a success of the "come back" campaign which he begins on September 21 with a fight against the American, Lee Oma.

Promoter Jack Solomons has cabled Louis' manager, Marshall Miles, quoting press reports of Louis's intention to have one more fight and asking whether Louis would be prepared to defend his title in London.

*Poona Race Selections*

# Khan Saheb And Queen Of Gwalior Appear Best In Tomorrow's Card

(By Our Racing Correspondent).

Several course scratchings will take place tomorrow as good many of the entrants have been left in for Saturday's programme.

Maharaja of Gwalior is represented by Shan-e-Hind and Khan Saheb in the day's attraction, the Cecil Gray Plate, sprint event for horses in Class II. Form reveals chances for either of them but my choice falls on Khan Saheb, who shot out like a bolt from the blue, when placing second to Illicit on the second day. Illicit scored then on a soaked course, which was much to her liking and she is now conceding seven pounds to Khan Saheb.

Gwalior-owned Queen of Gwalior is my best in tomorrow's card.

The following are my selections:-

1st Race:
KAUMARI — Win
PROVE IT — Next Best

2nd Race:
GIPSY FLOWER — Win
FULL POPPY — Next Best

3rd Race:
QUEEN OF GWALIOR — Win
ATOMIC — Next Best

4th Race:
PIRKHAN — Win
ARVIND — Next Best

5th Race:
AAN BAAN — Win
BRAVE ANNA — Next Best
If ab. Bavaji.

6th Race:
KHAN SAHEB — Win
FULL HOUSE — Next Best
If ab. Pramila

7th Race:
FLYING JESTER — Win
CHETNA — Next Best

8th Race:
CHIN UP — Win
KHUNDIL — Next Best
If ab. Akash Deep.

CHOICE TREBLE
QUEEN OF GWALIOR
KHAN SAHEB
CHIN UP

FLUKES
CALTEX
DAMYANTI

# Ideal Conditions Prevail At C. C. I. Table-Tennis

## INITIAL VENTURE ASSURED OF SUCCESS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Cricket Club of India, who for the first time in its history have staged an open Table Tennis Tournament under the auspices of the local controlling body, set an example to the other clubs holding open tournaments in this popular indoor game, by providing ideal conditions, bordering on almost the best that can be obtained. The Managing Committee, and specially it hard working Hon. Secretary, Mr. P. K. Chaubal in particular have spared no efforts in making their initial venture a great success, and the least that can be said about this tournament is that it will in due course supercede the St. Xavier's College Hall as the best venue for Table Tennis.

This evening the tournament commenced with the first and the second rounds of the second quarter of the Men's Singles were decided. In a lengthy programme that was gone through two matches provided stood out as the most interesting of the whole lot. In one of these I. A. Laliee displayed some excellent forehand drives to penetrate through the defence of the stubborn S. C. Mudnaney. Although Laljee won in two straight games, Mudnaney never gave up till the very last and the former had to go all out to eliminate his opponent in the second round.

In the other interesting match witnessed during the sessio... Z. J. Mugaseth payed the penalty for not showing enough courage to attack in the closing stages of the third and deciding game against Peter J. Amin. Actually having taken the attack in his hand with the score against him at 14-18, Mugaseth rallied most unexpectedly but all the same splendidly to 18-9, by systematically resorting to the type of attack that can be best termed as increasing the pressure with every succeeding stroke to ultimately kill the rally. But then suddenly forsaking the only game that brought him within so close a range of victory, he resorted to letting his opponent Amin finish off the game by hitting the two points out of the three that were subsequently played.

The following are the results:—

MEN'S SINGLES

1ST ROUND: N. V. Kapadia beat M. L. Parikh 21-4 21-15 G. M. Asundi beat A. Setalvad 21-8 21-10; E. Jamshedjee beat Indulal H. Shah, 21-16 21-18; M. P. Vaidya beat R. V. Ranganath 21-15 23-21; B. A. Laljee beat Sorab J. Kanga 21-11 21-11; Russi J. Patel beat P. D. Hathiram 21-17 21-18; D. H. Varde beat C. R. Dimothe 21-11 21-10; B. B. Samant beat J. M. Dhurandhar 21-14 21-12; Russi J. Dalal beat H. K. Chaubal 21-6 21-13; Y. K. Nedarya beat K. S. Dhadda 21-8 21-8; R. M. Javeri beat Kishor Desai 21-17 21-19 T. R. Mahadevan beat J. P. Pocha 21-11 21-13; Peter J. Amin beat Z. J. Mugaseth 21-19 9-21 21-19; P. R. Alpawala beat M. K. Rao 17-21 21-18 21-18; J. G. Parikh beat H. D'Mello 21-10 21-14 H. J. H. Talyarkhan beat Y. V. S. R. Krishnayya 15-21 21-9 21-8; I. A. Laljee w.o. J. S. Sequeira V. D. Kalavar beat N. D. Porbes 21-10 21-15; M. Shrinivas beat S. D. Javeri 18-21 21-15 21-13; S. F. Karaka beat V. S. Nurdeshwar 21-19 14-21 21-13; Ananda Rao beat A. R. Curim 21-18 23-21; G. K. Kalambi beat V. C. Sahu 21-15 21-8; B. H. Mody w.o. P. M. Kakar; K. R. Panjri w.o. D. M. Kamath; S. G. Wasani w.o. A. E. Pradhan; S. C. Mudnaney beat M. H. Contractor 21-15 21-15; D. N. Bhatkal beat Jagdish L. Parikh 21-15 21-15; A. I. Jacob beat K. Dewan 21-19 12-21 22-20; U. S. Bangera beat M. M. Vaterwalla 19-21 21-13 21-11; A. Subba Rao beat P. R. S. Rao 21-10 21-17; S. H. Shah beat N. D. S. Rao 21-12 21-17; A. I. Sheikh beat I. H. Thadani 21-7 16-21 21-9.

2ND ROUND: B. A. Laljee beat T. R. Mahadevan 21-10 21-14; E. Jamshedji beat S. F Karaka 16-21 21-15 21-15; M. P. Vaidya beat G. M. Asundi 21-16 21-17; R. M. Jhaveri beat B. B. Samant 21-12 21-12; M. Srinivas beat H. J. H. Talyarkhan 21-19 11-21 21-12; S. G. Wasani beat K. R. Panjri 21-16 21-17; P. J. Amin beat A. I. Sheikh 21-19 21-16; R. J. Patel beat S. H. Shah 21-14 18-21 21-14; J. G. Parikh beat N. V. Kapadia 21-15 21-16; P. R. Alpawala beat Y. K. Nedarya 16-21 22-20 21-19; D. H. Varde w.o. Russi J. Patel; G. K. Kalambi beat B. H. Mody 21-19 21-10; V. D. Kalaver beat Ananda Rao 21-14 21-11; U. S. Bangera beat A. I. Jacob 21-10 21-13; I. A. Laljee beat S. C. Mudnaney 23-21 21-17; D. N. Bhatkal beat A. Subba Rao 21-15 21-13.

FRIDAY'S FIXTURES

9 a.m. 1st and 2nd Rounds of Men's Singles (3rd Quarter). 4 p.m. 1st and 2nd Rounds of Juniors Singles, 5-15 p.m. 1st and 2nd Rounds of Men's Singles (1st Quarter), 7-15 p.m. 1st and 2nd Round of Men's Singles (4th Quarter).

# Deepak Mahal And Sweet Serenade Fancied For Saturday

(By Our Racing Correspondent).

The following are my selections for Saturday's Poona races:

1st Race:
DUCHESS OF RAMGARH — Win
LEADING LADY — Next Best

2nd Race:
TRUNK CALL — Win
BRAVE ANNA — Next Best
If ab. On and On

3rd Race:
SUBHASH — Win
HIKMET — Next Best

4th Race:
DASHERA — Win
CHIN UP — Next Best

5th Race:
SWEET SERENADE — Win
KUNIGAL STAR — Next Best

6th Race:
SNEHPRABHA — Win
PHILBOROUGH — Next Best

7th Race:
DEEPAK MAHAL — Win
LAXMI VILAS — Next Best

8th Race:
MARATHA MANDIR — Win
CHIN UP — Next Best
If ab. Freewill

9th Race:
PROSPERO — Win
CALTEX — Next Best
If ab. Vie On

CHOICE TREBLE
SWEET SERENADE
DEEPAK MAHAL
MARATHA MANDIR

FLUKES
STYLISH LADY
NEAR IMAGE

## Acceptances For Saturday

The following are the acceptances of Poona Meeting, Third Day, to be run on Saturday, 4th September, 1948:—

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE. Division II—Distance 7 furlongs.

Sweetie Shah 8-12; Ma Cherie 8-12; Galatea 8-12; Gurjari 8-12; Duchess of Ramgarh 8-12; Flash Ena 8-12; Golden Hind 8-12; Leading Lady 8-12; Down South 8-12.

THE SECUNDERABAD PLATE. Division I—Distance 7 furlongs.

On and On 8-12; Moon Dust 8-12; Happiness 8-12; Trunk Call 8-12; Miss Primrose 8-12; Bella 8-12; Brave Anna 8-12.

THE A. HOYT PLATE. Division II.—Distance 7 furlongs.

My Pet 9-2; Subhash 9-1; Sohni 9-1; Aman 9-0; Gori 8-13; Belle d'Antibes 8-13; Baaz Bahadur 8-12; Gay Pilot 8-12; Bhishma 8-11; Super Charge 8-11; Hikmet 8-11; Blue Arrow 8-11; Tantalum 8-11; Lady Cleopatra 8-8; Ayaaz 8-6; Prince Vijit 8-6; Pound Note 8-2 She's Nice 7-13.

THE PROBYNABAD PLATE Division II—Distance 1 mile.

Atomic 9-0; Dashera 8-12; Shamma 8-12; Brilliant Sunshine 8-9; Luminary 8-8; Al Hamra 8-7; Daisy Tripper 8-2; Miss Rutty 7-13; Yipee 7-13; Moulin Rouge 7-12; Bahram Khan 7-11; Mayfair Lady 7-10.

THE SOUTHERN COMMAND CUP.—Distance about 1 1/2 miles.

Jawahir 9-7; Near Image 8-11; Kunigal Star 8-9; Bhopal Star 8-0; Jane Jigar 8-3; Dragon Seed 7-13; Sweet Serenade 7-12; Malakeh 7-10; Golden Horn 7-5; Stylish Lady 7-0.

H. H. THE FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Parting Summer 9-4; Philborough 9-3; Jawahir 9-1; Doorani 8-9; Royal Mantle 8-7; Gipsy Moon 8-7; Snehprabha 8-5; Khan Saheb 8-5; Near Image 8-5; Jocquemont 8-3; Je Revienz 8-1; Windsor Belle 7-11; Ramal 7-7; Wilbod 7-7.

THE TRIAL PLATE.—Distance 1 mile.

Deepak Mahal 9-4; Laxmi Vilas 9-3; Corisande 8-9; First Royalty 8-7; Namdar 8-2; Quality 7-11; Sister Vincent 7-4; Sunbathing 7-2.

THE A. HOYT PLATE. Division I.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Freewill 9-1; Naeem 8-13; Game Bid 8-12; Saita 8-10; Maratha Mandir 8-9; Khundil 8-8; Cherry Brandy 8-8; Shubh Luxmi 8-8; Chin-Up 8-5; Mah-I-Nau 8-4; Show On 8-2; Embarkation 8-1; Akash Deep 8-0; Carnival Queen 7-13; Bronzewing 7-12; Mr. O. K. 7-11.

THE PROBYNABAD PLATE. Division I—Distance 1 mile.

Prospero 9-0; Vie On 8-11; Vagabond Queen 8-10; Star in a Million 8-10; Tasiaroon 8-10; Ruby 8-9; Turf Star 8-9; King Richard 8-9 Khushroo 8-6, Caltex 8-6; Red Rufus 8-4.

## Victoria Club Call-Over

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Only six horses were given separate quotation when the St. Leger card was called over at the Victoria Club here tonight.

My Love was returned a 6 to 4 favourite, fractionally longer odds than were available about him on Monday. Noor, at 7 to 1, replaces Black Tarquin as second favourite. Royal Drake and Solar Slipper hardened slightly, and the price of Timur Second was unchanged at 100 to 9.

Quotations: 6 to 4 against My Love, 7 to 1 Noor, 9 to 1 Black Tarquin, 19 to 2 Royal Drake, 100 to 9 Timur Second, 100 to 8 Solar Slipper. 18 to 1 others offered.

# Australians' Success Should Not Cause Despondency

## ENGLAND'S SEARCH FOR TALENT MUST CONTINUE

### By W. J. Edrich, D. F. C.

The weary-Willies who now shed crocodile tears over the body of English cricket make me sick! Calamity, calamity! A bad season! Australia have won the Ashes and now poor little Glamorgan have swiped the County Championship. We've had it!

What utter rot! It is the finest thing that has happened for years that Glamorgan should take the Championship They have worked for it for 27 years and deserved it. Without claiming to be a cracker-jack side with Test batsmen and bowlers galore they have proved just what enthusiasm allied to brilliant fielding can do.

As for the Australian success—again well merited—everybody seems to have forgotten that miserable little England hammered the living daylights out of them as recently as 1928-9 and again in 1932-3. On both trips on their own territory we won four of the five Tests. First time Larwood and Tate bounced through them with the help of Jack White of Somerset. In 1932 Larwood, Voce, and Gubby Allen tore them to shreds and scattered their stumps and equillibrium to the far corners of the Empire.

Everything was fine and dandy then. But what did Australia do? Did she sit down and moan her head off? Certainly not. She got mad, raised merry pop about our fast bowlers, and determined to get her own back. Up and down Australia coaches were warned to look out for the right material for fast bowling, and when it was found it was developed carefully methodically, efficiently.

And now the clock has gone full circle. Australia have come back to the home of cricket caught us in the midst of our greatest troubles after six years of war privation, and shattered us with the very armament with which we shattered them. It is now our turn to follow their example. It is time we got mad instead of moaning. It is time we sent out the message throughout the country to find the fast bowlers!

We do too much of this miserable commiseration business. I always remember how this side of our make-up was tackled during the war. I was a bomber pilot. In the early days we were a pigmy force which never had a chance against the greater forces controlled by Goering. But we did the job. At our briefings we were told our objective and instructed to get it. No frills, no messing. We have the odds against us—but we had a job to do and we did it.

**A JOB TO DO**

Right now English cricket has a job to do, and my plea is for people to cut out the jeering the moaning, the whining. Let's fight back. Let's get "struck in" as one famous English skipper used to tell his men. The Australians have the whiphand now with a very good side. But I would remind them that the British lion is by no means dead, and before very long it will hit back so hard that the Kangaroo will wonder what has knocked it sideways!

To assist the swing of the pendulum, which will come as surely as the sun will rise tomorrow I still feel that M.C.C. must take positive action soon to direct measures of reorganisation in our game which will assure the better conditions needed for junior cricket, which will bring about a closer association between the bigger and the smaller clubs which will bring the keener competition of League cricket to the South and which will give the ordinary boy of this country a chance—now restricted to full-time professionals and a wealthy few— to come into the first class game.

**REWARD OF KEENNESS**

That Glamorgan have held on and won the County Championship is a wonderful tribute to Wilfred Wooller's leadership. For quite frankly the Welsh County haven't got a really good side in terms of either batting or bowling But, as Wooller told me some weeks ago: "We are all doing a bit. If one doesn't get the runs another does, and if one doesn't get the wickets, somebody else takes a turn. Most of all, we are fielding sides out."

Added to all that is the spirit Wooller has inspired. His men go on the field knowing they are as good as the next. They cluster round the opposing batsmen like vultures with hands so eager that they are literally taking catches off the face of the bat. Wooller tells me that close on 200 catches have been held this season and between 30 and 40 men have been run out. This is match winning fielding which out-Yorkshires Yorkshire!

Wooller, incidentally capped 18 times as rugby centre-three-quarter for Wales, always takes the most dangerous of the close short leg positions—the Barnes suicide post in front of the bat—and some of his catches have been the best of the season, "Why are your boys so good in the field? "I asked him this week. "They are fit," he said, "and keen. We also have the energy to keep the ball moving amongst ourselves between the fall of wickets. It is old fashioned—but wonderful practice." A pity more teams hadn't the energy to be old-fashioned!

**OUTSTANDING AUSTRALIANS**

Repeatedly I am asked the secret of Lindwall's success. Answer is he is a really good bowler who has caught us more on the hop than usual because we aren't used to fast bowling. In addition, unlike most speed merchants, he genuinely varies his pace. He has his normal fast delivery—quicker than anything we have here—then he bowls a much slower one held back very well, and then, about once an over, his super-fast one which really sizzles at you. He is the best pace bowler I have ever faced.

Bill Johnston, big happy cricketer, who took 27 Test wickets like Lindwall is two bowlers in one. He can bowl fast left-arm swing stuff of slow left-arm spinner according to the state of the game or the wicket. Arthur Morris, Australia's left hand opening batsman I rate as one of the greatest players Australia has had for years. He has so much time to play his shots. He also has the ideal temperament for the captaincy which seems certain to come to him. Off field he is a quite delightful person.

# NO TRUCK WITH ANARCHISTS

## Indonesian Premier On Measures To Check Internal Chaos

BATAVIA, Sept. 2 (Reuter): The position of the Indonesian Republic abroad was being "undermined by the internal chaos caused by increasing political controversies", Dr. Mohammed Hatta, Indonesian Republican Premier told the Working Committee of the Republican Provisional Parliament today, Antara, the Republican news agency reported.

In a 90 minute statement he said the politic "Volte face" of the Democratic front (left wing of the Republican Government, three of whose four parties have fused with the Communists) had turned them from champions to opponents of the Lingadjati and Renville Agreements.

The Republican Government would punish "with an iron hand" any excesses of anarchy, intimidation or threats to public security manifesting themselves in the "childhood ills" of Indonesian democracy, he added.

On negotiations with the Dutch for a settlement in Indonesia, the Premier explained that the Republican delegation had accepted the proposals of the Australian and American members of the United Nations Good Offices Committee because they were based on broad democratic ideals which, though they contained several unfavourable points, had been accepted as a basis for negotiation.

Of the Provisional Federal Government, he said, it was possible the Dutch would use it "to crush the Indonesian Republic"

**INDONESIA'S SHARE OF MARSHALL AID**

BATAVIA, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Indonesia is to share in the Dollar aid Holland receives under the Marshall Plan, the Department of Economic Affairs and Fisheries announced here today.

Indonesia is being given this aid, the Department said, because restoration of its economy will help Holland and increases supplies of raw materials.

## Inter-Provincial Food Barriers To Continue

**NEW DELHI, Sept. 2 (API): In view of the recent rise in prices of foodgrains the Government have decided that the inter-Provincial barriers on the movement of controlled foodgrains will not be removed until conditions have altered, says a Press Note issued by the Food Ministry today.**

**The controlled foodgrains are: Rice, wheat, millets and maize in all provinces and States and gram in East Punjab and the U.P. only.**

## C. P. Government Loan Oversubscribed

BOMBAY, September 2, (UPI): Subscriptions for the Central Provinces and Berar Government Loan which was oversubscribed and closed at 10-45 a.m. on the September 1, upto and including Rs. 5,000 will be allotted in full, and applications for amount over Rs. 5,000 will receive allotment at 43 per cent subject to a minimum allotment of Rs. 5,000, says a Reserve Bank Of India 'communique' issued today.

Refund warrants for partial allotment in respect of applications tendered at the Public Debt Office, Bombay will be delivered on Saturday, September 4, 1948 on presentation of the relative receipts at the Public Debt Office, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay, the 'communique' adds.

*The Sportsman's Sportsfolio*

# Draw For Rovers Cup And Ranji Trophy

BY J. C. MAITRA

The draws for the Rovers Cup and the Ranji Trophy have appeared in the press simultaneously. The former is the premier Soccer Championship on the side of India and the latter is the national competition for the Cricket Championship. The Rovers will commence at the cooperage on Monday, September 6. And the Ranji Trophy will begin on November 4.

The Rovers have attracted 29 entries, of whom eleven are from upcountry. The outstanding among them are Mohun Bagan, Mahomedan Sporting and Rajasthan from Calcutta, Bangalore Muslims from Bangalore Delhi Young Men and Raisina from Delhi Young athletes from Chaibasa (Bihar), Allahabad Sporting from U.P. and Rabbani Club from Kamptee. Trades and Tatas will represent the cream of local soccer.

**PROMISE OF FIRST RATE SOCCER**

There is not the least doubt that some top class football will be seen during the next three or four weeks. Mohun Bagan were greatly disappointed last year owing to the abandonment of the tournament after the collapse of one of the temporary stands. They had an excellent chance of winning the trophy. Reluctant though they were to make the long journey to Bombay again, they have been persuaded to do so.

Needless to mention the former holders of the Cup, the Bangalore Muslims and Mahomedan Sporting are sure to strain every nerve to claim it again. Let us hope, however, that Bombay will have the good fortune of winning the trophy at least this year—for the first time since its inception. Would Trades or Tatas succeed in wresting it from the visitors?

**RANJI TROPHY ON NEW BASIS**

Henceforth, the Ranji Trophy will be played on a knock-out basis for the whole of India—and not by Zones as previously. This will give the weaker teams an opportunity of meeting sides outside their own Zones. Now Bombay will meet Bengal straightway without playing against anybody in Western India. Maharashtra will contest Mysore and so on.

Although it will be rather an expensive affair for the 18 associations who have joined the lists—involving a good deal of travelling,—it is expected to give greater impetus and encouragement to the players and create more enthusiasm among the fans. This trial had to be given as people are tired of seeing the same old faces over and over again. It is hoped this new scheme will prove a success. The tournament will go on till the middle of March, the final being staged at the Brabourne Stadium.

## Greyhound Racing Pioneer Dead

THETFORD, NORFOLD, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Sir William Benjamin Gentle, pioneer of greyhound racing in Britain who is believed to have made more money out of the sport than any other man, died here today at the age of 83.

Sir William was first a soldier serving in South Africa with the Cape Mounted Rifles, then a police chief at the seaside resort of Brighton, and finally chairman of the Greyhound Racing Association, biggest of Britain's many dog racing concerns.

His son, Mr. Francis Gentle is present chairman of the Greyhound Racing Association Trust. Another son, Sir Frederick Gentle, is chief justice of the High Court in Madras.

The Bombay Chronicle

*The hindsight of biographers is always better than the foresight of astrologers.*

—LIN YUTANG

## TERRITORIAL FORCE

The bill to provide for a territorial force for India, adopted by the Central Assembly on Wednesday, is a none too early attempt to constitute a second line of defence and a source of reinforcement for the regular army to assist in internal defence duties in a national emergency, to be responsible for anti-aircraft and coastal defence, and to give to the youth of India an opportunity to train themselves to defend their country. The initial strength of the force is to be 130,000 but, anticipating an objection that this number was too small for this vast country, the Defence Minister explained that the limit was only temporary and would be raised as soon as it was reached. The bill makes no provision for women's training but, when this was pointed out by several speakers including Begum Aizaz Rasool, the Defence Minister gave an assurance that, in the event of any grave national emergency, women's share in the country's defence would not be neglected by Government. But their systematic training can begin at once. There are already a number of women who obtained varied training during the last war and, as Pandit Kunzru pointed out, these can help as instructors and in other ways.

We expect that the limit prescribed by Government will soon be reached and there will be a demand for raising the limit. But every attempt should be made to see that the territorial force as well as the regular army is drawn from all parts of the country and all sections of the people. The pernicious fallacy that only certain so-called martial caste and races in certain special provinces can be fit for the army has already been exposed and more opportunities should be provided to the sections of the country, hitherto considered to be non-martial, to prove their fitness for every department of defence. Nay, attempts should be made in every province, through suitable physical training and otherwise, to create among the young enthusiasm for the duty and the privilege of national defence.

Care should be taken to see that the necessary attempts to strengthen the defence of the country do not create among the people the evil spirit of militarism. It has to be conceded that, though independence has been won through a non-violent struggle, organised military force is indispensable for safeguarding it against powers still wedded to violent methods in settling international disputes. But many leaders are conscientiously striving to settle disputes through various kinds of peaceful methods. They justly look up to India to take the lead in this pacifist movement. India would stultify herself and betray the hopes and confidence of the world as also the ideals of Mahatma Gandhi, if she too joined the mad race for more armament and yet more more armament. India doubtless needs, as things are, more modern weapons of war. But she, more than any other country in the world, must rely far more on the moral appeal in settling international disputes. If even the land that produced Buddha and Mahatma Gandhi fails in that duty, the millions in the world yearning for peace will feel with despair that salt itself hath lost its flavour.

## A Code For Films

The new code of rules for the production of films compiled by the Bombay Board of Film Censors was published the other day. The censorship of films was introduced in the country under the British rule. Although it had a wide range of applicability, it was not strictly exercised beyond the extent of its political objective. Indian films, which in the opinion of the Censors, were antagonistic to the interests of the alien Government were subjected to cuts or banned. The liberty of portraying the trials and tribulations of the people or giving expression to their aspirations was denied to the cine-industry. References to the freedom movement, expressions smacking of patriotic feelings and even the exhibition of the portraits of accredited political leaders were held objectionable. The censorship, to all appearance, was imposed in order to safeguard the interests of the alien Government. Since less attention was paid to its other objectives, sufficient control was not brought to bear upon propensities towards vulgarisation and other unhealthy influences to which the film in the early stages of its growth was susceptible. The consequences of such a state of affairs are evident today. Whatever objectionable or undesirable from the moral or social point of view has survived in the Indian film is a legacy of the censorship as it was enforced under the previous regime.

Independence has rendered the re-casting of the policy of censorship inevitable. As a matter of fact the attention of the Board of Censors in this province had begun to shift, during the transitional period, to the moral, social and cultural objectives of censorship; and the film-industry, accustomed as it was to the old-time routine, had felt the impact of strictness exercised in the examination of films. The revised rules should not come as a surprise to those who have followed the trend of events in the recent past. The policy of the present Government of Bombay with regard to films was indicated by the Prime Minister Mr. B. G. Kher, in his inaugural address to the All-India Film Conference in November 1946. It was further explained by the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, at a press conference in April last. The code, which has emerged now, is an attempt at the adjustment of censorship to the requirements of the new conditions. Broadly, the code is based upon the principles by which censorship in countries like England and America is governed. Its commendable feature is that it was drafted in consultation with the producers. Nevertheless, in some respects, it has the defects of crudity, over-puritanical attitude and insufficient realization of the function and value of film as an art. The film represents a happy blend of literature, poetry and fine arts. It is an art by itself offering immense scope for creative work; and as an art it should have no fetters of the official censorship. We recall, in this connection, an observation made by the Home Minister at the press conference referred to above, that it is not the desire of Government to continue official censorship of films a day longer than absolutely necessary, and that the Government would be glad to transfer the function to the industry itself the moment the producers shoulder the responsibilities.

It is for the producers to expedite the dawn of the day when censorship is transferred to them. They should set up high standards of production and should make a determined and concerted effort to raise the educational, moral and cultural tone of entertainment films. They should respect the authentic standards of art, music and dance and should aim at the portrayal of the past and present of the country in their proper perspective. Independence has opened to them, for the selection of subjects, the avenues which were, hitherto, closed. The films dealing with the country's struggle for political liberty would have been outright banned three years ago. Today such films are allowed to go on the screen. Freedom for the selection of subjects has opened a vast field for creative endeavour; and there should be no encroachment upon it from any quarters. We expect the Government to see that censorship, however strict it may be in principle, is exercised with discretion and leniency in the permissible degree, and that the poetic license, if indulged in within its legitimate bounds, is not unduly interfered with. In free India, censorship should be conducive to the development of the film industry to the height of cine-art distinctive of her creative genius. Much will depend upon how the revised rules are interpreted and enforced. We hope they will not foster a puritanical outlook and deprive healthy entertainment of vitality and liveliness. The development of the film as a medium of education, art and culture and as a nation-building force is the aim of the National Government; and it should be so of the industry itself.

## JEWISH DESIGN ON JERUSALEM

### Plight Of Arab Refugees

(From Our Middle East Special Correspondent)

ALEXANDRIA, (By Air Mail.)

The gravity and urgency of the topics discussed by Count Bennadotte during his latest visit to Egypt contrasted strangely with the surroundings in which the talks were held. Alexandria just now is at the height of its holiday season: the magnificent beaches crowded by visitors from Egypt and abroad and the city blazing at night with lights, Luna Parks and neon-lit roof gardens. Nevertheless even pleasure-loving Alex has been made to feel the cold shadow of Palestine's suffering: this year only 25,000 out of the 100 000 usual holiday makers have arrived and many of the bungalows are empty. War is not far out of mind and the Governor of Alex has begun to take measures to help refugees arrived there from Palestine.

First question on the agenda was the immediate military danger occasions by the possibility of an attack by Irgun, the ruthless terrorist gangs which now virtually hold all the Jewish population of Palestine in their grip, on the Arab-held parts of Jerusalem. As is well-known, the Arab armies captured the Old City of Jerusalem when this was threatened by attack in June. In spite of having accepted the truce, it now seems possible that the Jews, spurred on by the Irgun gangs, will shortly make a bid to seize Jerusalem and proclaim it capital of "Israel". Naturally, if such an attack should take place the Arab armies would again defend the city and full scale fighting would break out again. Count Bernadotte had secret sessions with the Arab leaders on this matter: it is for this reason that the Count has asked not only for more UN Observers for Jerusalem but also for at least 2,500 armed UN policemen.

**REFUGEES' PLIGHT**

Sir Raphael Cilento, Director of the Social Division of UN who has just toured the Arab refugees camps described to me the conditions of these unfortunate people: "There are between 250,000 and 350,000 Arab refugees and displaced persons", he told me. "120,000 are in Transjordan, and Palestine: 50,000 (about one-seventh of the country's total population) in the tiny State of Lebanon; 60,000 in Syria and 12,000 in Egypt. It is a great human disaster on the scale of the earthquake disasters in San Francisco and Japan. Conditions are terrible. Lack of water and complete absence of sanitary arrangements have led to contamination of the ground soil and typhoid epidemics must be expected. Red Crescent workers are fighting valiantly but supplies of vaccine are inadequate."

"A very large proportion of the refugees are women and children. Around Ramalla near Jerusalem about 25,000 people are living in the sand under Olive trees. They have only bread brought from Amman as food: there is no milk, eggs or meat. Yet many are pregnant women and in seventeen days, thirty two babies were born to mothers without even shelter. By winter time shelter for all these people must be found or tens of thousands will die of exposure and disease."

## *Reflections On The Parsi New Year*

*By S. H. JHABVALA.*

1318 years ago a small batch of persian Zoroastrians landed on the soil of India and having pledged themselves to the service of the country of their willing adoption, they lived a peaciul existence—enemies of none, friends of all. Year by year the community has been taking stock of their doings and judged by their usual standards of progress the year that closed yesterday has weighed on the side of credit.

The population being scattered Bombay may be taken to be the yard-stick ov which to count the Birth and Death figures during 1317 Yezdezardi. Bombay records according to the Municipal figures, Births to the tune of a little over 1,200, while the total number of Deaths goes up to about 950, leaving the usual balance of a couple of hundreds of added Parsis to the general increased population of the country. Communally speaking, numerically the Parsis are perhaps the best planned families in the country. Though it is deplored by the elders of the community that Parsis are gradually getting averse to marital ties and, therefore, their progeny does not leap forward, as it is much desired it ought to, yet the accepted fact is not appreciated that all the world over the more advanced and throughtful communities of people are constructing a well-organised social life on the basis of retarded production. It is this urge towards reasoned production that there were fewer marital knots tied this year than erstwhile. But the number of reduced marriages is not as startling as the number of disruptted families as evidently brought to light by the Parsi Matrimonial Court, which is not only the saddest episode in more recent Parsi history, but also foretells bad omens for the community's future. Sex equality and all its concomitants have gripped this sensitive race so firmly that the woman holds a larger sway in the Parsi families than man; and it is here that the more orthodox section of the community have been warning the community, but so far to no avail. In the course of last year a sternly orthodox organ called the "Parsi Avaz" has come to the forefront denouncing the whole of the present religious, and social life of the Parsis especially of a section of the priestly class, as nothing short of heterodox. The "Jame Jamshed" the veteran champion of Parsi life and thought is the weekly butt of vehement attack by the "Parsi Avaz". It reminds one of the old battles between two opposing lines of rival thought between 1850 and 1900.

**12 LAKHS FOR CHARITY**

But a communal group like the Parsis lives by its economic prosperity, and the Parsis can well prove it by their once again flooding the Panchayet Funds with charitable donations to the tune of Rs. 12 lakhs in the course of last year.

| | |
|---|---|
| Charity Building | Rs. 1,00,000 |
| Educational Religious and and Medical | Rs. 7,00,000 |

Even moffussil Anjumans have contributed to the Panchayet Funds Rs. 3,22,837. Add to these sums the very large donations made to the Surat Parakh Polytechnic Institute for students of all communities and you may safely put on record the oft-repeated verdict that Parsi charity even in these days of scarcity has not failed the country.

The Panchayet gave away about Rs. one lakh and a half as doles to the absolutely needy families numbering some 850, who otherwise would have found life impossible.

The question of giving alms and doles was all throughout the year under review, hotly debated, but the relieving feature is that the critics of the Panchayet policy have gradually been reeling round the faith that doles are a necessity for some time to come in the absence of any concrete methods of relief in the case of the absolutely helpless and incapacitated. Similar other records of charity are to be found with other private charitable trusts who have this year made a new departure by aiding intellectual scholarship to be achieved in fofeign lands.

Health is particularly being attended to by this community and two Dispesaries weer opened—one at the Gamadia Colony and the other at the Khareghat Colony. The Trustees of the Panchayet also found their efforts greatly aided by two donations, one of Rs. 2,68,400 and the other of Rs. 1,02,100 from which they started a Medical Health Unit. The Unit is intended for specialised treatment of all sorts of diseases among those who are unable to secure proper treatment.

**MOVING WITH TIMES**

Moving with the spirit of the times the community has been devoting ever increasing attention to the pursuit of technical and industrial education among the youths of the community. Besides the large donation made to the above mentioned Surat Technological Institute Rs. 2,60,000 were given away by the Trustees of the late Mr. R. H. Patuck for promotion of this branch of technical studies. An addition was made to the existing bunglies at the Doongerwadi by the relatives of Khan Bahadur Bejonji Hodiwala in the course of the last year.

A special vocational Bureau also has been set afoot for proper guidance of the unemployed with a donation of Rs. 50,000.

In matters political the community has remained true to the salt its members in the past have been. This smallest minority in the country willingly pioneered the scheme of Joint Electorates setting an example to much larger communities in the country, and Sir H. P. Mody, in a dignified minute to the Minorities Committee appointed by the Constituent Assembly, submitted the case of the Parsis to the country, the reward being that though Mr. C. H. Bhabha did not belong to the Congress Party yet he was invited to become a member of the Central Cabinet in the Commerce Department and Mr. M. R. Masani was deputed to represent the interests of India as an Ambassador in Brazil. Mr. Sidhwa has been rendering a good account of himself as a representative in the Dominion Parliament. Similar higher posts are being enjoyed by Parsis in the state. In Bombay Mr. A. S. Bam and Mr. Bharucha, the Police Commissioner, may be quoted as instances to the point. In every phase of social service the the Parsi has kept up his deserving rank and against baffling problems of the State he has maintained that calm dignity of life and behaviour that cannot fail to be an inspiring lesson to his fellow-country-men.

Communalism and Provincialism are never in his thought and he has uniformly supported the Congress, though ofttimes he has also bitterly criticised the Congress policy in certain respects.

Among the noteworthy deaths in the community have been those of the great Parsi industrialist, Sir Homi Mehta, and Solicitors K. B. Mehta and Mr. Kanga.

The year 1318 bids fair for the community if it pursues the political policy hitherto followed by it.

## OUR READERS' VIEWS

### Prices Of Motor Spare Parts

Sir,—At a time when Government is seriously considering measures to prevent inflation,, allow me to present some constructive suggestions in this regard with particular reference to motor spare parts market. As far as the inflated prices of motor accessories are concerned, it would perhaps be no exaggeration to say that they arise in some measure from the present import policy of the Government. As Bombay alone takes more than 75 per cent of the country's imports of motor parts, it is obvious that Bombay's imports can sway considerably the prices of motor spares all over the country. Here, the present practice of granting licences to not more than 10 per cent of the total number of Bombay motor merchants (and to some who are not motor merchants at all) on the basis of the volume of their past imports, shutting out rigorously the "new-comers", places a virtual monopoly in the hands of a few. Some of these do not scruple to exploit the situation in their favour by insisting on making a profit of 300 to 400 per cent. Even the accredited representatives of some renowned foreign firms who have definite instructions to adhere strictly to the company's price-lists, sometimes, charge above the list rates. The smaller dealers who get their supplies from these direct importers have their own margin to make. The result of all this is that the ultimate consumer, who has his vehicle "off the road", has to obtain his requirements at exorbitant prices.

A simple remedy for the abovementioned malpractices would be a modification in the Government's import policy. Instead of granting individual licences to a select few, the Government may issue a consolidated licence (to the approximate aggregate value of Bombay's share of the country's imports) to the Bombay Motor Merchants' Association Ltd. (the only representative body of the Bombay motor merchants commanding allegiance of more than 200 motor merchants) who should in turn distribute the quota as far as possible equally amongst all its members, giving preferential treatment to such of the present direct importers as have a special claim by reason of their past fair dealings. That will be a step in the right direction inasmuch as it will entirely remove the hoarding tendency by fostering a spirit of competition amongst the members all of whom would be importers of some standing. Thus the ultimate consumer will no longer be fleeced.—Yours, etc.

PRABHJOT SINGH.

### Intimation Of Vacant Flats

Sir,—Referring to the press announcement appearing in the 'Bombay Chronicle' of the 26th inst. I wish to state the following:

On the 16th July, 1948, I reported to the Government the vacancy of a flat and requested them to inquire into it immediately. Certain other blocks that fell vacant in the same place were let out, during the last 3-4 months, without the knowledge of the Government. This fact became clear to me only later on and I decided to act promptly in the above instance. As no reply was received from the Government for over three weeks, I followed up the matter with a reminder on the 11th August and, strange to say, I am yet to know the result.

Some of your readers can guess what can happen in such circumstances. The block has been quietly occupied by a more 'lucky' person, a week back. Government can, of course, set aside my claim by classifying me as second or tenth informant but for this my answer is that I am put up in a building opposite to the one I have reported, and I can reasonably claim to know first what is happening there, every day.—Yours, etc.,

K. S. NARAYAN.

## FRANKLY SPEAKING

### Reading Rooms For Workers

Those interested in labour welfare will warmly welcome the Bombay Government's scheme to widen the reading room and library activities in labour localities of the province. According to the scheme, assistance will be given by way of supply of books and periodicals to institutions willing to bear a minimum of 25 per cent of the recurrent cost of running reading rooms and libraries. Labour welfare institutions should make good use of Government's generous scheme. We trust Government's contribution of books and periodicals will not be mere party propaganda but will have a much wider educational value.

### Students And Social Service

Inaugurating the Jai Hind College in the city on Wednesday, Mr. B. G. Kher earnestly exhorted students in general to learn not merely from books but also from direct contact with society through suitable social service. That alone can train students for responsible citizenship. Such training will be widespread if some instruction in the theory and practice of organised social service is given in every school and college. The instruction can be more impressive and inspiring if teachers and professors set an example by participating in well-planned social welfare work. Mr. Kher said that the Bombay Government was "sympathetically considering" a suggestion made by certain educationists that social service for a few months should form part of the education of a college student before graduating. This suggestion of some sort of conscription for social service has its value in attaining speedy results in national reconstruction. But what we have suggested is a method of permanently creating in the minds of all students the spirit of social service and instructing them in intelligent methods of rendering it.

### Law And Liberty

Interesting views were expressed at the symposium organised by the Progressive Group on law and liberty. Normally there ought not to be any clash between these two. If law is the defender of liberty, the latter shoud also be a guarantor of the former. By Law, of course, is not meant an executive fiat of the Government but legislation put on the statute book in the constitutional manner. Once Government feels that it has the monopoly of wisdom, then there is good-bye both to law and liberty, as Justice Tendolkar rightly observed. He also noted that the clause on personal liberty in the draft constitution was 'clumsy' and gave powers to the Government to deny liberty after going through 'the procedure prescribed by law." It is to be hoped that members of the Constituent Assembly will take due notice of this criticism. At the same time it must be pointed out that modern constitutions invest the executive with extraordinary powers to meet an emergency. Of course, such powers must be severely circumscribed both in extent and duration. In the ultimate analysis it is well-informed and well-organised public opinion alone which is the best defender of both law and liberty.

### Recognition Of Homoeopathy

The Government of India may be congratulated on having appointed a Committee to consider the question of homoeopathic treatment in India. The Committee is representative and competent, Bombay being represented by Dr. L. D. Dhawale, President, Postgraduate Homoeopathic Association, Bombay. It is noteworthy that the Committee is not called upon to pronounce an opinion on the soundness or the scientific character of the system of homoeopathy. That is, of course, assumed, particularly in view of the resolution of the Constituent Assembly in February last demanding due recognition of the system by Government. The Committee is rather called upon to survey the progress of the system in India and to make recommendations on, among other things, "the measures to be taken to improve facilities for training in homoeopathy and to regulate such training and the desirability of State control of the practice of homoeopathy." The desirability of State aid to Homoeopathic hospitals and dispensaries and practitioners in rural areas is not specifically mentioned but is, we believe, implied in the terms of reference. In any case the Committee will, we hope, emphasise the need for such aid. State discrimination against homoeopathy cannot but hinder its progress.

### Indian Representation At UN

The paucity of Indians in the United Nations Secretariat is an old grouse. It was hoped that with India becoming an independent country, this grievance would be redressed. There is no doubt some improvement. 24 Indians being now employed instead of the ten a year ago. But this is hardly in keeping with the standing and the size of India or the contribution she makes to the U.N. Those employees moreover are mostly in subordinate positions. It is to be hoped, therefore, that the Secretary-general, M. Trygve Lie, will give urgent attention to this question and see that both the quality and quantity of Indian representation in the various offices of the U. N. is improved without delay. This is necessary not only to remove a long-standing grouse of this country but also to assure that the United Nations is really a world organisation drawing upon the talent of all its constituent members as also catering to their welfare.

### "High Politics"

The Council of Foreign Ministers' deputies has submitted to the Foreign Ministers its recommendations on the future of Italian colonies. These recommendations are, however, says a London message, being kept secret. The reasons for this secrecy are already known. There are differences among the Big Four on the disposal of those colonies. But the differences are those of degree. Every one wants to woo Italy with its former colonies—and it has ceased to be a shocking surprise that the anti-colonial Soviet Union wants to hand over all of them back to Italy, via, of course, the Trusteeship Council of the United Nations. The United States and France would hand over nearly all of them and Britain would like to keep Cyrenaica and possibly Eritrea out of Italian colonial domination. No one seems to remember that Italy is, in all decency and humanity, disqualified from administering its unfortunate former victims. Nor does it occur to any one that if trusteeship is necessary it is even more necessary as a moral obligation to the peoples concerned that they should be placed in charge of those, who can have no expansionist interests of their own, whether political or economic, and who should have some affinity with those peoples. Still less does it strike the Big Powers that denial of independence to the colonies, especially to Cyrenaica and Tripolitania, is far from an honest observance of their own former declarations and of the U. N. Charter. But this is what is called "High Politics."

## TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

**CAPETOWN, Sept. 1 (Reuter): Doctor Daniel Malan, South African Prime Minister, told the Union Parliament here today there had never been any question of the incorporation of native protectorate into the Union being subject to the natives agreement.**

**Anti-South African propaganda at the United Nations had incited the world and the natives against the Union making incorporation difficult, Dr. Malan added. The Government was awaiting the right time to tackle the problem again.**

* * *

Seth Ramkrishna Dalmia, who is out, we mean, who has gone out to Europe, to back, as Reuter says, the World Federal Government movement has given the public warning that, if he thought the movement didn't have sufficient power to succeed, he would launch his own movement for one World Government.

A sort of Government of one world by one man for one world?

* * *

Seth Dalmia is, we are further informed, convinced that, if America, Russia and Britain were agreed upon one-world Government, the rest of the world would welcome it.

We hail Seth Dalmia's view as an epoch-making discovery. In fact, it should go on record as by far the greatest sensation not of the century but of the millenium.

* * *

By the way, Reuters correspondent emphasises, by way perhaps of a personal explanation, that Seth Dalmia "has sweeping ideas on a single Government for the world which, however, he underlines are personal conceptions to which on detail, he would defer to world experts".

Which has damped our enthusiasm. We wish the correspondent hadn't.

And any way, it was unnecessary, too.

* * *

Mr. Louis Fischer pleads that India should align herself with the democracies (meaning the Western Powers) not because they were perfect but because they were imperfect and would gain by India's association.

According to a fairly good few they are already gaining—by Kashmir-in-India's association with them.

* * *

"But for Pakistan's existence", Mr. Louis Fischer said further, "the problem of Hyderabad would never have arisen and Pakistan's success in Kashmir and Hyderabad will extend considerably the area in South-East Asia where chaos prevails".

Hadn't he better tell his democracies that?

* * *

Addressing a Muslim meeting at Surat, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Ansari the Bihar Minister, is reported to have insisted that those, who yet had "Pakistan in their hearts", had no place here.

But if the poor chaps went there, they would have the heavy burden of Pakistan on their heads.

* * *

Count Bernadotte's chief of Staff complains that both the Israeli and Egyptian Governments had agreed to a withdrawal of their forces from Jerusalem and the establishment of 'a no-man's land' around the city, but so far nothing has happened.

And it would be most inconvenient to canvass the reason why.

* * *

Delivering the opening speech at the Constituent Assembly for the eleven West German States, Dr. Karl Arnold, Premier of North Westphalia, declared: "There is no dispute among the German people on unity and partition".

Whereafter the Constituent Assembly proceeded to inaugurate the Parliamentary Council of partitioned Germany (Western Zone).

* * *

Dr. Hjalmar Schacht, the well-known financial genius of former Germany, has won his appeal against a ten-year labour camp sentence passed by a De-Nazification court.

Good. And the important question now is: What will Dr. Hjalmar Schacht do next?

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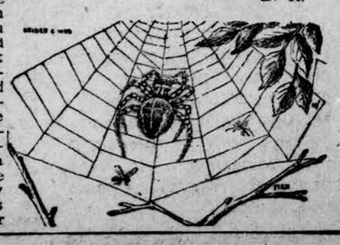
## OPEN AIR

Spiders abound in my garden these days. Wherever we look we seem to see a web stretched between the branches, generally with its owner sitting patiently and watchfully in the centre waiting for some winged victim to fly against the strong silken trap which it has constructed with so much patience and labour. There are many different kinds of garden spiders, ranging in colour from white, through pale green and light brown, to the lovely black ones with gold and silver markings. It is to these black and gold ones that the prize for web-making must go! The centre of the web is decorated with four spring-like zig-zags of thicker silk radiating from the centre. I often wonder if these extra strands are merely for decoration or if they are placed there to attract victims to the web. Directly the spider feels the vibration as an insect flies into the sticky meshes, it runs to the spot and stings its victim so that its struggles shall not break the web. Then she wraps it up with a few strands of silk and either eats it at once or leaves it to be eaten at leisure.

D. R.



# "SLOW DOWN" IN PROHIBITION POLICY

## Indian Cabinet's Bid To Solve Economic Crisis

(Continued from Page 1)

tribution of profits, industrialists undertake voluntarily not to distribute dividends above the average of the last three years. In the case of companies which have not yet paid dividends or have paid dividends lower than six per cent, they undertake that dividends distributed shall be limited to six per cent.

If Government are not satisfied with the implementation of this undertaking by industry, they should take such action as effectively to enforce the proposed limitations.

**CEILING TO PRICES**

**(4) The imposition of a ceiling to prices involves control of essential commodities. In view of the grave emergency the industrialists agree that control of prices and distribution of essential commodities which constitute the necessaries of life has become unavoidable.**

(5) Production, both Agricultural and Industrial should be increased For increasing industrial production, the following measures are necessary:

(A) Uniform labour legislation throughout the country.

(B) Improvement of transport.

(C) Rationalisation of labour. The over-all employment of labour iis disproportionately large and the attitude of labour is to resista any attitude at rationalisation; Government intervention is, therefore necessary.

(D) Introduction of third shift wherever possible, and particularly in the cotton textile industry, and regular supplies of coal and essential raw materials to achieve this.

(9) There is no need to raise the bank rate or to float new Government loans at higher rates of interest. Such action would only further disrupt the investment market. (10) Treasury Bills of maturities varying from three to 12 months and in lower denominations should be introduced. (11) The Reserve Bank should be empowered to restrict credit in any locality where such restriction is necessary to keep prices under control.

(12) Government should make an unequivocal announcement that they have no intention whatever to devalue currency, freeze bank deposits, or demonetize 100-Rupee notes. (13) Imports of commodities which really enter into the consumption of the masses (e.g., foodgrain, kerosene, matches) should be greatly liberalised. Similarly, the imports of capital goods, steel, scarce minerals and essential raw materials of Industry should also be liberalised.

**CABINET COMMITTEE**

(14) The statistical organisation of Government should be strengthened.

(15) A small Committee of the Cabinet presided over by the Prime Minister should be set up, to co-ordinate Government policy in economic matters. This Committee should be assisted by a Standing Advisory Committee or Committees representatives of economists, businessmen and labour.

**(16) Government should set up a public relations department for economic affairs. The functions of this department will be to keep the public informed of Government activities and the difficulties that they encounter, and to keep Government in touch with public opinion.**

**ECONOMISTS' RECOMMENDATIONS**

The economists in their recommendations suggest that remedial action would require action both by the Government of India and Provinces. As regards the action by the Government of India they suggest that a supplementary budget should be introduced in October to give effect to anti-inflationary measures: grants to provinces out of the Central Budget should be discontinued except where it could be demonstrated that they could add to the production of essential commodities in a short period; refund of excess profit tax deposits should be postponed; all capital expenditure should be financed by genuine borrowing; stringent measures should be devised to prevent tax evasion; the rate of business tax should be increased to 25 per cent; steeply graduated death duties should be introduced.

On the subject of borrowing the economists suggest that treasury bills of 6 months and 1 years duration at slightly higher rates of interests should be introduced. Attractiveness of small savings should be augmented; terminable Government loans which mature should not be paid immediately if under the terms of the loan repayment could be postponed. Modification of controls has been suggested on the present system of capital issues for industrial purposes; continuation of control for the allocation of essential materials and preference to imports of essential consumer goods; expert controls should be exercised with a view to enabling the country to implement any bilateral trade agreements which have been entered into for securing imports of essential supplies; dividends declared by companies should be limited to the average of the last two years dividends and in the case of new companies they should not exceed 6 per cent; personal incomes such as wages, salaries and dividends should be frozen; rebate from taxation should be granted for production above standard output as an incentive to industrial expansion.

**CALL FOR RETRENCHMENT IN GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE**

As a common action by the Government of India and the Provinces, Unions and states, the Economists suggest vigorous retrenchment in expenditure and in war-time and post-war growth of staff departments; limitation of expenditure on social, educational and welfare activities. Fixation of ceiling prices for all foodgrains; control of prices and distribution of cotton and cloth should be elaborated, if necessary, on the lines of State monopoly. Government should lay down for each major industry a programme of production and the system of production bonuses should be introduced as far as practicable; the present efforts to increase agricultural production should be further intensified.

**LABOUR LEADERS' SUGGESTIONS**

Labour leaders has individually suggested rdecommendations. Miss Maniben Kara advocates control on essential commodities, both in distribution and production; import of consumer gods in sufficient quantities so as to remove shortages and check monopolistic tendences of producers and effective steps to seize black market money.

Mrs. Renuka Ray wants rigorous suppression of bribery and corruption a system of priorities in the distribution of essential commodities in short supply and attraction of surplus in Government loans oi essential industrial undertakings.

Mr. Khandubhai Desai suggests freezing of some portion of surplus credit and surplus currencies, bringing down prices of essential commodities to 150 percent above pre-war level, prohibition of speculation in essential commodities, opening of fair prices shops for foodstuifs by Government, freezing of one-third of the deposits or investments in banks or Government securities by firms and utilisation of sterling releases by Government alone.

Mr. Dinker Desai suggests control over esssential commodities, lowering of prices and increase in land revenue.

**BANKERS ADVICE TO GOVT.**

Among the recommendations of the bankers are in all-out effort to increase production, mopping up of surplus purchasing power, restriction of grant of credits by banks and increase in the rate of interest. The bankers are appreciative of the administrative difficulties of reimposing controls and are sceptical of the ability of Government to undertake large-scale public enterprises. They suggest that Government should take short-term point of view and adhere to conservative economic policies.

**GOVT. ECONOMISTS' SUGGESTIONS**

The Government of India economists emphasise immediate and long-term objective. In the former line they suggest encouragement of investment in Government and industrial securities and increase of production. In the long-term objectives they suggest promotion of an expansionist economy and full utilisation of the production potential of the country.

Among the remedial measures they suggest postponement of expenditure on purely reformist and welfare schemes, retention of the present level of taxation and finding out of new sources of taxation, introduction of compulsory savings schemes, stimulation of foreign private investment, control of prices of essential commodities and maximum utilisation of foreign exchange resources for import of consumer goods, if capital goods are not fully available.

**ECONOMIC ADVISER'S RECOMMENDATIONS**

Dr. P. J. Thomas, Economic Adviser to the Ministry of Finance, recommends mopping up of surplus money, retrenchment in administration, freezing of wages and salaries, intensification of the savings movement, slowing down of capital expenditure and expenditure on welfare schemes, liberalisation of import policy, prohibition of speculation in essential commodities and rationing.

Prof. N. G. Ranga says that the solution to the present problem of inflation is not deflation but fixing up an economic price for foodgrains on an economic subsistence wage to agricultural workers and effective control of bank credit, note circulation, profits and savings.

**ATTRACT FOREIGN CAPITAL**

Mr. Jai Prakash Narain, Socialist Leader, emphasises an all out effort to increase production. He suggests that both import and export trade should be made a State monopoly, the State should try to attract foreign capital and even foreign enterpreneurs in order to accelerate industrialisation in terms that may not be against National interests and greater attention to agriculture.

On the monetary side, Mr. Jai Prakash Narain desires raising of the bank rate, control of bank credit imposition of Capital levy to immobilise capital resources and Purchase Tax on luxuries securing blackmarket money for State investment and promotion of the schemes of compulsory savings.

## QUESTION HOUR TO BE SUSPENDED

NEW DELHI Sept. 2 (API)—The question hour in Parliament is to be suspended during the next two days in devote more time to official business in an endeavour to finish the items on the agenda before the sessions ends.

The speaker, who announced this in Parliament today, also stated that tomorrow (which is a non-official day) at 4 p.m. the House would take up official business still pending on the agenda. The House would break at 5 p.m. as usual but would reassemble a t5-30 p.m. to continue for one hour more.

## RATION QUANTUM

The foodgrains ration quantum and the maximum proportions prescribed for different cereals in the Greater Bombay rationed area, for the week commencing from September 5 to September 11 remain the same as at present.

## PARTY TO CITY CIVIL COURT JUDGE

A dinner party at the Taj given by Mr. G. J. Saldanha and Mr. R. S. Dharia to felicitate Mr. Karl Khandalawalla on his appointment as Judge of the Bombay City Civil Court. Among those present were Mr. M. B. Honavar, Chief Judge of the City Civil Court, Mr. M. S. Noronha, Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court and Mr. M. P. Amin, Advocate-General of Bombay, Mr. K. C. Thakore, Mr. J. Menezes, Presidency Magistrates and Mr. T. T. Barodawalla and D. J. Nanavati, Judges of Small Causes Court.

# Demand For Nationalisation Of Imperial Bank Of India

(Continued from Page 1)

classes of prisoners who would be exchanged.

As regards Pandit Bhargava's suggestion that there was no need to say in the Bill what they would do with the prisoners after the exchange, Mr. Ayyangar agreed there was something in the point. But Government thought that they should indicate exactly what they would do with them. Prisoners who would be handed over to Pakistan would not be allowed to come back again to India without the written permission of the Central Government. Such permissions would not be granted until individual cases had been adequately examined. Anyone committing a breach of the rule would be tried under the law.

Before the transfers were completed, Mr. Ayyangar assured the House that "we shall see that everybody who has to come over has been included in the list we received from Pakistan."

QUESTION OF RECIPROCITY

On the question of reciprocity, Mr. Ayyangar explained that reciprocity extended only to the fact of the transfer but did not extend to the numbers exchanged. Pakistan had agreed to hand over all Hindu and Sikh prisoners in jails in the areas to which the agreement would apply to India. India had agreed to hand over all Muslim prisoners in the areas in India, to which the agreement would apply."

The House passed the motion for consideration of the bill.

The bill was passed with a few minor amendments.

### RESERVE BANK BILL

The Finance Minister Mr. K. C. Neogy moved that the Bill to bring the share capital of the Reserve Bank of India into State ownership be taken into consideration. Mr. Neogy said it was intended that the new regime should come into being with effect from January 1, 1949.

**MANAGEMENT**

The most important provision of the Bill related to management. The clause closely followed a corresponding provision of the Bank of England Act of 1946. In support of that clause, the British Chancellor of the Exchequer had said, "in one aspect this bill only legalises the actual situation. The relations between the Bank of England and the Treasury have long been close, confidential and even intimate and so they must continue. But this relationship has until now been factual rather than legal and H.M.G. feel and the British people feel that the time has now come when these two parties, the old man of the Treasury and the old lady of Threadneedle Street should be legally married.

Mr. Neogy added "there have been the closest relations with the Governor of the Reserve Bank and the Government of India, particularly in the Finance Ministry. What we are seeking to do now is merely to give a legal basis to that close and confidential relationship that has always subsisted between the Governor of the Reserve Bank and the Government of India."

The compensation provided in the Bill followed the assurance given by his predecessor on behalf of Government in the last session of the Assembly.

The original idea was to take steps to nationalise the Reserve Bank after September 30, 1948 when i. was to cease to be common banker for India and Pakistan. Pakistan having mean while set up its own Central Bank with effect from July 1, 1948, the Government of India were in a position to carry out the promise of Nationalisation earlier than was anticipated.

There had been the closest relations with the Governor of the Reserve Bank and the Government of India particularly in the Finance Ministry. What the Government of India were seeking to do now was merely to give a legal basis to that close and confidential relationship that had always subsisted between the Governor of the Reserve Bank and the Government of India.

It was in the fitness of things, said the Finance Minister, that the first piece of legislation to bring about their ideas of Nationalisation should relate to an institution which was really the pivot of the Financial system of the country and on which, to a very large extent depends the economic well-being of society. The demand for the Nationalisation of the Reserve Bank, he said, 'Is older than the bank itself. I am one of those who, as a member of the Central Assembly of those days, have been advocating State ownership of the Central Bank of India ever since 1927, when the idea of a Central Bank was first mooted. It took several years for the Government of the day to arrive at a compromise with regard to this matter and it was in 1933 that the constitution of the Shareholders' Bank was placed on the Statute Book.

**COMPROMISE MEASURE**

It was a compromise measure, a compromise to which some of our leaders of the day were parties. And yet in the year 1933, we, a united minority, persisted in our attitude of opposition to the Shareholders Bank. I apologise to the House for striking a personal note, but I would not be human if I was not affected by the memory of those days and the fact that it had fallen to my lot to pilot this Bill in the sovereign Parliament of India today' (cheers).

On February 4, 1948, in reply to a question in the House, his predecessor made the announcement that the Government proposed to take steps to nationalise the Reserve Bank after September 30, 1948, when it would cease to be the common banker for India and Pakistan. Pakistan having meanwhile set up its own Central Bank with effect from July 1, 1948, the Government of India were in a position to carry out that promise earlier than was anticipated.

It was now intended that the new regime should come into being with effect from January 1, 1949.

**"FOREIGN EXCHANGE"**

Another provision, the Finance Minister said, substituted the words "foreign exchange" for the words 'Sterling' that was in a way incidental to India's membership of the International Monetary Fund and also to the amendment which had already been carried out to Sections 40 and 41 of the Reserve Bank Act. As a matter of fact, there was no reason why they should be confined to Sterling securities for purposes of acquiring the assets of the Reserve Bank. Now the intention was that the Reserve Bank would be in a position to hold the securities of any country which was a member of the International Monetary Fund and would not be confined merely to Sterling Securities.

Mr. Neogy said that he would be moving a few amendments but they were not of a substantial character. As a matter of fact, the idea at one time was to refer the Bil to a Select Committee but for very many reasons Government had to trouble the House to take the Bill into consideration straight-away.

**NATIONALISE IMPERIAL BANK ALSO**

Seth Govind Das recalled how Sir Basil Blackett had years ago, when the proposal to set up the Reserve Bank was mooted, said it should be a National concern. He had to quit office because the British Government would not agree to his suggestion. After many years, today, the Bill was being brought forward to nationalise the Reserve Bank. To derive benefits out of Nationalisation, however, he suggested that the Imperial Bank of India should also be nationalised immediately. After the Imperial Bank was nationalised, the Government should assist all the scheduled banks in the countdy equally just as they were now helping the Imperial Bank.

**"ILLEGAL LIAISON"**

**Mr. Hossain Imam welcomed the measure but said that the continuance of the Eupee being linked to the Sterling was an "illegal liaison."**

**ENEMY NUMBER TWO**

**Mr. B Das welcomed the measure as a first step but said it must be immediately followed by the Nationalisation of the Imperial Bank also. The Imperial Bank had in the past functioned as a slave of the Bank of England and the British Government. All the siler and gold circulating in the country as coins had been melted and taken away in the past. If the Civil Service was enemy Number One prior to August 15, 1947, the Imperial Bank was Enemy Number Two.**

Mr. Das referred to a statement made by the Governor of the Imperial Bank that 96 of its officers today were Indians as against 56 Europeans and that they were going to appoint an Indian as a Deputy Governor, and said, "which Indian today wants to be the Deputy Governor. Every European employees of the Bank should be dismissed forthwith and the Governor must be an Indian."

Mr. Prabhudayal Himmatsinga welcomed the bill, although he pointed out that Governmental control of the bank even now was quite saisfactory.

Mr. T. A. Ramalingam Chettiar criticised the Reserve Bank for not helping industrialists. The only way in which agriculture was helped was through co-operative societies. Ever since the Bank was started, there had been atussle between it and the co-operative societies. In Madras where they had advanced some 20 crores of rupees for agricultural purposes, the Reserve Bank had given only 30 or 40 lakhs.

Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari, welcoming the bill, hoped that the Government would bring forward another measure for Nationalising the Imperial Bank during the next session. The present bill represented only a little part of what the country had in mind to advance its monetary interests. He had heard Mr. Chettiar's remarks on co-operative banking with interest, but he was sorry to hear him condemn the management of the Reserve Bank outright. Everyone realised, of course that the Reserve Bank Act was imperfect.

The argument that because the Imperial Bank had branches in Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon it could not be nationalised could not also be accepted, Mr. Krishnamachari added.

**"RED LETTER DAY"**

**Prof. Shibban Lall Saksena said, "this day when this important institution is being rationalised, can be called a Red Letter Day. I hope that in the budget session, the first measure that will be passing will be a bill to nationalise the Imperial Bank of India. I hope that after nationalisation of the Reserve Bank. Government will go forward and nationalise all the key industries one by one."**

Mr. K. Santanam said that even more important than the question of Nationalisation was the question of relieving currency from the domination of Sterling and consequently that of the Bank of England. To some extent, it had been achieved by India's membership of the International Monetary Fund and the consequent release from the obligation to give Sterling for rupees and 'vice versa' but still there were many provisions in the Reserve Bank of India Act which preserved the old domination of the Sterling.

The Bank of England did not keep a single Rupee as its reserve nor did it keep a single Dollar as its reserve, Mr. Santanam said. It was content to live on its own integrity and keep only the securities of its own Government and of its own Nationals as Reserve. That was also the case with regard to every other self-respecting national bank.

Mr. Neogy intervened to say that the Bill ought to substitute the world 'Foreign Exchange' for the world Sterling.

Mr. Santanam: My objection is to foreign exchange also because in the same way as we are today a slave of Sterling, we would become a slave of Foreign Exchange.

Seth Govind Das asked whether it was expected that by the next Budget Session of the Assembly something concrete would be done in his respect and whether some legislation would be brought forward before the House during the next session.

**NO CATEGORICAL ASSURANCE**

Mr. Neogy said that he was not in a position to give any categorical assurance of that kind. As far as he could recollect, no categorical assurance of any kind was given by his predecessor as to the time that would b taken for the purpose of bringing forward such a measure.

Mr. Neogy assured the House that the administration of the Reserve Bank would not deteriorate as a result of Nationalisation. He could give that assurance without any qualification.

The House adjourned till tomorrow after passing the First Reading.

The compensation provided for the transfer of the shares followed the assurance given by his predecessor in the last session of the assembly.

# Mediator On "Slight Improvement" In Peace Hopes!

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Mediator Count Bernadotte declared today that Palestine peace hopes had slightly "improved" though the "very grave" position in Jerusalem contrasted with the calm in other parts of the Holy land.

The Count, speaking in Paris on the way back to his Rhodes Peace Headquarters from Stockholm, announced that he would appeal to the Security Council unless Jews and Arabs carried out their agreement to neutralise the Red Cross area of Jerusalem. He hoped to have talks with both sides in a few days, and said his report to the United Nations Secretary-General, Mr. Trygve Lie, with whom he conferred in the French capital yesterday, would be ready for the General Assembly on September 21.

"When I began my negotiations I said there was one per cent chance", the Mediator stated, "now I think the chances are better, perhaps two per cent."

He had no personal knowledge of direct peace talks at present but "If the Arabs and Jews should start negotiations without going through me I should be the happiest man in the world."

**30 MORE BELGIAN OBSERVERS**

Thirty more Belgian truce observers have arrived in Jerusalem, probably to help in neutralising the Red Cross area south of the Holy City, due to start in the next few days, Reuter's correspondent cabled.

**ALLEGED JEWISH VIOLATIONS**

In Amman the Arabs alleged the Jews had violated the truce by attacking the Arab village of Deir Aban, between Ramleh and Hebron with mortars and small arms fire

They claimed six Jews and one Arab were killed when the Jewish fire was returned.

**ARAB PLAN OF ACTION**

Abdul Rahman Azzam Pasha, Secretary-General of the Arab League, told Reuter in Cairo today that the Arab League Political Committee would meet during the next few days to consider the Arab plan of action at the United Nations General Assembly in Cairo this month.

The meeting would also, he said, organise efforts to give prompt and effective help to Arab refugees; and co-ordinate Arab view-points on the forthcoming negotiations with Count Bernadotte.

**Azzam Pasha said there was no difference of view among the Arab States adding "the Arab States are resolved not to give the slightest opportunity to the Jews to create a Jewish state in Palestine."**

**ISRAEL TRANSJORDAN TALKS DENIED**

TEL AVIV, Sept. 2 (UPA): The Foreign Office today officially denied that peace talks between Israel and Transjordan have been held at Jericho.

It was revealed Bernadotte's chief of staff, General Lundstroem, during his visit to Cairo protested to the Egyptian Minister of Defence, Mohammed Haidar Pasha, about the killing of two French officers by Egyptian soldiers at Gaza on Saturday.

# INDIA'S STAND VINDICATED

## Geneva Tariffs Conference Decision On Boycott Of S. African Trade

GENEVA, Sept. 2, (Reuter): The boycott of South African trade by India and Pakistan was provisionally vindicated tonight by the meeting of 22 nations applying the Geneva tariffs and trade agreements. The meeting's decision was reached after two weeks secret debate and despite a strong plea from the South African delegation.

South Africa's chief delegate, Dr. A. J. Norval had earlier indicated that if the meeting did not find a compromise, South Africa might withdraw from the tariffs treaty grouping the world's main trading nations.

## BRITISH GOVT.'S 'FREEZE' MEASURES

### Issue Before Margate Labour Congress Session

LONDON, Sept. 2 (Reuter)—The General Council of the Trades Union Congress, which represents over seven million British industrial workers, is expected to decide today to recommend the Congress which meets at Margate next week, to support the Government's "freeze wages, prices, profits" policy.

There has been growing industrial agitation against the policy, certain quarters complaining that workers were asked to refrain from demanding increase while prices continued to rise and profits remained too high.

### Greek Guerilla Attacks Repulsed

ATHENS, Sept. 2 (Reuter)—The Greek General Staff "communique" today reported "successive counter-attacks" in Macedonia by "general" Markos men.

The "communique" said the attacks were repulsed.

## Stop Press

**PLANE CRASH NEAR SYDNEY**

SYDNEY, Sept 2 (UPA): A Douglas DC-3 aircraft carrying 10 passengers and three crewmen from Brisbane failed to arrive at Sydney last night. It was believed the plane crashed in the vicinity of Sydney in darkness and rain. Plans were made for an Air Force search to begin at daylight.

**BENES' CONDITION**

PRAGUE, Sept. 2 (Reuter): The strength of Dr. Eduard Benes is declining "slowly but visibly" said tonight's bulletin.

**FINAL 'CEASE-FIRE' COMPROMISE IN JERUSALEM**

AMMAN, Sept 2 (Reuter): Arabs and Jews agreed today through United Nations representatives, on a final cease-fire in Jerusalem, it was officially stated.

**POLICE TEAR GAS REFUGEE STALL HOLDERS**

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): The police used tear gas to disperse a procession of refugee stall-holders in Chandni Chowk today. The procession was taken out in contravention of the District Magistrate's order and was held to express dissatisfaction at the eviction of the refugee stall-holders from Chandni Chowk.

**HYDERABAD 'ECONOMIC BOARD'**

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Sept. 2, (A.P.I.): The Nizam's Government has set up an emergency Economic Board to "fight the inhuman economic blockade against Hyderabad", a Press Note announced today. The chief task of the Board will be to adjust production capacity of the State with its essential needs.

# LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

## Orissa Memorandum To Commission

CUTTACK, September 2, (API): The Linguistic Provinces Commission is visiting Waltair on September 4.

Prominent Congress leaders including Premier Harekrishna Mahatab, conferred at Swaraj Ashram during the last two days on the line the province should take up "in regard to its claims over the outlying Oriya tracts south of Orissa Province 'vis-a-vis' the proposed creation of Andhra Province."

It is understood that as a result of this discussion a comprehensive memorandum will be submitted to the Commission. Mr. Radhanath Rath will go to Waltair to watch the proceedings.

The Madras-Oriya Sabha and the Utkal Union Conference have also submitted memoranda to the Commission.

## KERALA PROVINCE

### Kelappan's Reply To Questionnaire

CALICUT, September 2, (API): The need for a separate Kerala Province is stressed by the President of the Kerala Congress Committee, Mr. K. Kelappan, replying to the questionnaire issued by the Linguistic Provinces Commission.

The reply, which was made on behalf of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee and the Aikya Kerala Council, stated that the new province would comprise the whole of the West Coast lying between the Western Ghats and the Arabian Sea including Travancore and Cochin States. North Kanara is, however, excluded as being part of Karnataka on account of its language and cultural affinity. In the event of Travancore and Cochin not joining, the reply suggested the remaining parts should be grouped together.

CALCUTTA, Sept 2 (UPI): Mr. Jagat Narain Lal, member of the Indian Constituent Assembly who is a member of the Linguistic Provinces Commission, left for Calcutta yesterday 'en-route' to Madras. From Calcutta, he proceeds to Madras on Sept. 3.

It is understood that the Commission will visit Madras, Vizagapatam, Kerala and Cochin. His stay in Madras will last for a month.

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CONSUMERS OF COAL and COKE, who have already been granted permits will be entitled to get during the month of September, 1948, the following percentage of quotas stated in their permits

**Steam coal 100 per cent.**
**Soft Coke 100 per cent.**
**Deshi Bhatta 50 per cent.**

Consumers having Foundry Hard Coke permits may get them revalidated again by applying to the Provincial Coal Controller, Bombay.

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**The position of the Bank as on 30-4-48.**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| (1) | Due to our Depositors ..... | Rs. 10,47,72,667 |
| (2) | Other Debts to Public ..... | Rs. 1,22,861 |
| | Total .... | Rs. 10,48,95,528 |

**To meet this we have:**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| (1) | Cash and Bank Balances ..... | Rs. 1,83,28,139 |
| (2) | Investments in Government Securities ..... | Rs. 5,56,00,000 |
| (3) | Investments in First Class Shares ..... | Rs. 5,61,000 |
| (4) | Investment in First Class Debentures ..... .. | Rs. 16,35,000 |
| (5) | Advance to reputed Businessmen on First Class and easily realisable Securities ..... | Rs. 4,49,41,619 |
| (6) | Other very good assets ..... | Rs. 6,80,000 |
| | Total: .... | Rs. 12,17,45,756 |

OVER 137 PER CENT OF DEMAND LIABILITIES AND 77 PER CENT OF TOTAL DEPOSITS ARE IN LIQUID ASSETS.

THE EXCESS OF ASSETS OVER LIABILITIES IS MORE THAN RUPEES ONE CRORE SIXTY-EIGHT LACS.

OUR ADVANCES IN PAKISTAN BRANCHES ARE LESS THAN TWO PER CENT OF OUR TOTAL ADVANCES AND THAT ALSO MOSTLY AGAINST GOLD, FIXED DEPOSITS, ETC.

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Mr. SANJIBAN BANERJEE, Bombay Branch Manager, Telephone: 34867.

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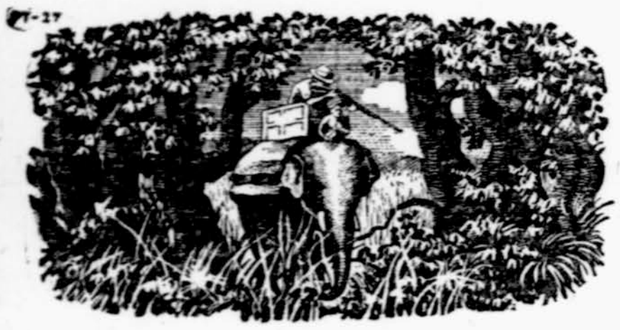

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# DHANWANTHARY VAIDYASALA

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AND OTHER BRANCHES:—

BRANCHES: ALLEPPEY, ALWAYE, ATTINGAL, COCHIN, CALICUT, CHANGANACHERRY, ERAPALLY, ERNAKULAM, ERATTUPETTA, KAYAMKULAM, KANJIRAPPALLY, KOTTAYAM, KOTTARAKARA, KOTHAMANGALAM, KOOTHATTUKULAM, MAVELIKARA, MUNDAKAYAM, MUVATTUPUZHA, NAGARCOIL, NEYYATTINKARA, PALAI, PARUR, PERUMBAVOOR, PIRAVOM, PONKUNNAM, POONJAR, PANDALAM, PUNALOOR, QUILON, SHERTALAI, THAKKALA, TIRUVALLA, TRICHUR, TRIPUNITHURA, TRIVANDRUM, VAIKOM, AND VAZHAKULAM

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# INDIAN DIPLOMATS ABROAD

## Nehru Replies To Questions In Parliament

### PROPERTY WORTH 700 CRORES LEFT BEHIND BY REFUGEES IN DELHI ALONE

**NEW DELHI, September 2, (A.P.I.): Mr. Gopalswami Ayyangar, Minister Without Portfolio, said in the Indian Parliament today in reply to Prof. Shibbanlal Saksena that the claims preferred by refugees in Delhi alone in respect of property left behind in Pakistan totalled over Rs. 700 crores.**

Mr. K. C. Neogy, Commerce Minister, said in reply to Mr. R. K. Sidhwa that manganese was available in appreciable quantities in this country and it was doubtful whether a ban on exports would directly lead on an increase in the production of steel and iron in India. Government had, however, decided to control its exports with a view to conserving this valuable mineral for the fututre needs of the country.

Mr. N. V. Gadgil, Minister of Works, mines and power, said that the number of houses in Delhi requisitioned by the central government and by the Delhi administration were 402 and 70 respectively.

**NO DIPLOMATIC INDISCRETION**

Mr. H. V. Kamath asked the Prime Minister: 'Is it a fact that the leader-designate of our delegation to the ensuing session of the U.N. General Assembly at Paris recently committed a diplomatic indiscretion by making a statement to an American agency, a statement not too friendly to the country to which she is accredited, to the effect that India was rather disturbed at the strong Soviet press attacks against the internal and foreign policy of India? If so, was the statement made after consultation with the Government here?"

Pandit Nehru: "Absolutely. That is the Government's view of that matter."

Mr. Kamath: "Is it proper diplomatic procedure to convey protests through a foreign news agency?"

Pandit Nehru: "It is a very casual statement that some comments in the press there are unfortunate and do not help matters much. There was nothing undiplomatic about it. It was a statement of fact, which fact has been stated differently on several occasions. I just do not see why my hon'ble friend is exercised about the matter."

Mr. Tirumala Rao: "Has the Ambassador in Moscow drawn attention to the continued and persistent attacks carried on by the Moscow press, supported by the Moscow Government, against the Indian Government and particularly the Prime Minister."

Speaker Mavlankar: "That is going much beyond the scope of the question."

Mr. H. V. Kamath: "Whom does the Jam Sahib of Nawanagar (a member of the Delegation) represent, living India or fossil India?"

Pandit Nehru: "He represents the State Department of the Government of India." (Laughter).

Mr. Kamath: "Has any dress been prescribed for members of our delegations going abroad and further, have they been advised to abstain from alcoholic drinks?"

Pandit Nehru: "No dress has been prescribed for members of our delegation but a certain ceremonial dress has been prescribed for our diplomatic representatives, which is normally speaking a 'Sherwani' and Pyjamas. So our diplomats abroad wear that dress. As for members of delegations, they are left completely free to wear what they like, provided it is done with propriety (laughter). Instructions are always issued to our delegations that at official parties, etc., they may give, there should be no alcoholic drinks served. No instructions are issued as to private lives of individuals."

Mr. Kamath: "Is he aware that the leader of the parliamentary delegation which is leaving for London sometime this month has enjoined upon his colleagues a uniform dress?"

The Speaker ruled out the question.

**SPEAKER RULES IT OUT**

Mr. Kamath: "Is it not a fact that Mahatma Gandhi just a few days before his martyrdom suggested that a poor country like India should drastically cut down expenditure on delegations or missions abroad?"

This too was ruled out.

Mr. Kamath asked why the names of the members of the Parliamentary delegation were not announced in the House.

Pandit Nehru: "That has nothing to do with the Government. It is for the House and the Speaker to determine. Government has neither nominated it nor is it supposed officially to know anything about it."

Speaker: "That is not for the Prime Minister." (Laughter).

**MALAN'S MOVE**

The Prime Minister said in reply to Mr. H. V Kamath that the bill to amend the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Act, of which the South African Premier had given notice, sought to repeal Chapter 2 of the Act, which provided for limited franchise for Indians on a communal roll in Natal and the Transvaal and for their representation by two Europeans in the Union Senate and three Europeans in the Union House of Assembly. The Act also provided for the representation of Natal Indians by 2 members of the Natal Provincial Council. Since Indians had been opposed to these provisions since they were enacted, the proposed repeal would make no practical difference to them.

The Government of India had no intention of taking any steps regarding the repeal of part of a law which Indians in South Africa regarded as obnoxious.

Pandit Nehru recalled India's stand on the subject in the 1946 and 1947 General Sessions of the United Nations Assembly. The Government of India, he said, had already proposed that this subject be included in the agenda of the Assembly session, which was due to start in Paris this month.

Mr. Mohanlal Saksena said in reply to Dr. Raghu Vira that the approximate number of Hindus and Sikhs left in East Bengal was estimated at 1,10,00,000, West Punjab 27,000, N.W.F.P. 5,000, Sind 2,88,000, Baluchistan 75,000 and Bahawalpur State 14,000.

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## Abolition Of English In India

### More Significant Than Transfer Of Power

LONDON, September 2, (Reuter): The "Daily Telegraph" in an editorial today on the decision of the Government of India to discontinue the use of English in higher education said this "discarding by India of a vehicle of thought which has proved so serviceable is more significant historically, perhaps, than the transfer of power, the first anniversary of which was recently celebrated".

"English has been the only common language of India. It has been, alike, the language of the law courts and of the National Congress. Gandhi was able to make himself understand from Cape Comorin to the Himalayas because he spoke in English.

"It is doubtful whether Pandit Nehru writes with facility in Indian vernacular. His autobiography was written and for the most part read in English.

"Indeed the administrative unification of India was possible largely because of the existence of this common language. It will certainly be vastly more difficult to maintain without it. A linguistic barrier will be added to the many others between Hindu and Muslim and communication between the central and provincial Governments will be made more difficult. New text books will be required and a whole new teaching personnel.

"Culturally, the consequences of the changes are incalculable, but will certainly be great. The effect of the system of public instruction in India under British rule, with all its admitted faults, was to make available to Indians the literature and learning of the West. Indian scholars could pass without difficulty from Indian to European universities: Indian scientists could relate their researches to the most advanced achievements in the same field: a far from negligible indigenous literature in English was produced. Even writers like Tagore who prided themselves on their orientalism were still deeply influenced by western trends. As English passes out of current usage and is studied only as a foreign language, the merging of Indian and European culture must diminish".

## *U.S. To Remove "Reds" From Army*

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1 (Reuter):—All men inducted into the United States Army under the new conscription Law, as well as regular soldiers, will be "screened" to discover whether they are Communists or "fellow travellers."

High Army officers said to-day that "only loyal Americans" would be permitted to serve in the army in any capacity. Others would be "got rid of" as quickly as possible".

Investigations have already begun into the loyalty of 25,000 army officers, and those who fail to comply fully with the requirements of the investigators will lose their commissions.

## PROVINCIAL LAWS FOR MERGED STATES

### Bombay Government And Bill In Assembly

SURAT, Sept. 2 (API).—The Government of Bombay, it is learnt, are introducing in the coming session of the Bombay Legislative Assembly a bill for application of the provincial laws to the integrated States. This measure is being taken to enable the administration of the merged States in line with that of the existing districts.

At present, it is stated, though many laws of the Province have been applied to these States, the States, despite the fact they have been integrated in the province, remain "separate units different from the adjoining districts." Thus technical difficulties have arisen in the application of the various laws, though day to day administration is being carried on, the proposed bill remove these "anomalies."

## *Ansari's Plea For 10-Year Political Truce*

SURAT Sept. 1 (API): Addressing a public meeting under the auspices of the Vidyarthy Sangh, this evening, Mr. Abdul Qayum Ansari, President of the All-India Momin Conference and Minister for Industries, Government of Bihar, called for a ten-year political truce. "An industrial truce is being planned", Mr. Ansari said", what is needed is a political truce. I fervently appeal to all sections and parties in the country to unite so that we could retain the freedom we have gained."

Mr. Ansari did not mean that there should be no opposing parties. The Momin leader felt that the present doing of the parties hindered progress.

**CALL TO MUSLIMS**

Addressing Mussalmans Mr. Ansari said that those who yet "had Pakistan in their heart" had no place here. The makers of Pakistan and the propagators of the two-nation theory said Pakistan would be a land flowing with milk and honey and a home for all Muslims. Today Mussalmans who went there have lost their all and got bullets instead of house and food. The Leaguers accused the Momin Conference of splitting the Muslim ranks. Today by partitioning the country, not only the Leaguers had split the ten crores of Mussalmans but have brought misery into the land. The four and half crores Muslims in the Indian Union should at least now realise that they must either live here "as citizens of the Union for the Union" or else should quit this country. He hoped they would forget their past mistakes and live in amity with the Hindus.


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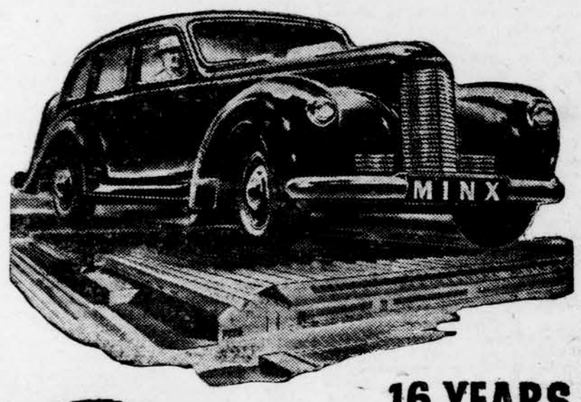

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# STORE OF EXPLOSIVES UNDER GROUND

## A. C. B. Arrest Four Alleged Traffickers

**Four persons described as traffickers in explosives and other dangerous substances, who are alleged to have sold two 25 pounder high explosive shells charged with T.N.T., were arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch near a culvert on the Poona Link Road near Kalyan on Wednesday afternoon.**

The delicate negotiations which led the alleged traffickers in explosives into the carefully laid trap of the Anti-corruption Branch and the attendant circumstances, constitute a thrilling chapter in crime detection.

The scene of the trap was a quiet spot amidst green fields, in one of which the dangerous cargo lay buried, to be delivered to a customer. To this spot the shells had been transported from a place where they had lain concealed for long months, under the earth, behind the railway goods yard at Kalyan.

Information regarding these hidden shells and the attempts made to sell them, reached the ears of the Anti-Corruption Branch nearly two months ago But it took weeks before they could spot the exact party who was in a position to deliver the goods.

Once the party was spotted, a bogus customer duly coached by the police, accompanied by a military expert, posing as prospective buyers, contacted the party who showed them the hidden bombs. Thereafter a deal was struck and to keep up the appearance of utmost secrecy it was arranged that the shells should be delivered near a culvert on the Bombay-Poona Link Road between 3 and 4 of the afternoon on Wednesday. It was arranged that a car would come to fetch the shells and as soon as the fell cargo was delivered the men would get a sum of Rs. 1,500.

**FOOL-PROOF**

An elaborate fool-proof trap was organised under the direction of Deputy Commissioner G. J. W. Quilter. The police party also included Superintendent Bashiruddin, Inspector Miranda, Inspector Rao Saheb Shete, and Deputy Inspector Mistry of the A.C.B. and Sub-Inspector Sonavane of the Kalyan police.

The spot where the shells were to be delivered was inspected by a police party late on Tuesday night and the deployment of forces was made with meticulous care. At the appointed hour next day, a sleek car in which were seated the bogus customer, a panch witness and a police officer drove up to the spot and awaited developments. A second police party, also in a car, drew up at a distance, on the watch for the men who were due to turn up. Some other police constables and men, who seemed like 'Kolis' lolled about, smoked and chatted with the inhabitants of a few huts which lay off the road.

It is stated that at this stage Dinmahomed Sultan and Bachoo Santu came up to the waiting car and greeted the bogus customer. Finding everything in order they called up Rajaram Tulsiram and Narayan Shankar, and asked them to bring the shells. It is stated that these men scratched the earth in a field, carried the shells and deposited them in the luggage carrier of the car. Dinmahomed Sultan and Bachoo Santu then got into the car and after the usual chit chat Dinmahomed was paid Rs. 1,500 in marked currency notes. The car was then driven to the place where the remaining members of the raiding party were waiting in another car. And then they were duly put under arrest.

Meanwhile Tulsiram and Shankar retreated to what they believed to be the friendly villagers in the huts, there to be confronted the other party of policemen and to be taken in custody.

Rs. 500 out of the total amount was recovered from the shirt pocket of Dinmahomed and the rest of the money from inside an umbrella he was carrying and which had his name painted on it.

All the four persons were put up before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate today and were remanded to custody for a fortnight.


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### University Commission

NEW DELHI, September 2, (UPI): The University Commission which is proposed to be set up with Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan, as Chairman will commence its work from October next, it is learnt.

The Commission, it is gathered, will consist of nine members, six of whom will be distinguished Indian educationists. Besides these, two educational experts from America and one from United Kingdom are proposed to be invited to serve on the Commission.

Indian members of the Commission will include Dr. Sarvapalli Radhakrishnan, Dr. Meghnad Saha, Dr. Zakir Hussain and Dr. Tarachand, Secretary, Education Department, Government of India.


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# MUNICIPAL CONGRESS PARTY FACES PIQUANT SITUATION

BOMBAY, Thursday.—A piquant situation has arisen in the Bombay Municipal Congress Party with the circulation of a notice by the Secretary of the Party served on all those members, who were either absent from the Corporation meeting on Monday, August 30, or came late, to give an explanation to the Leader of the Party.

Among those who were absent or came late to the meeting were the Leader of the Party, Mr. K. F. Nariman; former Leader of the Party, Mr. S. K. Patil; the Secretary of the Party, Mr. Nathalal Parekh; the chief Whip of the Party, Mr. Sohoni; and many others.

The reason for demanding this explanation, it appears, is that a group of four resolutions opposed by the Congress Party were passed by a majority of seven votes by the Corporation on that day. The resolutions were moved by Mr. Naushir Bharucha and supported by the Socialists and the Communists. It was the first time that the Congress Party was defeated although a lone Muslim League member, who was present, voted with the Party. This snap vote was due to the fact that the Congress Party members were not present in full strength at the meeting.

The resolutions passed by the Corporation demanded that the press should be allowed at all B.E.S.T. Committee meetings; that it was undesirable that a person who was defeated at the Municipal elections should continue to remain on the B.E.S.T. Committee; that the minutes of the Committee meeting should be placed on the table of the Corporation for reference; and that the Committee should consider the advisability of discontinuing the railway station service and diverting these buses where they were more badly needed.

Under the rules of the Corporation, no counter-resolution or amendment can be moved nullifying these resolutions for a period of three months. Consequently, Mr. A. P. Sabavala, the Congress Party's nominee on the B.E.S.T. Committee, who was defeated at the last Municipal elections, will have to resign from the Committee.

It is learnt that an emergent meeting of the Congress Municipal Party will be called next week to consider the explanations given by absentee members and also those members who came late to the meeting on August 30.

### *Building Collapses In Nagpada*

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The rear portion of a five storeyed building at Nagdevi Street, collapsed at noon today.

The Fire Brigade rushed to the spot and cleared the debris. No one was injured.

### Auditors' Examinations

NEW DELHI, August 31, (API): The first and final examinations under the Auditor Certificates Rules, 1932, will be held in December, 1948, at Bombay, Madras, Calcutta and Delhi. The first examination will be held on December 16 and 16, and the final examination on December 13 14, 15 and 16.

## *"A GRAVE SITUATION"*

### *Growing Exodus Of Hindus From East Bengal*

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2, (U.P.I.): Writing under caption, "A grave situation" the "Hindusthan Times" refers to the growing exodus from East Bengal and the increasing deterioration of the condition of the remaining Hindus there and observes:

"We feel that the Government of Pakistan and East Bengal should be told in unmistakable language that though India wants all the Indian Muslims to stay where they are and have all the rights and obligations of equal citizenship of the Indian Union. This policy can be implemented only if the Hindus of East Bengal can be treated in the same manner, and that if the position of Hindus in East Bengal continues to deteriorate a stage will come when the Government of India will have to take charge of it and call upon Pakistan to accept an equal number of Muslims from West Bengal and other border areas. Pakistan authorities and if necessary the United Nations before whom Pakistan preferred the absurd charge of genocide against India should be aware that any mass migration of the scale necessary to evacuate the entire Hindu population of East Bengal will generate forces which may easily become uncontrollable."

The paper adds: "The problem of East Bengal and its vast Hindu population is an opportunity. Let Pakistan deal with it in a new and elightened way so that mischief of partition does not spread beyond which the sub-continent has already endured. That way lies salvation for all."

## *QUYUM BANS AHRAR CONFERENCE*

PESHAWAR, Sept. 2 (UPI): The Provincial Majlis Ahrar Conference, which was to take place here on Sept. 4, for the first time since the establishment of Pakistan, and which was to be addressed by Ahrar leaders from West Punjab including Maulana Syed Attaullah Shah Bokhari, has been banned by the Frontier Government.

Revealing the ban on the Conference, Premier Abdul Quyum Khan, told the United Press: "Those persons who always opposed Pakistan tooth and nail have no possible right to give any lead to Pakistan masses".

An order from the District Magistrate, Peshwar, issued this afternoon, prohibits holding of public meeting or taking out of processions except with previous permission from the District Magistrate or the Senior Superintendent of Police, Peshawar.

The order, which applies to the whole of Peshawar City and Contonement, comes into force from today and will be effective for a period of two months.

## *TANSA LEVEL OVER 9 FT. BELOW NORMAL*

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The level of the Tansa lake continued to be static and was nearly 9.5 feet below normal today, the catchment area recording only 24 cents of rainfall in the past twenty-four hours.

With the monsoon reported to be "generally moderate" along the coast and cloudy weather over Bombay and surrounding areas, hopes were expressed by the Bombay Municipality's Hydraulic Engineer that Tansa's deficit of nearly 30 inches of rainfall might be made up gradually before the end of the monsoon.

Mr. K. B. Carnac, the Hydraulic Engineer, said that the position at Vehar like was also bad, the lake level being 246.17 feet as against 254.5 feet on September 2 last year. Twenty five cents of rain fell in Vehar in the last 24 hours

The level of Tulsi was only one foot below normal and the position here was considered to be more satisfactory

The Santa Cruz weather forecast tonight says that occasional showers are expected tomorrow in Bombay City and Suburbs.

In the 24 hours ending 8 a.m. today, Colaba recorded 16 cents, Santa Cruz 13 cents, Juhu 11 cents, Kalyan 1/2 inch and Khandala 1-1/2 inch. between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. Colaba registered 45 cents, Santa Cruz 38 cents and Juhu 45 cents.


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## FURTHER CONCESSIONS
### TO OUR POLICY HOLDERS

It is hereby announced that the policies, which stand lapsed for non payment of premiums due on or after 1st January, 1947, will be revived on payment of overdue premiums latest by 30th September, 1948, without requiring the policy holders to pay any interest or cost of medical examination, if necessary. All policy holders, who may like to avail of these concessions, may remit outstanding premiums directly to the Head Office or nearest Branch Office or bankers of the Company with an advice to Head Office for effecting revival of the policy.

All well-wishers of the Company will be glad to know that house property of the Company including Head Office buildings in Pakistan was sold before the partition for over Rs. 30 lacs at a substantial profit and all assets of the Company consisting of Government and other securities, cash and other investments, were transferred from Lahore to Delhi before the disturbances broke out in the Punjab.

The Company succeeded in evacuating from Lahore to Delhi its entire movable property viz., records, office equipment, fittings, furniture and statistical and printing machines. The death claims on account of riots have also luckily been for a negligible amount.

The position of the Company has thus not been affected in any way by the partition of the country and holocaust in the Punjab.

# BHARAT
## INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED

Head Office: 1, Darya Ganj, DELHI.

BOMBAY BRANCH: Bharat Buildings, 15-A, Elphinstone Circle, Fort.

SURAT BRANCH: Kanpith. KARWAR: Shri Dutt Bhawan.



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## LIMITED.

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P. R. GANGULY, Manager, Bombay Branch.
K. N. DALAL, Managing Director.


# CLOTH DISTRIBUTION IN BOMBAY PROVINCE

## Dinkarrao Desai On Operation Of New Scheme

**BOMBAY, Thursday: The policy of the Government of Bombay with regard to the distribution of cloth, in the city and in the districts, was announced by Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Civil Supplies at a Press Conference on Thursday afternoon.**

The main features of the scheme drawn out by the Government are (1) simplicity and reduction of the number of intermediaries handling cloth (2) encouragement to Co-operative Societies. Multiplicity of agencies has been avoided by appointing one single distributor at each important producing centre and one single wholesale agency in each district as well as by restricting the number of retail shops Co-operative organisations will be given a large share of the trade both at the wholesale and retail stages.

The distribution of the Provincial quota will be made on the basis of cloth cards or coupons which will be issued to every family or individual after proper scrutiny. It is proposed to give some weightage to urban population in fixing the Per Capita quota. A quota of 24 yards per head per annum had been asked for the city and 18 yards for the rest of the province. The success of the new scheme depended on the centre alloting to the Province an adequate cloth quota. Under the new dispensation Bombay will have 200 retail shops.

**METHOD OF FIXATION**

Under the New Textile Policy the Central Government will fix fair ex-mill prices of cloth based on the recommendations of the Tariff Board. All cloth produced by the mills will be price-marked irrespective whether such cloth is sold through Co-operative Shops or through trade channels. Provincial Governments will be free to fix retail prices not exceeding 20 per cent over the ex-mill prices.

The cloth now lying with dealers will be allowed to be sold freely until the 31st of October 1948 after which th sale of cloth which is not price-marked will not be permitted. The Central Government will control the production of the mills and will allocate it between the various Provinces and States. The Provincial Governments may distribute the whole or part of the provincial quota through Government controlled shops.

The Government of Bombay has decided to take over the entire provincial quota and to distribute it through Government controlled shops on a 'per capita' basis to every individual. It was felt that the distribution of only a part of the quota, leaving the balance to the trade, would lead to mal-practices and ultimately force Government to adopt complete distribution. This Government has, therefore, decided on the following Scheme of distributior

**WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTORS**

It is proposed to appoint wholesale distributors at the main producing centres of Bombay, Ahmedabad and Sholapur. So far as Ahmedabad is concerned it has already been decided to entrust the work to the District Purchase and Sale Union (which is a Co-operative body) on 1¼ per cent margin. The appointment of a distributor in Bombay is under consideration. The distributor's function will be to purchase the provincial quota from the mills at these centres, store it and ultimately to despatch to the various districts their respective quotas of cloth under instructions from the Provincial Textile Controller. The distributor's margin will be not more than 1½ per cent over the ex-mill price.

In the districts it is proposed to appoint a single wholesale agency. In selecting the agency preference will be given to a Co-operative Institution. In case a reliable Co-operative Institution is not forthcoming to work as district wholesaler the work will be entrusted to an Association of wholesalers working as a body. The district wholesale agency will select the quota of the district, pay for it and will make arrangements to receive it at such convenient centres in the districts as are prescribed by the District Magistrates. The district wholesaler will be given margin not exceeding 1½ per cent plus the actual freight charges.

The number of retail shops will be restricted to as few as possible. It is proposed to appoint not more than 200 shops in Bombay. In the districts there will be about 6 shops per taluka, i.e., one shop for every 15,000 inhabitants. In selecting retail agencies preference will be given to reliable Co-operative Societies. Where Co-operative Societies do not exist or are not forthcoming to do the work an Association of retail traders will be asked to nominate the required number of shops. Failing agreement by the Retailers' Association selection will be done by the District Magistrate in consultation with the District Price & Supply Advisory Committee. The margin of the retailer will not exceed 7½ per cent.

Government proposes to fix the retail prices for the medium and coarse counts at 12 ½ per cent over the ex-mill price. This includes provision of 1 to 1 ½ per cent to meet Government's administration charges and other contingencies. So far as the fine and super-fine cloth is concerned it is intended that the retail prices should be 20 per cent over the ex-mill price, the extra margin being appropriated by Government and utilised for the purpose of encouraging Khadi and handloom production.

**PENALTIES FOR BLACK-MARKETEERS**

All attempts will be made to check black-market activities and severe penalties will be imposed both on the wholesalers and retailers for breaches of the Cloth Control Orders. The Provincial Government has assured the Government of India of its full co-operation in enforcing stringent control over Mills. All authorities distributors, wholesalers and retailers will be licensed and substantial deposits taken from such agencies.

Government will make all attempts to procure cloth normally consumed in the Provinces. It is realised that the failure of the last control was, to a large extent, due to unsuitable varieties being dumped on the Province as also inclusion of the large production of handloom and power-loom cloth in the provincial quota. The latter although produced in the Province was never normally consumed and the bulk of it was always exported outside the Province.

As regards yarn, a similar scheme for the distribution of the entire Provincial quota will be adopted.

## *Musician Expounds Authentic Styles*

A music function, intended to introduce to the public a musician, Pandit Bhishmadev Vedi, was held at Laxmibaug, Sandhurst Road, on last Sunday. It was organised by a few musicians and presided over by Dr. D. G. Vyas. Pandit is a versatile and capable musician. He sings in all the styles Hindustani music and also plays various instruments. In this function, he rendered Alap, Dhruvapad, Khyal, Tappa and Thumari in their authentic technique and with equal freedom. He further gave a harmonium solo in a masterly manner.

Dr. Vyas, in a brief speech, congratulated Pandit Vedi on his attainments and hoped that students and patrons of Hindustani music will appreciate its magnitude and the beauty of the different styles. He expressed his appreciation of the spirit in which such an introductory function was organised by the musicians themselves. Though the function was purely honorary quite a number from the audience offered voluntary donations as token of appreciation of the ability of Pandit Vedi.

## Tea Party To Mr. Kanji Kerson

Friends and well-wishers of Mr. Kanji Govind Kerson, a prominent Congressman from Kalyan gave a tea party in his honour at the Taj Mahal Hotel on the eve of his departure for Europe. Mr. D. S. Bajpai, President of the Thana Congress Committee, Mr. Purshottambhai Patel of Kalyan and Mr. R. M. Chitnis of Thana were the hosts.

Among those present were the Hon Mr. Annasaheb Vartak, Nanasaheb Kunte, Mr. Silam, Mr. Songaonker M.L.A., and many other prominent persons from Thana District. Mr. Vartak wished Mr. Kanjisheth a happy and pleasant trip and hoped that his visit to industrial concerns on the Continent would be of great use to industrialisation in Free India.

Mr. Kanji Govind Kerson gave a suitable reply.

# ALLEGED ATTEMPT TO SMUGGLE ARMS

## 17 Automatic Pistols Found In Arab's Baggage

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Bombay Customs are alleged to have made a huge haul of arms and ammunition, from the baggage of an Arab domicile of Hyderabad who landed in Bombay from the S.S. "Star of Egypt" on Thursday morning.

Nazir Abdulla Mansoor, the suspect, a native of Makala, it is alleged, was in possession of seventeen automatic pistols, of Austrian, German and French make, three six-chamber 38 bore revolvers and 269 rounds of ammunition of various calibres, which it is suspected were intended to be smuggled into Hyderabad for the use of the Razakars. The "find" was concealed in the false bottom of a deal wood box. The Customs authorities whose suspicions were roused broke open the false bottom, when it is stated the Arab attempted to run away. He was however chased and caught. The suspect has been handed over to the Yellow Gate Police, who have taken charge of the arms. Investigations into the case are continuing.

# THEFT AT POINT OF REVOLVER

## Accused Gets One Year's R. I. And Fine

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Found guilty of robbing two persons at the point of a revolver, Jung Bahadur Mohanlal was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000, in default six months' further imprisonment, by Rao Bahadur C. B. Velkar, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court. Hazursing Samodsing, another accused in the case was acquitted. Kalwantsing Bidasing, the third man involved in the case is absconding.

Jung Bahadur was also convicted under the Arms Act, being found in possession of a revolver, and was sentenced to nine months' further R.I.

The prosecution alleged that early morning on February 18 last all the three accused had stopped a taxi passing along Queens Road and looted its two occupants Inayat Husein and Sushilabai to the tune of Rs. 835. They were later arrested by the police.

## *GANDHI NATIONAL MEMORIAL FUND*

Have you done your duty by contributing your quota of 10 days' income to the Fund? If not, do so at once—if necessary in instalments. All collections are deposited in any of the following banks which have been authorised to receive contributions to the Fund: 1. Imperial Bank of India. 2. Central Bank of India Ltd., 3. Bank of India Ltd., 4. Hindustan Commercial Bank Ltd., 5. United Commercial Bank Ltd., 6. Punjab National Bank Ltd., 7. Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd., 8. Bank of Baroda Ltd.

The office of the Fund is at the Indian Merchant's Chamber, Back Bay Reclamation, Fort, Bombay.


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JOHN DEERE have been leaders in research since 1837.
Four JOHN DEERE features:

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JOHN DEERE means MORE PRODUCTION, LOWER COSTS and HIGHER PROFITS

In America, the name JOHN DEERE means progress in farm-machinery. The two-cylinder engined tractor is more scientific and more economical than anything that has gone before. In the illustration it is seen drawing a two-furrow JOHN DEERE Mould Board Plough. By the hydraulic implements-control, the driver can raise the plough at the end of the furrow, and lower it when ready, without leaving his seat.

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LLOYD BUILDING, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY • 120 ARMENIAN STREET, MADRAS
P. O. BOX 278, BOMBAY P. O. BOX 295, MADRAS



# China - India's cotton market of the 4th century

There is plenty of historical evidence to show that China was one of India's principal cotton markets in the fourth and fifth centuries. But the brainy Chinese were not satisfied with the trade; they also imported India's Churga Gin and improved it by replacing the hand crank with a foot treadle. The illustration, taken from a 15th century Chinese Encyclopaedia, shows the Chinese Gin in operation.

Founded in 1886, the Calico Mills form one of India's largest Single units and, with the Jubilee Mills, produce over 1,75,000 yards of fabrics a day. To-day, more than ever before, its facilities are serving the Nation's efforts to fight the cloth shortage.

Sarees—Dhotis—Mull—Printed Fabrics—Mosquito Netting—Sewing Threads—Furnishing Fabrics.

Calico Mills
SHILPI WEAVING TO KEEP THE NATION GOING CA 6
Managing Agents KARAMCHAND PREMCHAND LIMITED. Post Box 28, Ahmedabad.

# CITY CIVIL COURT ACT "INTRA VIRES"

## Important Decision By High Court

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice & Mr. Justice Bhagwati)

M. K. Jagtram ..... Plaintiff

vs.

R. H. Shah ..... Defendant

This was a suit to recover a sum of Rs. 4331-2-0 on two promissory notes. The suit being filed in the High Court the plaintiff was informed that since the subject matter of his suit was under Rs. 10,000 the High Court had no jurisdiction and the suit should be transferred to the newly-established Bombay City Civil Court.

On behalf of the plaintiff, it was contended that the Provincial Legislature had no power to legislate with regard to Negotiable Instruments since that was a subject which under the Government of India Act was exclusively within the sphere of the Central Legislature. The Provincial Legislative could not therefore by a Provincial Act viz. the Bombay City Civil Courts Act, transfer suits on Negotiable Instruments to the City Civil Court.

Relying on the decision of the Privy Council in 74 I. A. 23 Their Lordships held that they had to look to the pith and substance of the legislation. Analysing the Bombay City Civil Courts Act in the light of this test, it was clear to Their Lordships that its main scope and object was to establish an additional Civil Court for Bombay and that it was not the intention of the Provincial Legislature to pass any special law with regard to Negotiable Instruments. Assuming the Act did encroach on the sphere of the Central Government the invasion was, in Their Lordships' opinion, purely ancillary. Their Lordships therefore held that the impugned Act was 'intra vires' the powers of the Provincial Legislative and that the claim being under Rs. 10,000, the suit must therefore be transferred to the new City Civil Court.


GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

# DISPOSALS

Separate Tenders in prescribed forms are invited for the purchase and removal of each of the following stores:

| | Stores. | Location. | Quantity. | Reserve Price. | Tender No. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Straps Leather 1"x36" S. W. G. with leather hook 1"x10½"x3" S. W. G. | Central Provision Stores, Dehu Siding. | 7,400. | Rs. 4,162/8/- | RCS/TEX/ 12565/10/75. |
| 2. | Tents I.P. 180 lb. MKV Flies Outer Jute (Overall measurement approx. 20'x16' with 4 complete panels of Jute canvas 36"x20' with irregular side panels 24"x20' on each side and with Jute rope 1½" circumference to hold in position). | do. | 14,000. | Rs. 15/- each | RCS/20067/ x-2 (Tenders to be for lots of not less than 2,000 Nos.) |

Last due date: 4 P.M. September 17, 1948.

Public opening of tenders: 11 A.M. September 18, 1948

Offers to be kept open up to: October 17, 1948.

Sealed Tenders in double covers both superscribed with the numbers mentioned above separately for each store should be sent to the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay. Tender forms can be obtained from the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay, on payment of Rs 5/- per set (non-refundable).

All tenders should be accompanied by a receipt for 10 per cent of the total price offered, deposited as "Revenue Deposit" in favour of the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay in Reserve Bank/ Imperial Bank of India or Government Treasury. Drafts on other Banks, Cheques and Cash will not be accepted.

Tenders below the Reserve Price will not be accepted.

Permits to view the stores can be had from the Regional Commissioner (Disposals), Bombay.

All sale will be ex-site subject to the availability of stores and to "General Condition of Con. 1.". No guarantee is given of the quality, quantity or suitability of stores.

Issued by

Regional Commissioner (Disposals)
(Exemption Chamber)
Graham Road, Ex. and Estate, Fort, Bombay.
(Telephone No. 26311.)

AC. 398



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* Write for free illustrated booklet "Facts and Figures," obtainable from Information Office, Port of London Authority, London, E.C.3, England.


# PAREL WORKSHOP STRIKE CALLED OFF

## Socialists' Efforts Bear Fruit

BOMBAY, Sept. 2: Messrs. M. Harris and G. G. Mehta in the course of a statement, says: "There was a lightening strike in the Parel Workshop of the G.I.P. Railway on Monday when the apprentice workers resorted to a sit down strike as a protest against the decision of the Railway Board to discontinue from August the payment of the Bombay allowance and the House Rent allowance of Rs. 15 per month that they were paid so far. The next day a number of the strikers went on a hunger strike. They had also a grievance that while those apprentices engaged through the department were to get Rs. 12 per month, those engaged through the Service Commission would get a grade of Rs. 35-1-39. Later, all the workers in the workshop absented from work in sympathy with the strikers. The strike in the Parel Workshop had its repercussions on the Matunga Workshop where the apprentice workers struck work on Thursday and they were joined later by the other workers.

We approached the management in this connection and we are thankful to the General Manager who allowed us to contact the strikers and to speak to them. On contacting the workers we found that they were labouring under some misunderstandings and when these were cleared we could persuade them to call off the strike and those of them who were fasting to give up their fast.

We assured the workers that their case was represented by the Management to the Railway Board and advised them to give up the strike and to await the reply from the Railway Board. In case their just demands were not satisfied they could organise a conference of apprentice workers in various Railway Workshops in the country and put up their case before the Railway Board through the All India Railwaymen's Federation." We are glad that the workers accepted this advice and decided unanimously to give up the fast, to call off the strike and to resume work from Friday morning."

# AWARD IN CITY LABOUR DISPUTE

BOMBAY, Friday: The award of the Tribunal in the industrial dispute between the management and workers of the Oriental Pharmaceutical Industries, Limited, Bombay, has been announced. The main demands of the workers were that their dearness allowance should be raised to the level recommended by the Millowners' Association and that they should be paid a bonus for the year 1946-47.

The award directs the management to raise the dearness allowance to Rs. 35 per month to the workers and Rs. 42 to members of the staff. The revised scale should be paid with retrospective effect from Jan. 1, 1948. The Tribunal has rejected the demand for a production bonus.

The award lays down that a provident fund scheme should be started for the benefit of the employees. Overtime allowance for workers should be paid at double the normal rate.

Workers on daily wages should be paid a minimum wage of as. 14 as daily basic wage and as. 14 as dearness allowance per day.

## Museum Workers' Demands

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A memorandum containing demands for increased pay and dearness allowance was submitted to Government by the subordinate and inferior staff of the Prince of Wales Museum some time ago.

In this connection the President of the Bombay Library Staff Union on behalf of the staff of the Museum had a series of talks with Mr. Parpia, Collector of Bombay and a trustee of the Museum. But as the meeting did not bear any results, the Union submitted their demands to Government.

# CONOLLY AND SARDAR

Rear Admiral Conolly, C-in-C of the U. S. Naval Forces in the Eastern Atlantic and Mediterranean Area with Sardar Patel at an evening party in Delhi recently.

# Government Committee Report On Corporation's Finances

## SUGGESTION FOR DIVERSION OF TAXES TO MUNICIPALITY FOR BALANCING BUDGET

(Special to the Chronicle)

BOMBAY, Thursday.

**The Committee appointed by the Bombay Government to enquire and report on the financial resources of the Bombay Municipal Corporation and the extent to which they should financially help the Corporation to enable it to carry on efficiently its civic administration submitted its report to Government, it is reliably learnt.**

The diversion of certain tax receipts, now accruing to Government account, and a substantial increase in Government grant to the Corporation for primary education are believed to be the main recommendations of the Committee in order to balance the present deficit budget of the Municipality.

**DIVERSION OF TAXES**

The report points out that with its present limited finances, the Municipality would not be able to implement vital schemes like the Tansa-Vaitarna water supply project and the Greater Bombay Plan. The Committee, therefore, suggests that Government should come to the help of the Corporation by a re-adjustment and diversion of some of the taxes from Government to the Municipality, without causing an additional burden to the tax-payer.

It may be pointed out in this connection that the Corporation has demanded a substantial share in the Immovable Property Tax, the Entertainments Tax, the Betting Tax, the Stamp Duty and the tax on tobacco. At present the receipts from these taxes are taken entirely by Government.

**PRESENT GRANT INADEQUATE**

The Committee, it is understood, consider the present Government grant of Rs. 9-1/2 lakhs to the Corporation for primary education as quite inadequate. The report points out that the expenriture on this account is steadily rising with the payment of increased salary and dearness allowance to teachers. The present expenditure for primary education is about Rs. 10 lakhs.

The Committee has pointed out that Government were susibiding Municipalities in Poona, Ahmedabad etc. to the extent of 25 per cent of the total expenditure on primary education and suggests that their grant to the Bombay Municipal Corporation should also be raised to that level.

Enquiries made at the Secretariat whether Government have accepted the recommendations or not elicited the information that the report was still under their consideration. It is stated the Cabinet will examine the report and pass orders shortly.

The Committee was presided over by Mr. A. D. Shroff, with Prof. C. N. Vakil, Director of the Bombay University School of Economics and Sociology, Mr. V. M. Gupte, member of the Provincial Legislative Assembly, and Mr. Joshi, Deputy Secretary of the Finance Department as members.

# RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

## Amicable Settlement With Employees' Association

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sir Har Govind Mishra, President of the All-India Reserve Bank Employees' Association revealed today that an amicable settlement had been arrived at between the Reserve Bank and the Association and the terms of the agreement would be shortly announced.

Sir Har Govind who was speaking at a reception arranged by the Bombay Branch of the Association in his honour at the Bank building, added that the Board of Directors would finalise the terms of the agreement at a meeting expected to be held in the middle of October.

Advising the Bank employees, he remarked that they were not merely carving out a living, but they were also rendering a very high service in the industrial growth of the country. Any inefficiency on their part, he pointed out, would tell on the commercial and industrial life of India.

TRIBUTE TO SIR C. D. DESHMUKH

Mr. Gordhandas Morarji, President of the Bombay Branch of the Association welcoming Sir Har Govind referred to the tentative agreement and appreciated the efforts of Sir Chintaman Deshmukh in bringing about a happy settlement.

Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Governor of the Reserve Bank, and other officials of the Bank attended the function.


## ANNOUNCEMENT.

**THIS IS NOT A PROSPECTUS BUT ONLY AN ANNOUNCEMENT.**

(Consent of the Central Government has been obtained to this issue by an order of which a complete copy is open to public inspection at the Head Office of the Company. It must be distinctly understood that in giving this consent the Government of India do not take any responsibility for the financial soundness of any schemes or for the correctness of any of the statements made or opinions expressed with regard to them.)

# HIND MILLS, LIMITED.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913. (on 7th July 1948).

Registered Office

No. 15, DOUGALL ROAD, BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

Names, addresses and descriptions of: Directors:—

(1) RAMESHWARLALL NOPANY: 178, Harrison Road, Calcutta. Merchant and Director amongst others of United Commercial Bank Ltd., Ruby General Insurance Co., Ltd.

(2) PURANMAL BUBNA: 39, 2nd Bhoiwada, Bombay, 2 Merchant and Director amongst others of Shree Anand Cotton Mills Ltd., The Punjab Cloth Mills Ltd., The Apollo Mills Ltd.

(3) NANDLALL MORE: 139, Medows Street, Bombay. Merchant and Director amongst others of The Edward Textiles Ltd.

(4) SHIWPRASAD NOPANY: 215, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay, Merchant, & Director amongst others of Pavankumar Rice Oil & Dal Mills Ltd.

SOLICITORS:
Messrs. Motichand & Devidas

AUDITORS:
Messrs. Singhi Lodha & Co., Chartered Accountants.

BANKERS
The Bank of India Ltd.
The Bank of Baroda Ltd.

MANAGING AGENTS:
Hind Agents, Ltd.

## AUTHORISED CAPITAL Rs. 1,00,00,000 (1 Crore)

Divided into 6,00,000 (Six lacs) Ordinary Shares of Rs. 10/- each and 40,000 Preference shares of Rs. 100/- each.

ISSUED CAPITAL.

5,00,000 (five lacs) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each and 20,000/- (Twenty thousand) 5 per cent tax free cumulative preference shares of Rs. 100/- each, out of which the Managing Agents, Directors, their friends and others have agreed to subscribe 2,50,000 (Two lacs fifty thousand) Ordinary shares of Rs. 10/- each, i.e. of the face value of Rs. 25,00,000/- (Twenty-five lacs) and the remaining 2,50,000 (Two lacs fifty thousand) Ordinary shares of the face value of Rs. 25,00,000/- (Twenty-five lacs) and 20,000 (Twenty thousand) Preference shares of the face value of Rs. 100/- each i.e., the face value of Rs. 20,00,000 (Twenty lacs) are now offered to the public for subscription at par and the full value is payable on application. The Directors and their friends have further guaranteed that the amount of issue which will not be taken up by the public will be taken up by them.

No underwriting commission is proposed to be paid but usual brokerage will be paid in respect of the shares applied for through brokers in response to the offer of shares to the Company.

The issue is made on the basis of the statement in lieu of prospectus dated 10th July, 1948, filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Bombay, a copy of which can be inspected at the Registered Office of the Company.

The Company has purchased the land, buildings, machinery, plant and other fixed assets from the David Mills Company Ltd., consisting of 75,720 spindles and 1,212 looms at a price of Rs. 87,98,000/-. The Company has also paid a sum of Rs. 68,33,980-0-2 being the value of the stocks, stores, etc., purchased from the said David Mills Co. Ltd.

All shares are payable in full and the following provision is made for the purpose of votes of members:—

"On a show of hands every member holding ordinary shares present in person shall have one vote and on a poll per every ordinary share held by him, he shall have one vote for every share held by him and the holders of preference shares shall have no right to vote on a poll except (1) when dividend is in arrears and not paid for a period exceeding six months after it is declared; (2) when any alteration is proposed in the memorandum and Articles of Association affecting the rights of preference shareholders; (3) when a resolution for sale of the whole undertaking of the Company is proposed in which case each such shareholder whether present in person or by proxy shall have one vote on a poll for every preference share held by him."

Copies of the Applications forms will be available at the registered office of the company.

The subscription list will remain open from 1st of September till such date as the directors may decide.


# Punish Not Only Beggars But Those Who Encourage Them

## N. C. BHARUCHA'S PLEA FOR ENLARGING SCOPE OF BOMBAY BEGGARS' ACT

BOMBAY, Friday.

Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha, today suggested at the Bombay Municipal Corporation meeting that the scope of the Bombay Beggars' Act should be enlarged so as to punish not only the beggars but also those "misguided philanthropists" who encouraged begging.

Mr. Bharucha severely criticised the present Act—which, he said, had proved "a miserable failure"—when the chairman of the Standing Committee requested the Corporation's sanction for a sum of Rs. 37,453 as the Municipality's share to Government for the maintenance of beggars' home in the city for 1947.

Mr. Bharucha pointed out that in 1945 the Corporation agreed to pay 50 percent of the recurring costs of Government for maintaining beggars and lunatics in Bombay. Then, the estimated total expenditure was Rs. 4 lakhs which had subsequently increased. He said that the present legislation was quite inadequate to solve the beggar nuisance which was growing steadily with the arrival of large number of refugee beggars in the city.

He was of the opinion that those who encouraged begging by a false notion of charity should also be made liable for punishment.

The Corporation sanctioned the grant of the amount.

The meeting decided to rename the road connecting Marine Lines and Queen's Road, now called A Road, as Sir Dinshah Mulla Road.

**COMMITTEE TO REVISE ELECTORAL ROLL.**

A Committee of eight members was elected to enquire and report on the ways and means of preparing a revised Municipal electoral Roll. The Mayor was appointed as Chairman and Messrs. B. A. Dalal, G. G. Mehta, N. C. Bharucha, Dinkar Desai, K. F. Nariman, Ganpatisharkar Desai, A. H. Mirza and S. P. Nadkarni as members.

Mr. M. A. Latif was elected as a member of the Standing Committee while Mr. M. E. Joshi and Mrs. A. H. Mirza were unanimously elected as members of the Works Committee and Schools Committee respectively.

## Sir C. D. Deshmukh For Washington

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sir Chintaman Deshmukh, Governor of the Reserve Bank of India, it is understood, will be leaving for Washington on September 7 to attend a meeting of the International Monetary Fund which is expected to be held in the third week of September.

KARACHI, Sept. 2 (UPI): With a view to providing facilities for repair and overhaul of aircraft and training of aircraft engineers, the Pakistan Government have registered a company to be known as the Pakistan Aviation Limited which will be located at Karachi. The company's authorised capital would be Rs. 40 lakhs, of which the Government would subscribe Rs. 21 lakhs while the balance would be shared between the Orient Airways and the Pak Airways.

# INDO-CEYLON RELATIONS

## Mr. Giri On Need For Better Understanding

MADRAS, September 2. (API): Mr. V. V. Giri, High Commissioner for India in Ceylon, who is at present in Madras, in an interview to the API, referred to the Indo-Ceylon negotiations and said: "It would have facilitated fostering better Indo-Ceylon relations if the Ceylon Citizenship Bill and the Immigrants and Emigrants Bill, which have now become law, had been deferred till the negotiations with respect to the Indian Residence Citizenship Bill had been concluded between the two Governments."

Mr. Giri felt rather unhappy over certain ministerial statements made during the course of the debates in the Ceylon Parliament recently, which, he said, could have been avoided in the interests of better understanding of outstanding matters.

Mr. Giri stated: "The Ceylon Prime Minister, who is an able statesman and for whom I have a great regard, can take a broad and far-sighted view of things. I am still optimistic and feel that an agreement to the satisfaction of the two countries is even now possible regarding the citizenship rights of Indians who have settled in Ceylon and made it their home. It is now well understood both from the point of view of Indian leaders as well as the public opinion in Ceylon that there is no question of dual citizenship for those Indians who will ultimately decide to take up Ceylon Citizenship as it will entail automatically the renouncing of Indian citizenship rights."

# LOOKING AFTER COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

## Function Of The British Board Of Trade

(BY WALTER HOLTON)

The Board of Trade has the general responsibility for the industry and commerce of the United Kingdom, although particular industries are the concern of the Ministries of Agriculture, Food, Supply and Works. Mr. Holton, who describes here the evolution and working of the Board, follows up with a series of nine articles on the care and guidance bestowed on Britain's export trade.

The Board of Trade is the department of Britain's Government which has the care of overseas trade and the guidance of industry and trade at home. For nearly 300 years it has been a government department, although for 300 years before then there were councils of merchants who used to advise the government on trading with other countries.

About 1660, however, an official Council of Trade was formed to assist manufacturers in their foreign trade and to make sure that the goods sent abroad were of the high quality which foreign customers expected from merchants in Britain.

For many years this Council carried out its task, but not a great deal was heard about its work. Then, in the 19th century, with the growth of commerce and industry, the invention of steamships and railways, and the tremendous increase in foreign trade, the Council grew into a very important government department and was called the Board of Trade. At the beginning of the present century, the President of the Board was made a member of the Cabinet.

In those days, besides trade, it dealt with mining, railways, shipping, finance, fisheries and many other matters, but in recent years some of these functions have been taken over by other government departments, fisheries being combined with agriculture in the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, and the railways going to the Ministry of Transport.

**EMPIRE COTTON GROWING**

Foreign trading remained one of the chief cares of the Board of Trade, but Britain was then at the height of her prosperity, and the Board did not exercise the control it does today. It was content with such work as encouraging Empire cotton growing, experimenting in new ways of dyeing, or discouraging agreements between traders to raise prices.

World War I left Britain a much poorer nation. Much money which the British people had invested abroad had to be used to help pay for that war, and although Britain still had a large share of the world trade in machinery and manufactures, other countries were catching her up. Exports had to be increased and the Board of Trade began to take a much greater part in encouraging British manufacturers to export their goods.

Its methods were only partly successful. Britain never regained her position of 1913 when the whole world demanded from her machinery and the things which machinery makes.

Then came World War II. The entire effort of Britain's people was centred upon war work, and the Government took charge of the whole industry of the country with that end in view, in which the Board of Trade played an important part.

The end of World War II left Britain's people with many difficult problems. They had lost still more of their investments in foreign countries to help pay for the fighting; this meant that the income from them had been lost, so that money to pay for goods and raw materials coming into the country could only be obtained by selling British goods abroad.

**VITAL TASK**

The Board of Trade's task of encouraging exports from Britain grew bigger and more vital than ever. One of the President's two Parliamentary Secretaries took over this task as his sole duty; he is known as the Secretary of Overseas Trade and he is served in the Board by the Export Promotion Department and the Commercial Relations and Treaties Department.

The Export Promotion Department grew out of the Department of Overseas Trade in April 1946 to help sell United Kingdom goods abroad. It finds out all about foreign markets and what the buyers require; what are the tariffs and whether there are any restrictions. It can even tell Britain's exporters whether foreign merchants are honest traders. All this information is provided free to such firms in Britain as seek it.

The Commercial Relations and Treaties Department protects all commercial interests of Britain overseas. It helps to negotiate trade agreements and commercial treaties and works out plans for increasing trade.

Other departments of the Board deal more with home affairs. The Industries and Manufactures Department is divided into sections. One deals with the distribution of goods, especially those limited in supply, which have to be rationed to home consumers. It decides on the prices to be charged, what subsidies should be paid to keep these prices low and if there is a shortage, as in clothing, it arranges the distribution of coupons. It [illegible] the special permits for furniture, which is issued, to [illegible] married people, or certain oth[illegible]ng up new homes.

Another s[illegible] of this Department is concerned [illegible] the production of a great variety [illegible] goods, how to increase that production, and how best to meet foreign competition. It collaborates closely with the working parties, those little councils made up of representatives of manufacturers and trades unions and independent members, who report on particular industries. An interesting example of this work is the report on Britain's cotton industry; it is packed with valuable recommendations.

A third section deals with industry itself—how it can be strengthened, if new scientific discoveries can assist it, or management and control be improved. It helps with new ideas and methods.

Working in close touch with this department is the Planning and Priorities Department. The business of this department is to assist factories to turn out the greatest possible amount of goods and to see that they obtain the workers they require, coal or electric power to run the machines, and materials for manufacture.

There is also the Raw Materials Department which is responsible for most of the raw materials, other than metals, used by manufacturers. They buy these materials in vast quantities and arrange their sharing out.

Other departments of the Board of Trade deal with other aspects of Britain's industry. There is the Patent Office, which has charge of inventions, trade marks, designs and copyright. The Tourist, Catering and Holiday Service looks after all tourists, their catering and comfort, seeing that the hotels have supplies of everything, especially for the benefit of foreign visitors.

**VALUABLE EXHIBITION**

The Board also arranges the famous British Industries Fair. This was begun in 1915, during World War I because of the difficulties United Kingdom manufacturers had in obtaining supplies of materials from foreign countries. It was such a success that the exhibitors urged Britain's Government to continue it after World War I. In 1930, so many foreign merchants were attending the Fair that it was decided to enlarge it.

Now it is held every year in London and Birmingham, in the English Midlands, a valuable exhibition displaying the high quality and variety of Britain's products, from needles to steam-hammers, from cotton-thread to lorries.

## OIL POSITION IN INDIA

### Prospects Of Aluminium Industry

NEW DELHI.

The oil position in India has been examined by Dr D. N. Wadia, Director, Indian Bureau of Mines in an article in the latest issue of Indian Minerals.

After discussing the history of the oil industry in India and the prospects of the various oil-fields, the author observes:—

"Oil exploration in India is yet at an early stage, fitful and defective, although it began in 1800 in Arakan, in 1820 in Burma and in 1870 in the Punjab, but the history of oil exploration in India is one long record of failures and disappointments. In proportion to millions of rupees spent in India for search, discovery of new oil-fields has been very costly and slow. Oil exploration and development is an extremely expensive and risky enterprise, beyond the means of any but powerful Corporation with large and wide-spread resources in capital and technical knowledge. But intensive geological exploration supplemented by geophysical prospecting, notably by seismographic reflection and refraction methods and by gravity determination by the Torsion balance and the more modern gravity measuring instruments remains to be done in many areas. Till this is accomplished, it is not possible to form any correct estimate of India's petroleum resources."

India's vast resources of alluminium-ore form the subject of another article in the journal. The various aspects of the aluminium industry in India have been discussed and in the course of an observation the author says:—

"The existence of vast deposits of bauxite (aluminium-ore) coupled with enormous potentialities of hydro-electric power offsets all the disadvantages of the non-existence of the other metallic ores in the country. The development of the aluminium industry in India, therefore, is of primary importance both as war insurance and for peace-time uses."

While discussing the complexity of the reduction processes and the high cost of production in India, the author advocates the participation of foreign capital in the initial stages of Indian aluminium industry without which the full backing of the up-to-date foreign research facilities cannot be available.

## CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE DULL

CALCUTTA, Sept. 2 (API): The market ruled dull and inactive and only a very limited turnover took place. Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p. m.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 99-11 three per cent Loan 1953-55 103 three per cent Loan 1957 102-11 sl three per cent Loan 1966-68 100-7.

BANKS: Bengal Central Bank 10/- Hind Bank 37/8 sl Imperial Bank Conty 495 Reserve Bank 112

COTTON: Bengal Nagpur 29-4

COALS: Bharat Colliery 7-4 Hurriladih 22-15 Kalapahari 32-4 Standard 16-12 Western Bengal 5-2.

JUTES: Baly 268 Barnagore 271 Belvedere 300 Birla 38 Craig 13/12 Delta 258/- Howrah 28/15 India 187 Meghna 138 National 27-1 Nuddea 81 Reliance 27-8.

MININGS: Burma Corp 3-3 consolidated tin 1-8 Indian Copper 2-9.

ENGINEERINGS: Jessop and Co. 18-11 Kumardhubi Eng 9-2 Marshalls 6-10 National Iron and Steel 8-1 Steel Corp 20-9 Textile Machinery 8-2.

MISCELLANEOUS: Calcutta Electric 22-15 Aluminium Corpn 6/- British Ceylon Corpn 11-4 C.T B.I. Corpn 7-14 Indian National Airways 7/- Macfarlane & Co 4-15 Martin Burn 14-10 Walford Transport 3-2 Titaghur Paper 38-14 Midnapore Zemindary 89/- India Steamship 10-13.

SUGARS: Buland 18-2 Mohini Sugar 3-15.

TEAS: Baghmari 16-12 Netjan 41-8 Etmelbari 13-2 Gohpur 37/- Masimara 58-12 Hattikhira 19-8 CT Jutlibari 20-8 Namburnadi 11 Tezpore 26-12.

## *Internal Engine Cleanliness*

BY C. W. ROSSITER-SMITH.

Engine cleanliness at overhaul periods can be influenced by a number of operational and mechanical factors which have no connection with lubrication and in this article it is proposed to discuss this problem with particular reference to operation in India.

It will be necessary, first of all, to establish a practical target for the existing designs of aero-engines and quality of lubricating oils. This target should be to arrange matters so that when the engine is stripped for overhaul, the carbonaceous material and sludge deposits should not be of such a nature as to endanger the safe operation of an engine, or of such a quantity as to necessitate dismantling the engine for their removal. Under ideal conditions the overhaul period will be limited purely by the mechanical condition of the engine, i.e. wear, etc.

In practical operation the oil may be deteriorated in four different ways:-

(1) Oxidation or break-down of the oil itself; the extent of this break-down will depend on both the nature of the oil and the treatment which it has received in the engine.

(2) Contamination by products of combustion from the cylinder, i.e. imperfectly burnt fuel or oil, burnt cylinder walls

(3) Contamination by products of wear from the engine.

(4) Contamination by adventitious matter, such as sand, coming either through the air intake or through the oil filler cap, or adventitious material put into the oil tank with the oil.

**OXIDATION AND BREAK-DOWN OF THE OIL**

As the oil is circulated through the engine it is heated up by being flung on to hot surfaces and by being churned about in the gears, etc. In this connection some recent work done in the United States 1 indicated that of the total energy released in burning the fuel in the engine, 2 1/2 per cent is absorbed in heating up the oil. This means that with an engine with a brake thermal efficiency of 29.6 per cent developing 1,000 H.P., 81 H.P. goes into heating up the oil. In addition to being raised to this high temperature the oil is sprayed around the air in the crankcase in the form of a fine mist and in this way picks up oxygen from the crankcase atmosphere, i.e. is oxidized.

**OPERATING CONDITIONS**

During the time in which an engine is under development prior to its installation in airline aircraft, the engine manufacturer obtains some thousands of hours of test bed and flight experience with the particular engine design in question. As a result of this experience the manufacturer is able to estimate fairly accurately the conditions under which the engine may safely be operated, and these findings are incorporated in the "Engine Manufacturer's Operation Recommendations" covering the boost and r.p.m. to be used under various flight conditions, the optimum carburettor settings for these various conditions, and the maximum allowable cylinder head temperatures. In view of the tremendous influence of engine operating conditions on oil deterioration, it is most important that the engine manufacturer's recommendations regarding cylinder and oil temperatures and power outputs should be strictly observed at all times. Cylinder head temperatures, in particular, should be watched when operating at high ambient air temperatures. Other things being equal, a 1 degree centigrade rise in cooling air temperature will result in an increase of cylinder head temperatures between 3/4 and 1/2 degree centigrade.

**OIL CHANGE PERIODS**

In practical operation the deterioration of the oil is retarded by periodic additions of fresh make up oil is sufficient to prevent any further deterioration. In other words, the rate of deterioration of the oil gradually decreases and finally becomes zero. From this point onwards the condition of the oil remains constant.

Certain airlines in the United States run their engines 1,000 hours between overhauls without changing the oil; some operators, on the other hand, change the oils as frequently as every 40 hours. Broadly speaking, inspection of engines at overhaul after operating at various oil change period has failed to show any connection between the oil change period and the condition of the engine at overhaul.

**CONTAMINATION BY WEAR PRODUCTS**

It has been found in practice that a certain amount of the metal removed from the internals of the engine by wear and corrosion processes is capable of forming oil soluble compounds. Metallic compounds of this sort have been found to have a strong catalysing influence on the deterioration of the oil, and it is frequently found that in engines which have suffered excessive wear, severe oil deterioration has occurred.

**CONCLUSIONS**

Considerable progress can be made in improving engine cleanliness and extending overhaul life provided that mechanical limitations permit, by attention to the following points:-

(a) Not exceeding maximum oil temperature limitations.

(b) Not operating below minimum oil temperature limitations.

(c) Avoiding excessive rich mixture operation and ensuring carburettors are correctly tuned.

(d) Preventing ingress of sand and any other foreign matter.

(e) Minimizing condensation effects by attention to breathers and venting

(f) External filtration of the oil at regular intervals if considered practical.

## CUTCH HUNDI

(From Our Correspondent)

BHUJ, Sept 2.

Hundi buying 310.
Hundi selling 311.
Gold 113
Silver 155.

## E. I. C. A. MEETING AGAIN ADJOURNED

### Difference Of Opinion Over Basis For Hedge Contract

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

The adjourned general meeting of the members of the East Indian Cotton Association was held today at 4 p.m. under the presidentship of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas.

Regarding the question whether the new basis fixed by the Government shall be applied to the present September contract, Sir Purshotamdas said that the Board is of the opinion that it is not applicable to the present crop. Still however, Sir Purshotamdas declared, that he had sent a telegram to the Minister, but no reply had been received so far. Sir Purshotamdas invited suggestions from members.

It was felt among the members that the Board had already arrived at a decision. Sir Purshotamdas said that there was insufficient time for the Board to think and it had not come to any decision, hence the Board think that members should give their opinion so that the Board may be able to come to a decision on the same.

Sjt. Bhavanji Arjan gave the assurance to the members that their opinion will be sent to the Government.

Seth Begraj Gupta said that the question of Hedge contract is of the whole country and he proposed that the hedge contract should be started on the basis of 3/4" staple. He emphasised that uptil now we were dealing in 3/4" staple and we should continue to do the same. He alse said that 3/4" staple crop is in nuge quantity.

Sjt. Ramanlal expressed the hope that it would have been better if the Board had drafted resolution and invited member's discussion on the same in this meeting. But the Board has not done this. Taking into consideration the condition of cotton crop in India it would be better-both in the interest of farmers as well as of traders to keep 3/4" staple. If 25/32" stape contract is started then it would not be possible for us to hedge our purchases. It is better to start 3/4" staple contract as it is beneficial from all points of view. He also said that Government is trying to give cotton to the mills at low price and thus to reduce the price of cloth.

Seth Jagjivandas Dosabhai said that so far the Board had not made any decision but it appears that Government wish that the hedge contracts should be started of 25/32" staple crop. If 25/32" staple crop is started then it is not easy for farmers as well as merchatns to mix cotton.

Other members supported the proposal of Seth Bagraj Gupta regarding starting trading on 3/4" staple basis.

There was a sharp difference of opinion among the members whether to start hedge contracts in 3/4" staple or 25/32" staple. So General meeting is again called on Thursday September 9th at 4 p.m. for further discussion.

## *BAZAR GOSSIP*

It was not only gold which broke all past records. The price reached an all time high record level of Rs. 122. Even pearls and diamonds were in keen demand and fairly large amount of business was done. It is understood that diamond stock in the bazar is estimated at one crore and pearl stock is valued at rupees fifty lakhs. However, as far as gold is concerned, it acts as a commodity in the local market as our operators on the Bullion Exchange forget that gold is a cover against currency notes. The price of gold shot up as we have free market. In Great Britain or the United States the price is statutorily fixed.

* * *

What a pity! Neither the custodians of the cotton trade nor members of the E. I. C. Association were able to understand the Government notification regarding basic floor and ceiling prices and "on" and "off" allowances for different staples. There was nobody in the meeting to say whether these quotations would be applicable to the existing September Hedge contract. Floors were fixed to protect cotton growers while ceilings protect consumers. Thus the speculators found no protection and hurriedly postponed the meeting. It is a lesson to them that the Government means business and does not leave anything to chance as our operators do who bought at as high a price as Rs. 518 and sold as low as Rs. 488 within an hour.

* * *

Our Dalal Street friends are in the habit of anticipating events before they come. All these weeks they looked for an increase in iron and steel prices. The Tariff Board has not still finished enquiry but taking advantage of the steadiness of the market they unloaded speculative holdings on unsuspecting operators and now they talk of drastic measures against inflationary tendencies and attempt to depress prices. A chartist who does not make head or tail of horizontal lines on squares says that there is going to be a fall which will persist not for few weeks but for two years.

* * *

The produce market is not free from exessive speculative activity. Castorseeds September contract created a deadlock and bulls came to the rescue of bears and offered to accept any concession in rate. Thus these bulls and bears become friends in case of emergency and they accommodate one another. But soon they forget their lessons and indulge in speculation. They are attempting to depress castorseeds May contract and they will continue their game as long as they find buyers.

* * *

On the financial front the Reserve Bank is gradually contracting currency week after week. This can be seen from poor applications for Treasury Bills. But, on the other hand some banks are reported to be buying Government Securities to add to their investment portfolio. There must be something behind this demand and possibly it will be revealed in the declaration of the Government's economic policy.

## Bearish Feeling In Hapur Commodities Markets

HAPUR, Aug. 26.

Foodgrains markets have continued to remain steady. Whereas 'futures' markets in almost all commodities reacted briskly to the Government's recent talks with Indian economic and industrials with a view to devise means to fight the inflation and the suggestions of rigid controls besides athers put forward by them, foodgrains section has been left cold. The reason was that excessive rains continued to cause havoc and deteriorate crop conditions over a very wide area in India and in the Pakistan. Supplies in the markets are poor and movements at virtual standstill.

Reports of plumper crops in the U.S.A. and increased production expectations in Canada have also given us no solace. Eyes are fixed on the expected announcement of the Government of India regarding the measures that it contemplates to take now to meet the situation.

In the ready section, the Gur market maintained a steady under tone. Arrivals were negligible so that even reduced amount of despatches failed to depress the trend. Ready dry stuff is quoted here at 14. Best quality gur at other centres in west U.P. range between 13/8 to 16/8. Stocks gur—wet and deteriorated quality—is quoted about 2/8 per maund lower. Stocks are still heavy but not much in demand. Indian Sugar Technological Institute of Kanpur it is learnt is carying on investigation into the extent of loss suffered by gur stocks in storage and to suggest the best possible means of storage which may be within the means of small peasants.

In the futures section fluctuations were very violent. On Thursday Fagan had closed at 10/3. Friday opened with a very steady undertone at 10/4/3, touched 10/4/9, declined sharply to 10/1 but later closed at 10/3. On and since Saturday the tendency has been unmistakably downwards. Lowest on Saturday touched 10/0/2, on Monday 9/13/6, on Tuesday 9/9/3 and on Wednesday 9/8/3. Yesterday lower levels attracted good short coverings support with prices improving in consequence. Fagan had clossed at 9/11. It opened at 9/10/3 today and is presently quoted at 9/9/8. The crash on Tuesday when Eagan from 9/15/6 fell to 9/9/3 came on the Food Minister's announcement that Government hopes to announce anti-inflationary measures so far as they concern food-stuffs very shortly. Foodstuffs, he added, included sugar also. Operators this time feel that the Government is in right earnest and that present threats are backed by strong determination unlike previous ones.

OILSEEDS AND OILS: Market remained very quiet. Mills are either closed or working at reduced scale. Nevertheless stock are securely held and there is no nervousness about the future price structure. Sarson is quoted at 24/12 oil at 68 and oilcake at 8. Groundnut remained unchanged at 16. Bardana: The market remained steady in the first instance but later eased slightly in sympathy with all other futures. As local stocks are extremely poor, the decline in prices has been comparatively very poor. With the future of jute imports from Pakistan hanging in balance despite repeated assurances and with very meagre stocks in the upcountry markets, any appreciable fall inprices is regarded as extremely improbable. Asuj is quoted at 104 and Oct. at 114.

BULLION: The market opened steady on Friday last when Silver was quoted at 166/6 and gold at 113/12. There was a sligh tadvance to 166/12. By Monday morning the undertone was fairly steady. Lowest touches 165/4. But towards midday heavy speculative liquidations on rumours about the possible anti-inflationary measures resulted in a steep fall in prices to 151/10 for silver and 110/8 for gold On Tuesday the market showed some improvement on short coverings at lower levels but again fell a victim to the bearish onslaughts on Wednesday. Lowest yesterday touched 158/12. Again there was same improvement in the demand at lower levels. Silver improved to 160/8 yesterday. Highest today touched 161/4 and is presently quoted at 160/12. Gold is presently quoted at 110/8. So far bulls had a strong hold on the silver market Bombay bulls had almost the entire floating stock in their hands but they are now seemingly concerned over the uncertainty regarding the future. Hence the nervousness.

## Hapur Market Rates

(From Our Correspondent)

HAPUR, Sept. 2: Yesterday's closing Silver 161; Gold 112; Gur Fagan 9/13/9

Todays: Silver forward 162/6 Opened 162/4

Gold forward 112/6; Opened steady.

Gur Ready 14; Fagan 9/11/9; Opened 9/12 Quiet

Crystal 37/8; Khand Sari 25 to 35; Bardana Ready 109; Red 117; Asuj 105; October 115; Wheat 22; to 24; Gram 13/12; Barley 13/4; Peas 12/12; Arhar 12/12; Moong 19; Urd 19/8; Sarson 24/8; Mustard Oil 67; Oilcake 7/14; Cottonseed 13/14; Groundnut 16; Oats 9/8; Rice Rangooni 27; Hansraj 41; Basmati 55; to 60.

## 10,000 Bales Of Sudanese Cotton For India

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2. (UPI): An agreement was reached last week in London whereby India will secure Ten thousand bales of Sudanese long staple cotton in exchange for 15 thousand bales of C.P. Oomras (short staple cotton).

Early this year Britain purchased almost the entire 1947-48 Sudanese cotton crop leaving 25 thousand bales which were purchased by India. Now as a result of this deal in London India will get Ten thousand bales of Sudanese cotton from the quota of the U.K. Raw Cotton Commission in exchange for C.P. Oomras.

## Exports Of Czechoslovak Textiles

The export department of the Textile Printing, Finishing and Dyeing Works, national enterprise, of Prague, have exported goods to the value of 330.2 Million Kcs during the first half of 1948. It is expected that they will export goods to the value of 600 million Kcs during the whole year, instead of their planned target figure of 400 million Kcs. They are supplying goods to Turkey, Australia, the USSR, Rumania, Great Britain, Iran, Syria, Yugoslavia, the United States and Canada.

## Australia Not To Alter Wheat Contract Prices

CANBERRA, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Mr Reginald Pollard, Australian Minister of Commerce and Agriculture, told the House of Representatives today that contract prices for wheat sold to Britain and India would remain unaltered although the International Wheat Agreement had lapsed.

Only 13 of the 36 nations which initialled the International Wheat Agreement in Washington last March formally approved it.

Britain and Australia withdrew after the United States failed to ratify it by July 1.

## Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent)

CALICUT, Sept. 2: Coiryarn Beypore 135/145; Quilandy 145/155; Fibre Garbled 100; Ungarbled 90; Coconuts raw 112; Dry 145; Coconutoil 475; Copra Office 325; Dilpasand 335; Madrasnottam 330; Pepper Wynaad 1,400; Country 1,375; Dryginger Chernad 440; Ernad 435; Coffee Robusta 155; Timber Pali 50/60, Junglewood 30/35; Vellapine 40/50; Benteak 48/50; Teak 80/110; Mango 3/4/8; Teak 10/20; Rosewood 12/8/20.

## *Latest Commercial*

**NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER**

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous Closing | 30.97 |
| Today's Opening | 30.95 |
| Difference | —1 |
| Today's Closing | 30.90 |
| Difference | —7 |

**LAST QUOTATIONS**

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

| | Rs. as. |
|---|---|
| Silver Bullion Forward | 171 4 |
| Silver Ready | 173 4 |
| Gold Forward closed. | |
| Gold Ready | Rs. 118 8 |
| Sovereign | 79 0 |

Expectation: Cotton Jarila Sept. Rs. 508 8.

**NEW YORK STOCKS**

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining unquoted.
General Motors 63-7/8.
United States Steel Common 80-1/2.
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

PATNA, Sept. 2 (UPI): The Bihar Legislative Council will meet at 3 p.m. on September 15 at Ranchi, announces a notification of the Government of Bihar.


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*Trade And Finance*

# Large Withdrawals And Poor Response To Treasury Bills

## FURTHER LANDSLIDE IN SAHRE VALUES ON FEARS OF ACTION TO FIGHT INFLATION

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

MONEY—Various factors which had led to some dislocation in trade brought about some tightness in the money market. Rumours about some drastic anti-inflationary measures also led to large amounts of withdrawals. For the second week in succession, response to the Treasury Bill tenders was poor and only Rs. 1.09 crores were tendered against Rs. 6 crores invited. This entire amount was accepted at Rs. 98-8 per cent. The authorities have reduced the tender amount to Rs. 2 crores as from 14th September. Interbank call money was quoted between 1-4 and 1-2 per cent, but some good banks were borrowers upto 3-4 per cent. for "House" money. Three months' deposits were quoted at 1 per cent, and six months upto 1-1-2 per cent per annum.

Yet another contraction in the total note is recorded in the weekly statements of the Reserve Bank of India for the period ended 27th Aug., 1948. The total note issue is down by Rs. 9.33 crores to Rs. 1253 crores. Notes in circulation have declined by Rs 12.35 crores, whilst those held in the Banking Department show an increase of Rs. 3 crores. On the assets' side while gold coin and bullion and sterling securities remain unchanged, the Bank's holding of Government of India Rupee Securities is down by Rs. 10 crores. In the Banking Deppartment there is an all-round increase in deposits; those on account of Governments are up by Rs. 6 crores; Bankers' balances are up by Rs. 5.31 crores and Miscellaneous deposits by Rs. 1.94 crores. Balances held abroad have declined by Rs. 1.82 crores whilst Investments show an increase of Rs 9.83 crores owing to a transfer of a similar amount from the Issue Department.

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India for the week ended 27th August discloses an increase of Rs. 2.97 crores in Deposits, whilst Advances are down by Rs. 3.36 crores. In consequence the cash holding of the Bank has improved by Rs. 6 crores to Rs. 63.21 crores.

GILT-EDGED—The gilt-edged market ruled dull except for some activity in 3 per cent. 1986 Conversion Loan encouraged by influential buying. The quotation for this loan hardened from Rs 99-8 to Rs. 99-13 during the week but closed slightly lower at Rs. 99-11 on profit-taking. There was also a moderate turnover in short-dated bonds at around quoted rates. 2-1-2 per cent. 1950 loan was quoted at Rs. 100-14 and 2-3-4 per cent. 1962 loan at Rs. 100-2 2-3-4 per cent. 1960 loan reported some business at Rs. 100-1 and 3 per cent. 1949-52 loan at Rs. 100-15, 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan ruled steady at Rs. 102-12, 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan at Rs. 101 and 3 per cent. 1966-68 loan at Rs. 100-6. 3 per cent. 1957 Victory loan changed hands at Rs 102-9.

3 P. C. 1964 C. P. LOAN—The subscription lists for this loan opened on 1st September and it is reported that the whole loan was over-subscribed within half an hour.

EXCHANGE—The rupee sterling exchange market ruled steady with a limited turnover. For interbank business, sellers of spot TT on London quoted is 1s.5-31-32d. and buyers 1s.6d Merchant rates fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:

Sellers of TT on London spot 1s. 5-31 32d.

Sellers of TT on London upto six months 1s. 15 16d.

Buyers of TT on London spot and upto nine months 1s. 6—1 32d.

In New York, the sterling dollar cross-rate kept steady at dol. 4.03 for spot and dol. 4.01-1-4 for forward.

GOLD—Persistent rumours about demonetisation of currency led to a further hardening of rates in tht gold market and on Tuesday, the highest rate ever in recorded history was touched. The demand for spot was partly due to some purchases by "Bangs" in the fofward market who were buying up at the risk of sellers who had failed to deliver in the end-of-August gold settlement. Ready gold, which was quoted at Rs 116 at the opening, shot up to Rs 121-14 on Tuesday on heavy demand. The demand having been satisfied the rate declined to Rs. 118-8 on Thursday and closed at Rs. 118-12. Owing to the unreal character of the forward contract, the premium on spot over the settlement widened from Rs. 4-14 to Rs.7-8 on Tuesday wereafter forward trading was suspended owing to a deadlock between buyers and sellers in the unofficial forward market. A conference of members specially convened for the purpose decided to square off all outstanding contracts at Rs. 113-4. In consolance with the firmness of gold, the price of sovereigns also hardened to Rs. 79-4. During the week, the usual quantity of Indian mine gold was put on the market. Floating stocks are reported to be about 25,000 tolas. Arrivals are said to have averaged about 8,000 tolas and the offtake about 6,000 tolas. The highest and lowest rates were Rs. 121-14 and Rs. 115-14 for spot.

SILVER—In contrast to gold, there was an easy trend in the silver market despite a small improvement in the upcountry offtake and prices continued to decline owing to speculative selling particularly after the options day on Wednesday. Spot silver, yhich was quoted at Rs. 174-11 at the opening temuorarily went up to Rs. 176-4 on Tuesday in sympathy with gold, but subsequently declined to Rs. 172-10 at the close. The premium on spot silver over the settlement varied between Rs. 1-4 and Rs. 1-12 during the week. Floating stocks are reported to be 7,500 bars and the average daily offtake is better at 80 bars. In the overseas markets the New York silver quatation gradually improved to 74-3-4 cents during the week whilst the London price was also better at 45d. The highest and lowest rates touched were Rs. 176-4 and Rs. 174-1 for spot and Rs. 174-10 and Rs. 172-13 for settlement.

SHARES—Fears of some Governmental action to fight the present highly inflationary trend in the country caused a further landslide in prices on the stock exchange during the week on liquidation by bulls as well as short-selling.

Tata Defds. receded further to Rs. 1492-8 and Ordinaries were marked down from Rs. 300-8 to Rs. 295-8. Textile shares also suffered a fresh setback; Bombay Dyeings being quoted as low as Rs. 1016-4, Kohinoors were offered at Rs. 297 and Swadeshis at Rs. 293. Even the Hydro-electric and Bank shares disclosed a drooping trend in the absence of any investment support: Andhra Valleys were quoted lowe at Rs. 1497-8 and Powers at Rs. 1595. Amongst Banks Central Banks were neglected at Rs. 85 whilst Imperial Bank Fully Paids found sellers at Rs. 1990 and Banks of Indias at Rs. 200. In the Miscellaneous section, Associated Cements dropped further to Rs. 154-8 on rumours of a decrease in the price of cement. Belapurs also eased off to Rs. 246 and Bombay Burmas to Rs. 380. Scindia Steams lost further ground to Rs. 23-14.

CALCUTTA MARKET—The jute section of the Calcutta share market was characterised by dull conditions during the week as traders awaited the results of the present economic conference in Delhi. Towards the close, however, an easier feeling was noticeable on some selling pressure. The volume of trading, on the whole, was limited.

## MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

B C Rate I I D D 1/5 15/16 Ready
B. C. Rate T T D D 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 31 32 Ready
London Banks Selling T T D D 1/5 15/16 up to 6 months
London Banks Buying I I 1/5 1/32 to 9th month
London Banks Buying T T 1/5 1/16 10th-12th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/16 1/16 to 4th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/5 3/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying D D 1/5 1/8 7th and 8th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 1/8 to 4th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 3/32 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/5 3/16 7th and 9th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 3/32 to 4th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 3/16 5th and 6th month
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/5 1/32 7th and 9th month
New York Montreal B C Rate I I Rs 332-1/4
Banks Selling I I D D Rs 332 1/4
Banks Buying T T Rs 330
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 328 3/4
Montreal Rs 328 1/2
Banks Buying D D N Y Rs 329 Montreal Rs 328 3/4 L/C
Paris Bank Selling I I Fcs 6400
Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 6550
Amsterdam Banks Selling I I D Fl 79
Belgium Banks Selling I I D D Fcs 1305
Java Banks Selling T T D L Gldr 79
Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84
Singapore Banks Selling I I D D Rs 157
Manila Banks Selling I I D D Rs 165 1/4
CROSS RATE:—New York/London 901 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Afghani Rs 52.57/53.43; London Alexandria Pia 97 1/4-3/4; London Amsterdam Fl 10.68-70; London Bangkok Tel 40; London Belgium Fcs 176 1-2-3/4 London Denmark Kr 19-32-36, London Hongkong 1-3 1/16; London Iran Ri 128/130; London Java Fl 10.68-70; London Lisbon Es 99.80-100-20; London Manila Pes 8.09-8.14, London Montreal dol 4.02 3/4-4.03-1/4; London New York dol 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London Oslo Kr 19.98-20.02, London Paris Fcs 563.40-564.60; London Prague K 201-202; London Singapore 2/4 1/32—2/4 5/32 London Stockholm Kr 14.47-50; London Switzerland Fcs 17.34—36 London Syria 880 5
DISCOUNT RATES:—London Discts 3 Mos 9/16 p c London Discts 6 Mos 5/8 p c Reserve Bank Rate 3 p c Bank of England Rate 2 p c
Money:—Call 1-2 p c 6 Mos 3/4 to 6 Mos 1 p c 12 Mos 1-1-2 p c
Tone:—Easy

### C. P. & BERAR LOAN OVER-SUBSCRIBED

The Central Provinces and Berar Government Loan was oversubscribed and closed at 10-45 a.m. on the 1st instant. Subscriptions for this loan upto and including Rs. 5,000 will be allotted in full and applications for amounts over Rs. 5,000 will receive allotment at 43 per cent. subject to a minimum allotment of Rs. 5,000.

Refund warrants for partial allotment in respect of applications tendered at the Public Debt Office, Bombay will be delivered on Saturday the 4th September, on presentation of the relative receipt at the Public Debt Office, Reserve Bank of India, Bombay.

## BOMBAY COTTON

*Late Trading*

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

Yesterday fairly large volume of business was done in the evening after the receipt of the Government announcement of basic prices. There was unofficial trading by local operators and September delivery sharply advanced at Rs. 518 and thereafter declined at Rs. 488 on extensive selling and finally late at night September was quoted at Rs 498. To-day the market was expected to open at Rs. 495.

The Government has made it clear that the floor prices are fixed to protect cotton growers and the Government will buy cotton if prices go below the floor. Similarly ceiling prices are fixed to protect consumers and if prices move above the ceiling levels, stocks of cotton will be liable to be requisitioned.

The market was steady to-day and at the opening September was quoted at Rs. 498 and improved at Rs. 507 on moderate covering and steadied at Rs. 504

Later on there was increased short covering in the belief that Government rates will be applicable to September contract. The market advanced at Rs. 513/- but reacted on scattered selling and closed at 2 p.m. as under I.C.C. September 510 8 0.

### TRADING IN COTTON MARKET

**The local cotton market will remain open from 1 p.m. to 3 p.m. on the 6th, 7th and 8th inst.**

### LATE TRADING IN COTTON

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

After the general meeting the market was thrown open for trading. During the interval private trading in September was done at Rs. 508 The Board has confirmed the basis fixed by them for September contracts. Prices gradually declined at Rs. 500 but again rallied at Rs. 506 Thereafter there was scattered selling and September declined at Rs. 504. The market closed at 6-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. September ..... 503/504.

### INDIAN COTTON PARITY

Indian Cotton September contract is 1189 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331

## SHARE BAZAR

BOMBAY, Sept. 2

The Bombay Stock Exchange was officially closed today. The general feeling was quiet awaiting the declaration of the economic policy. Tata Steel Defd. Shares were nominally quoted around Rs. 1487/8.

## GOVERNMENT LOANS

| | Rs. | as. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 2 1/4 per cent 1954 | 98 | 14 | |
| 2 1/4 per cent 1950 | 101 | 0 | |
| 2 1/2 per cent 1961 | 97 | 3 | |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1960 | 100 | 2 | |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1962 | 100 | 2 | |
| 2 3/4 per cent 1970 | 98 | 14 | |
| 3 per cent Non-Terminable | 99 | 6 | |
| 3 per cent 1986 Con. | 99 | 12 | |
| 3 per cent 1949-52 | 100 | 15 | |
| 3 per cent 1951-54 | 102 | 12 | |
| 3 per cent 1953-55 | 102 | 14 | |
| 3 per cent 1951 | 102 | 8 | |
| 3 per cent 1959-61 | 101 | 15 | |
| 3 per cent 1963-65 | 100 | 15 | |
| 3 per cent 1966-68 | 100 | 6 | |
| 3 per cent 1970-75 | 100 | 5 | |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1954-59 | 105 | 6 | |
| 4 per cent 1948-53 | 101 | 2 | |
| 4 per cent 1960-70 | 110 | 12 | |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950-55 | 104 | 8 | |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 | 112 | 6 | |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 | 116 | 0 | |
| **PROVINCIAL LOANS** | | | |
| 2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961 | 89 | 0 | |
| 2 3/4 per cent U. P. 1961 | 98 | 0 | |
| 3 per cent Punjab 1949 | 98 | 14 | |
| 3 per cent Bombay 1955 | 100 | 8 | |
| 3 per cent Bombay 1958 | 101 | 12 | |
| 3 per cent Madras 1952-53 | 100 | 6 | |
| 3 per cent U. P. 1952 | 100 | 6 | |
| 3 per cent C. P. 1952 | 100 | 6 | |
| 3 per cent N. W. F. 1952 | 99 | 10 | |
| 3 per cent U. P. 1961-66 | 100 | 2 | |
| per cent Bombay Municipality D | 111 | 4 | |
| 5 per cent Bom. Muni 1959 | 115 | 0 | |
| 6 per cent Bom. Muni 1954 | 116 | 0 | |
| 3-1/4 per cent Municipality 1977 | 101 | 8 | |
| 6 K P I | 114 | 0 | |

### LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Sept. 1 (UPA: On the London market today, black was quoted at 3-4/1-2 and white 3-8/1-4.

Dealers reported that the United States was buying in the London market.

### EVENING UP IN SEPTEMBER DOMINATES GRAIN TRADING

CHICAGO, Sept. 1 Grain trading was dominated by the evening up in September deliveries on the Chicago Commodity exchange today.

September corn was relatively strong because of small stocks available for delivery and the curtailment in producer marketings.

Wheat was steady on commercial buying against export flour sales and reports of heavy producer loan impoundings.

Closing prices included:

| | |
|---|---|
| September .... | 2.23 |
| December ..... | 2.26/1 1/2 3/8 |
| May ..... | 2.17-1/2-3/4 |
| July .. ..... | 1.96 |

### PRIVATE U. S. SELLERS TO MAKE GRAIN SALES

WASHINGTON Sept. 1.

Mr. Paul Hoffman today announced that effective December 1st all grain sales to ECA participating countries with the exception of the Bizone of Germany, Austria, Greece, Trieste and China will be made directly by private U. S. suppliers.

Mr. Hoffman said that the sales would be made directly to European Governments or to their authorized agents.

He said the action was taken in order to conform with the Congressional directive which required that ECA should use "to the maximum extent private channels of trade."

NEW YORK SILVER

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

U. S. price of foreign silver 74-3/4 cents

## GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

The local bullion market was quiet to-day on increased selling in silver while forward trading in gold remains suspended.

The market is anxiously awaiting declaration of the Government's economic policy and some traders believe that the same will have depressing effect.

Forward silver opened to-day at Rs. 173 and improved at Rs. 173/4 under scattered buying. At this level there appeared increased selling from professional operators and silver prices declined at Rs. 172/6.

Ready silver was quoted at a premium of Rs. 2 at Rs. 174/6.

Ready gold was quoted at Rs. 120 and severeigns were placed at Rs. 79/4.

Thereafter there was further selling pressure and Forward Silver was quoted at Rs. 171-2 and Ready at Rs. 173-2. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 119 and Sovereigns were done at Rs. 78-8.

There was persistent selling in Silver and the market closed at about the lowest level of the day as under:—

| | Rs. | as. | p. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Ready Silver ..... | 172 | 8 | 0 |
| Forward Silver ..... | 170 | 12 | 0 |
| Ready Gold ..... | 119 | 0 | 0 |
| Sovereigns ..... | 79 | 0 | 0 |

## PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, Sept. 2.

The Produce market was again depressed to-day on further selling pressure. There were reports of rain in Gujarat while professional operators have bought "put" options on a large scale. The Teji-Mandi for Castorseeds is Rs. 5-4.

At the opening Castorseeds May delivery were quoted at Rs 119-8 and steadily declined at Rs. 117-6 and steadied at Rs. 117-8. Groundnuts and Linseed sections were also quiet. Later on there was increased selling and prices declined for ground nuts and linseed as under:—

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| GROUNDNUTS | | | |
| Khandesh quality ..... | 31 | 8 | 0 |
| Coromandal ..... | 30 | 12 | 0 |
| Bold ready ..... | 30 | 12 | 0 |
| Bold Dec.-Jan. ..... | 27 | 14 | 0 |
| CASTORSEEDS | | | |
| Ready ..... | 30 | 0 | 0 |
| May delivery ..... | 118 | 1 | 0 |
| LINSEED | | | |
| Ready ..... | 26 | 4 | 0 |
| Sept.-Oct. delivery ..... | 26 | 6 | 0 |
| Nov.-Dec. delivery ..... | 26 | 11 | 0 |
| OILS | | | |
| Groundnut Oil:— | | | |
| Ready receipt ..... | 18 | 0 | 0 |
| September ..... | 17 | 14 | 0 |
| October ..... | 17 | 12 | 0 |
| November ..... | 17 | 0 | 0 |
| December ..... | 16 | 12 | 0 |
| Linseed Oil ..... | 16 | 9 | 0 |
| Castorseed oil first pressing | 19 | 0 | 0 |
| Castorseed oil commercial quality ..... | 17 | 8 | 0 |

### PEPPER CLOSES INACTIVE, NOMINALLY UNCHANGED

NEW YORK, Sept. 1 (UPA): Black pepper closed inactive and nominally unchanged on the New York market today.

Activity in the spot market was low. Buying interest tapered off but sellers were firm on prices.

Dealers indicated that the current high prices stimulated more buyer interest in Siam and Saigon black pepper in afloat and shipment positions.

Closing prices included:

| | |
|---|---|
| September, October | 72 cents |
| December | 71 " |
| January | 64 " |
| March, May | 60 " |
| July | 58 " |

In the ready market, black was quoted at 76 cents asked and white at 76 cents asked.

Other seed prices included:

Castorseeds dol. 131 nom per long ton fob Brazilian ports;

Cottonseeds dol. 70 nom per ton, basis Memphis, depending on quality;

Linseed dol. 2.10 per bushel, Minneapolis;

Linseed oil 28.8 cents per pound in tank cars;

Groundnuts 18.50-.75 cents per pound.

## Imperial Bank Of India

The following is the statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 27th August:—

| LIABILITIES | Rs. |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL:— | 5,62,50,000 |
| Reserve Fund | 6,25,00,000 |
| Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts | 2,91,59,93,000 |
| Sundries | 83,83,000 |
| Rupees | 3,04,31,26,000 |

| ASSETS | Rs. |
|---|---|
| INVESTMENTS:— | |
| Government Securities | 1,53,57,43,000 |
| Other Authorised Investments | 10,45,07,000 |
| ADVANCES:— | |
| Loans, Cash Credits and Overdrafts | 15,62,72,000 |
| Bills Discounted and Purchased | 54,58,18,000 |
| | 3,94,86,000 |
| CASH:— | |
| In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India | 54,07,44,000 |
| Balances with other Banks | 9,13,26,000 |
| Rupees | 3,04,31,26,000 |

LONDON BULLION

LONDON, Sept. 1

| | |
|---|---|
| SILVER: | |
| Spot | 45 d. |
| Forward | 45 d. |
| Gold bars fine per oz | £8/12/3 |

## Hessian Market

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 45 X 11 PER GOLD | | | |
| Ready | 108 | | |
| July/Sept. | 109-1/2 | | |
| Oct/Dec | 110-3/4 | | |
| BAGS D. W | | | |
| Ready | 117 | 0 | 0 |
| July/Sept. | 116 | 0 | 0 |
| Oct/Dec | 115 | 0 | 0 |

## Pepper Prices

BOMBAY Sept 2

| | |
|---|---|
| Bhadarva | 203 to 205 |
| Aso | 198 to 200 |
| Maha | 184 to 187 |

## Flurry Of Buying In N. Y. Cotton

*Futures 6 To 17 Points Up*

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.—Cotton prices edged higher in slightly increased dealings on the New York market today drawing encouragement from the firmness of securities which mirrored a better view of the foreign political news, highlighting reports that the Berlin blockade may be lifted on Sunday. Nearby positions were the firmest where trade, mill and export buying was more noticeable.

Conservative observers opine that the recent upturns were due more to technical considerations and a reduction in hedge selling rather than the development of any concerted buying power. They admitted that the market sentiment was bettered by the recent inquiries from Japan and Britain but recalled past disappointments on export news and are determined to await more conclusive evidence of any change before harbouring new hopes on that score.

Concerning Wednesday's government crop report, the majority of traders think that the August total of 15,169,000 bales may be bettered by at least 500,000 bales. Some quarters say that the estimates have been leaning too much to the optimistic side.

While conditions were admittedly favourable for the best crop development the past fortnight, skeptics on higher crop figures point out that the forepart of August was none too favourable. On that theory these observers feel the next estimate may stand off compared with August or might even show a decrease.

Today's session opened one to five higher. Prices edged upward thereafter to close around highs and a net six to 17 above the previous close. The finally flurry of buying developed in the face of the news that a market advisory service today recommended that its clients "sell March and new October new lows were coming."

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 30.97+17 |
| October highest | 30.98+18 |
| October lowest | 30.79—01 |
| December | 30.85+12 |
| March | 30.69+06 |
| May | 30.46+07 |
| July | 29.27+09 |
| Middling Spot | 31.90+17 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

| | |
|---|---|
| October | 30.89+19 |
| December | 30.81+11 |
| March | 30.67+07 |
| May | 30.45+07 |
| Mid. Spot | 30.85+15 |

## *Short Covering And Investment Demand In Wall Street Market*

NEW YORK, Sept. 1.

The somewhat improved volume of shortcovering and investment demand brought gains fractions to one dollar or more with a few thin issues including Atchison and Dupont respectively rising two to three points. Rails, chemicals, leading steels, oils, motors foods minings rubbers and farm implements were chiefly favoured. The averages were Industrials 183.01 and rails 62.61.

Although the buying enthusiasm warned pressure was virtually unimportant and the market fluctuated quietly around best levels. Further news from Berlin was awaited while reports of a trucking strike in New York city were noted but effected no reaction. Dupont denemours was a market feature encountering little resistance on its advance to 172012 a six dollar gain—with the action attributed to the completion of liquidation of a large block of estate stock which had depressed this issue earlier this week as well as the satisfactory gains over last year shown in the earnings of big chemical companies. A slightly broader demand near the close enabled the majority of issues to finish at the day's best levels. The session closed firm.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

| | |
|---|---|
| American Telephone and Telegraph | 154-1/2 |
| Amerex Holding Co. | 25-3/4 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 38 |
| Chase National Bank | 55-3/4 |
| Sinclair Oil | 26-7/8 |
| Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. | 47-3/4 |
| General Electric Co | 40-1/8 |
| General Motors | 63-3/4 |
| Ingersol Rand | 70 |
| International Nickel | 31-1/2 |
| National City Bank of New York | 39-1/2 |
| New York Central Rail Road Co | 17-7/8 |
| Socony Vacuum Corporation | 19-1/4 |
| Texas Corporation | 57-3/4 Ex div |
| Union Carbide New Stock | 41-3/8 Ex div |
| U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. | 48 |
| U. S. Steel Corporation Common | 80-1/2 |
| Western Union Telegraph | 20-5/8 |

### WORTH STREET TRADING DULL

NEW YORK Sept. 1 (UPA): Trading turned dull on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market today, reflecting the pattern of last month.

Gray goods buyers were little interested in print cloths sheetings drill, twills or Osnaburgs.

Processors appeared satisfied to await the government crop estimate next week and the unfolding of spring line plans which is expected after Labour Day when the arrivals of buyers will increase.

New England's reduced rate of incoming orders resulted in a further curtailment among Fall river mills.

Wool fabrics were quiet with some quarters looking for increased buying after the holiday.

Burlap positions were constant owing to limited Calcutta offerings

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Sept. 1.

| | £ |
|---|---|
| Consols 2-1/2 p c | 76-11/16 Exdiv |
| Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p c 1961 | 104-13/16 |
| War Loan 3-1/2 p c 1952 and after | 103-15/16 |
| Funding Loan 4 p c 1960/90 | 114-1/4 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank | |
| London Reg | 121-1/2 |
| National Bank of India | 34-3/4 |

Transaction on the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,682.

# Shipping News

## IMPORTS

BOMBAY, Thursday.

S.S. DWARKA

From Busrah—140 baskets wet dates.

From Khoramshire—491 bags kernel almonds, 2218 bags puppyshell 1938 bags jeera seed, 3652 cases khishmish 108 gdls. resins, 358 bags almonds with shell.

From Koweit—200 gdls. sheep skin.

From Karachi—74 bags pistadodi, 52 cases dry apricots, 53 bags gin, 33 bags ginger, 300 ctns. glass chimney, 1120 bags cement, 229 cases cigarettes, 270 cases apricots, 279 drums paint 54 thelas dry dona fish, 75 ctns radio receiver, 1750 talashi, 53 bags zeera seeds, 239 bdls dry fruits 236 cases khismish.

S.S. SIR JOHN FRANKLIN

From New York—6745 drums caustic soda, 6306 bags soda ash, 2795 ctns. caustic soda flakes, 200 drums agricultural incecticide dry calcium, 1734 drums white petroleum, 66 bales paraffin wax, 100 ctns steel hospital beds, 800 bags soda ash 100 drums pale spindles oil 3000 drums lubricating oil

S.S. AMRA

From Beira—1567 plastic copper, 6533 ingot bars electro-lytic copper.

From L. Marquis—19200 bags asbestons fibre.

From Mozambique—670 bags mapuda seed.

From Mombassa—2275 bales cotton raw.

S.S. "MALOJA"

From Melbourne—56 boxes butter.

From Brisbane—61 cases processed cheese: 770 cases civic cheese.

## EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT

S.S. "HOUGH SILVER MOON"

To Singapore—20 bags methi, 90 bags fenel seed—P. Bhujangalal.

To Colombo—19 bales cotton peice goods—The Central Trading Co.

6 bales cotton piece goods—M. Popatlal and Co.

To Lossangelles—15 bales jute rags—Patel and Co

S. S. INDIAN PIONEER

To Karachi:—27 bags turmeric—A. S. Rahimtulla Bros. 65 bags fenel seed—H. Essak, 150 boras puppy shells—A. S. Rahimtulla Bros. 25 drums mawra oil—B. S. Factory, 219 bales cotton piecegoods—The Hirjee mills 10 bags cardamums—A. S. O. Shahigar. 5 bdls. casea, 5 bdls ginger, 5 bgs turmeric, 50 bags ceshewkernels—R. Chtrabhuj, 6 bales cotton piecegoods—S. Chandulal, 5 bales cotton piecegoods—Rangoon weaving and dyeing work, 300 pkts bettle leaves—J. Pradhan, 300 pkts bettle leaves—S. Paresaram, 15 bales knitting wool—V. Kamruddin, 5 c/s. cutlery—Golden Silver ware house, 100 boras cotton waste—M. Assuff Butt.

S. S. BAMORA

To Karachi:—26 bags dill seed—A. Gulamhusain.

To Kuwait:—27 bales cotton piecegoods—H. A. A. Abbas.

To Dubai:—6 bales cotton piecegoods—H. A. A. Abbas.

S. S. CALEDONIA

To Liverpool:—397 magnicium chloride—The Pioneer Magnicium Works Ltd.

S.S. AMRA

To Zanzibar:— 6 bales cotton piecegoods S. Vaidya and Co.

To Mombassa:— 10 bag coriander 5 bags cumin seed, 5 bags sowascal 5 bags fungeek seed J. Hemchand and Co.

To Daresalam:— 9 cases sandle empty tins 101 cases toilet soap Sundry ship.

BY AIR

To Karachi:— 980 baskets bettleleaves T. Parasaram, 425 pkgs. bettleleaves A. Alimohmed, 25 baskets bettle leaves L. Becharlal and Co.

## Arrival And Departure Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

"Fatima" with 500 tons of salt on September 1. Agents: James Mac-Kintosh & Co.

"Ismaila" with general cargo of 4838 tons on September 1. Agents: M.M. & Co.,

"Star of Egypt" with general cargo on September 1. Agents: Alexandria Navigation Co.

DEPARTURES

"Stanvac Manila" for Abadan in ballast on September 1.

"Aagtakerk" for Freemantle with general cargo of 1,700 tons on September 1.

"City of Khios" for Chittagong and Calcutta in ballast on September 1.

"Elisabeth Bakke" for Calcutta with general cargo of 3,000 tons on September 1.

"Marine Leopard" for New York with 1,100 tons of general cargo on September 1.

"Oost Capelle" for Cochin with general cargo on September 1.

"Rukmavati" (ferry wharf) for Uran on September 1.

"Chandravati" (ferry wharf) for Rewas on September 1.

"Satyawati" (ferry wharf) for Nahava on August 31.

## RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 27th day of August 1948.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

Notes held in the Banking Department Rs. 37,69,88,000, Notes in circulation Rs. 1215,17,87,000, Total Notes issued Rs. 1252,87,75,000, Total Liabilities Rs. 1252,87,75,000.

ASSETS

A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—

(a) Held in India Rs. 42,71,91,000, Sterling Securities Rs. 796,64,28,000.

Total of A Rs. 839,36,19,000, B. Rupee Coin Rs. 45,20,57,000, Government of India Rupee Securities Rs. 368,30,99,000, Total Assets Rs. 1252,87,75,000.

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 66.995 per cent.

Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 27th August 1948.

LIABILITIES

Capital paid up Rs. 5,00,00,000. Reserve Fund Rs. 5,00,00,000.

Deposits:—

(1) Central Government Rs. 234,16,-46,000, (2) Other Governments Rs. 16,-87,36,000, (b) Banks Rs. 95,50,09,000, (c) Others Rs. 59,66,95,000, Bills Payable Rs. 3,33,21,000, Other Liabilities Rs. 4,91,67,000, Rs. 424,45,74,000.

ASSETS

Notes Rs. 37,69,88,000, Rupee Coin Rs. 9,91,000, Subsidiary Coin Rs. 1,53,-000,

Bills Purchased and Discounted:—

(a) Internal Rs. 25,80,000 (c) Government Treasury Bills Rs. 4,55,48,000, Balances held abroad * Rs. 306,11,91,-000, Loans and Advances to Governments Rs. 5,00,000, Other Loans and Advances Rs. 5,64,000, Investments Rs. 72,93,99,000, Other Assets Rs. 2,66,-00,000, Rupees 424,45,74,000.

* Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

## MADRAS SHARE BAZAR EASIER

MADRAS Sept. 2 (API): The market was easier all round. Banking issues were lower particularly Indians on rumour of lower dividend. Textiles and Plantings were quiet, but Spencers in the miscellaneous group hardened to Rs. 10/10. Market closed hesitant. Following are the closing quotations:—

SECURITIES: Three per cent 1986 Govt. of India Loan 99-12-6 three per cent 1970-75 Govt. of India Loan 100/5 three percent 1952-54 Govt. of Travancore 103-0-6 three per cent 1960 Madras 101/-.

BANKS: Reserve Bank 110/- Travancore 21-12.

PLANTINGS: Chembras 5-14 Cochin Malabar 6/- Devashola 17-8 Midlands 6-2 Nelliampthys 1-7-6 Ouchterlony 6-8 Periakaramalai 23-4 Pullangodes 1-4 Thirumbadi 2-5 T R & T Co. 6-14.

TEXTILES: Buckinghams 174 Ditto Pref 196 Cambodias 9-10 Coimbatore C M 90-8 Lakshmi 66-8 Maduras 39-4 Metturs 317-8 Mysore Spun 7-8 Radhakrishnas 138/- Rajalakshmis 55-4 Rangavilas 43-6 Trav Rayons 4-10 Trichinopolys 12-14-6.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cements 60/- Facts 6/3 India Cements 14-14 Mettur Chem 8-13 Mysore Chem Ferts 9-6 Spencer 10-10 Loyal Textiles and Malabar Industrials unchanged.

## New E.C.A. Authorizations Total 33,875,395 Dollars

WASHINGTON, Sept. 1.

The United Kingdom and China received the largest procurement and reimbursement authorizations announced today by the E.C.A. Of the total 33,875,395 dollars listed, the United Kingdom was awarded 10 million dollars and China 7,999,999 dollars.

The latest authorizations bring the total to date to 1,363,444,481 dollars for all the E.R.P. countries and China.

The United Kingdom's 10 million dollars was authorized for U.S. cheese, while China's authorization was for the purchase of petroleum products from Saudi Arabia and the United States.

Other authorizations were (in dollars): Bizonal Germany, 7,002,000; France, 5,314,002; Norway, 2,753,152; Denmark, 547,146; Austria, 238,760; and Italy, 20,336.

How worldwide is the commercial effect of the E.C.A. authorizations is revealed in the list of items for the various countries. France, for instance, is buying shelled peanuts and other items from China, citicica oil from Brazil, machinery from Bizonal Germany, and several items from the United States; Norway is getting oil from the Netherlands West Indies; Denmark is to get copra expellers from the Philippines, cottonseed meal from Haiti and more copra expellers from Paraguay; and Austria will get zinc from Belgium.—U.S.I.S.

## Produce Receipts

BOMBAY, Sept 2.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton | 825 |
| Linseed | 1182 |
| Gronudnuts | 12020 |
| Gram | 97 |
| Castorseeds | 1621 |
| Mahuda | 1429 |
| Cottonseed | 8286 |
| Sugar | 5341 |
| Rice | 2038 |

SUGAR MARKET

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Small Grain | 107 | 0 | 0 |
| Medium | 110 | 0 | 0 |
| Big Size | 114 | 0 | 0 |
| Extra Big | 119 | 0 | 0 |
| October | 37 | 10 | 0 |
| January | 31 | 9 | 0 |

Arrival bags 2754

## Exemptions From U. P. Sales Tax

HAPUR, Aug. 26.

It is reliably learnt that on the representation of the Hapur Chamber of Commerce, the U. P. Government has agreed to exempt oats, guwar, juwar, cottonseed, oilcake and all other fodders from the operation of the U P. Sales Tax.

The exemption of oilseeds and oil has been made retrospectively from the very start. No tax would thus be payable on oilseeds and oils even for the period which was not covered by the later exemption order.

The suggestion that the tax on forward transactions may be collected through the agencies of the Chamber of Commerce or other registered companies serving as clearing house in respect of such business is also reported to have been accepted by the Groundnuts

## Metal Market

BOMBAY Sept. 2

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tin Aso | 90 | 12 | 0 |
| Copper Aso | 90 | 4 | 0 |

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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

tained by selling British goods abroad.

bauxite (aluimnium-ore) coupled with enormous potentialities of hydro-elec-

words, the rate of deterioration

of the E. I. C. Association were able to

at 110/8. So far bulls had a strong hold on the silver market Bombay bulls

# Godse Identified In Delhi Central Jail

## SPECIAL MAGISTRATE GIVES DETAILS OF PARADES

## Stay Of Accused In Marina Hotel Recalled

**RED FORT, DELHI, Sept. 2 (API): Mr. Kishen Chand, Special Magistrate, First Class, New Delhi, in his evidence told the Special Court trying Nathuram Godse and others at Red Fort today that held two identification parades on February 7 and February 28, 1948, in the Delhi Central Jail premises.**

Mr. Kishen Chand said that he remembered to have been asked by the Police to conduct identification parades in Delhi. The first identification parade had been held with reference to Nathuram Godse. The parade was held in the Central Jail premises.

DETAILS OF PARADE

When he entered the premises he asked the Superintendent of Jail to bring the person who was to be identified. The person was brought to him. He then asked the Jailer to bring some persons of the same age and description as the accused from among the under-trials.

"I picked up nine persons", Mr. Kishen Chand added, "from those brought to me. I asked the accused to change his clothes if he wished and to take up his position wherever he liked among those nine persons.

The parade was held in an open court yard in the jail. The witnesses who were to identify were kept outside the outer gate of the jail. The court-yard is inside the inner gate and the court-yard cannot be seen from outside.

"The witnesses were then called one by one. As soon as a witness came, I put down his name and address and asked him to identify any person whom he could recognise there. After the identification parade, I asked him in what connection he identified him and recorded what witness said."

"After a witness had identified the person, witness was asked to stand at a place from where he could not be seen by any other witnesses who were still to identify. There were no police officers when I conducted the parade. I dictated the identification note to my stenographer. He is not a member of the police. I cannot say from memory who were the witnesses called and in what order they came and what they said. I can say by referring to the identification memo."

GODSE IDENTIFIED

"The first witness was Ramchandra, a receptionist clerk in the Marina Hotel, New Delhi. He identified the accused Nathuram Godse at the identification parade and said that that person was put up in Marina Hotel along with another person from January 17 to January 20, 1948. Ramchandra said he inquired the name of the person when he came to the hotel and he gave his name as 'Deshpande'."

"The second witness Mr. C. Pacheco, Manager of Marina Hotel, identified Nathuram Godse and said that Nathuram Godse came to his hotel on January 17 along with another person and stayed for four days. He had seen them in the hotel.

The third witness, Kali Ram, a Bearer in the Marina Hotel, identified Nathuram Godse and stated that the individual came to the hotel on January 17 along with another person and when he came on duty on January 20 those persons had left.

Then another witness, Martin, receptionist, Marina Hotel, identified Nathuram Godse and said that he prepared the bill for the person identified during his stay in the hotel from January 17 to 20 and received the payment.

Sulochan V. Devi, who had identified Nathuram V. Godse, stated that she had seen him (Godse) along with another person in a "moongia" coloured car on January 20.

Chhoturam had identified Nathuram Godse saying that he had seen him with Madanlal when they alighted from the car on January 20 and came to the prayer ground in Birla House.

Surjit Singh had identified Nathuram Godse saying that he had taken four persons in his taxi at about 4-30 or 4-45 p.m. on January 20 to Birla House.

All the four persons got down at Birla House, according to Surjit Singh after about 45 minutes. Three of them including Godse and got into the taxi. Soon after that he had heard an explosion from inside the Birla House. He brought the car along with the passengers and left them at the Tata Air Office in Connaught Circus.

SECOND IDENTIFICATION PARADE

Lala Kishanchand added that he held the second identification parade on Feoruary 28 1948 in the Central Jail. Apte and Karkare were mixed up with twelve other persons. Both the accused were given all the facilities to change their clothes etc. The witness observed the usual procedure and precautions with regard to the parade. No Police Officer was present at the parade.

Mr. C. Pacheco, Manager of the Marina Hotel, who was first called in could not identify the accused.

Next witness was Ramchandra, receptionist of the Marina Hotel, who correctly picked up N. D. Apte and stated that he (Apte) had stayed in the Marina Hotel on 18th or 19th December and that he had signed as Deshpande. Another man who also described himself as Deshpande had also stayed with him.

Another witness Kaliram, bearer of Marina Hotel picked up N. D. Apte and stated that he, along with another man stayed in room No. 40 of the Marina Hotel from January 17 to January 20, 1948. Apte had given him some clothes for washing. Those clothes were handed over to the police.

Mr Martin, another receptionist of the Marina Hotel, had identified Karkare and said that he along with another person had stayed in room No. 40 from January 17 to January 20.

Next witness was Surjit Singh who identified N. D. Apte saying that he had engaged his taxi in front of the Regal Cinema on January 20. He was accompanied by three other persons. Firstly they went to Birla Mandir and from there to Birla House. They reached Birla House at about 5-30 p.m. or 6 p.m. and stayed there for about 45 minutes whereafter Surjit Singh dropped them at the Tata Air Office in Connaught Circus.

Ram Singh, a bearer of Sharif Hotel, picked up Karkare and stated that he had stayed in room No. 2 of his Hotel, for a month and a quarter.

Chhoturam picked up N. D. Apte and Karkare and said that on the day a bomb exploded in Birla House four persons including Apte and Karkare had come to Birla House about 4-30 p.m. or five. One of them had asked Chhoturam's permission to take a photo of Mahatma Gandhi. Chhoturam pointed towards Karkare and said that he (Karkare) went towards the prayer meeting while the other three, including Apte, went to the car.

APTE AND KARKARE IDENTIFIED

Witness Bhoor Singh, Chowkidar of Birla House, Lala Kishenchand continued, identified Apte and Karkare. Bhoorsingh had seen Apte along with two others coming out of Birla House when he (Bhoor Singh) was sitting at the gate.

Witness Sulochana Devi, wife of Nanek Chand, taxi driver, identified Apte and stated that she had seen Apte along with four others getting down from a taxi near Birla House when she was standing outside.

Jannu, bearer of Delhi Railway Station, identified Karkare and Apte and said that they had stayed at the waiting room of Delhi Railway Station.

Lala Kishenchand remembered that he had received from the Home Ministry, Government of India, a statement of confession of Dr. Parchure which he kept seal d his confidential box and later h d over to the police officer.

REMAND FOR GODSE

Cross-examined by Mr. Oak, counsel for Godse, Mr. Kishenchand said that he was taken to the Parliament Street Police Station on January 31 for remanding Nathuram Godse to police custody. He could not remember whether he went to the Tughlak Road police station on February 6, 1948 and saw Nathuram Godse there and also had a talk with him.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mengle, counsel for Apte, Kishenchand said that he was in normal health. He had suffered from facial paralysis in 1943. He had now completely recovered from paralysis. The identification parade was held at 4-30 p.m. on February 28, 1948.

Further cross-examined by Mr. Mengle, Lala Kishanchand said that he did not take down the names of the persons who had been mixed with accused Godse at the identification parade. Witness Pacheco had picked up Omprakash, an undertrial prisoner, for Apte. Witness had called Pacheco through his orderly and has asked Pacheco to identify the person whom he wanted to identify. The accused were asked to change their clothes with one another.

Cross-examined by Mr. Dange, witness said that the Superintendent of Jail had pointed out Karkare to him (witness.)

Q. Why did you mix up the undertrial prisoners with the accused persons at the identification parade and not outsiders?

Ans: I cannot give my reasons.

Witness added that it was difficult to get persons of the same age and description as that of the accused from outside. Witness himself selected the persons for mixing up with the two accused.

Q. Is it a fact that not a single Maharashtrian was included in the parade inspite of the fact that both Apte and Karkare were Maharashtrians?

Ans: They did not look from appearance as Maharashtrians.

Witness added that Nathuram Godse had no bandage on his head at the time of the identification parade but had a piece of cloth on his head.

REMAND FOR MADANLAL

Cross-examined by Mr. Bannerjee, witness said that Madanlal who was arrested in connection with the bomb explosion in Birla House on January 20 was produced before witness for a remand on January 21. Witness remanded him to police custody.

The remand might have been for 15 days. He was thereafter not produced before him.

Cross-examined by Mr. Inamdar, counsel for Gopal Godse and Parchure, witness said that he had received a sealed cover containing Parchure's confession from the Home Department. Witness opened the cover and resealed it on the same day.

Re-cross-examined by Mr. Oak, witness said that Godse had something like a handkerchief on his head. Witness asked the Jailor to give cloth to two or three other persons for putting on their heads. Witness did not remember whether it was jail cloth. Witness did not remember having remanded Nathuram Godse to jail. He also did not remember having seen any injury on his head.

Mr. S. R. Saigal, an employee in the Refugee and Rehabilitation Department, Government of India, in his evidence said that he was employed in the Post and Telegraphs Department on January 19 this year as a record operator at the traffic exchange in the Eastern Court, New Delhi. It was his duty to book trunk calls from Delhi to outstations. When a request for a trunk call was received he first prepared an outgoing trunk call ticket. He had prepared a ticket on January 19, 1948. The date, the booking time, the Delhi number, Bombay number, the Clause of call and the name of the particular person in the ticket (on exhibit) were all in his handwriting. His initial was also put as record operator. After making the entries the ticket was immediately sent to the Record Control Operator and, in his absence, to the supervisor.

When a call was booked, and the ticket filled in, Mr. Saigal added, the Delhi number and the outstation called for were entered in the local number slip. The entries relating to the call made on January 19 by Delhi number 8024 to Bombay number 60201 in the local slip number (on exhibit) were in his handwriting. There was no cross-examination.

The Court adjourned till tomorrow.

## *Four Defence Applications In Red Fort Trial*

RED FORT, DELHI, Sept. 2 (API): Four applications were filed today by Defence Counsel in the Special Court trying Nathuram Godse and seven others at Red Fort.

One of the applications which was filed by Mr. Bhopatkar on behalf of V. D. Savarkar prayed that the request of the prosecution counsel for bringing on record certain question put by defence counsel and answered by Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Bombay Government, should not be acceded to.

The application stated: "in the cross-examination of Mr. Morarji Desai the counsel for Savarkar did not put him the question as given in the prosecution's application.

The question was 'was it a fair deal on your part to order keeping close watch on Savarkar's house and his movements?

"No reply was given by the witness to this question. But the witness in his turn put a counter question to the counsel of Savarkar to the effect: 'does Mr. Savarkar wish that I should answer it?

"The court then said to the counsel of Savarkar "if the question is insisted upon I shall take down the reply in full'

Thereupon the question was withdrawn.

In law a question cannot be withdrawn if a reply is given thereto. In the present case the question put was not replied by the witness, therefore the counsel for Savarkar was perfectly entitled to withdraw it and your honour permitted him to do so.

In the proceedings of the present trial, there were scores of occasions on which both the prosecution and Defence Counsel withdrew the questions put before they were replied.

The prosecution by their present application are trying and that too after a considerable long time to attach to this incident a significance which it does not justly and rightfully deserve. They are seeking to make out as if the Hon'ble Mr. Morarji Desai would have disclosed something which would have harmed V. D. Savarkar. Mr. Savarkar submits that if the Hon'ble Mr. Desai had really been in possession of some damaging facts, the prosecution would certainly not have failed to elicit them in his examination-in-chief itself, and would not have depended upon the defence putting him a question and the witness catching his opportunity to disclose them.

Mr. Savarkar therefore submits that your honour was right in not recording the above incident, and prays that it should not be recorded"

RECORDING OF GURBACHAN'S REPLY

The second application which was filed by Mr. Oak on behalf of Nathuram V. Godse submitted to the Court for bringing on record the following reply given by Sardar Gurbachan Singh an attendant on Mahatma Gandhi during his cross-examination 'yes Mahatma Gandhi told me that he was distressed by the fact that the Muslims in Delhi could not go about freely in the streets of the city.'

The said answer, added the application, was not recorded on the ground that it was inadmissible upon an objection being raised by the learned Prosecutor. It is respectfully submitted that the above answer is perfectly admissible. It is not hearsay. The answer was given by the person who actually heard the Mahatma say to him. The fact of Mahatmaji's fast is to be made use of in the defence of Nathuram Godse and, therefore, the statement of the reasons therefore related by the Mahatma himself to witness was and is admissible.

ANOTHER APPLICATION ON BEHALF OF GODSE

Mr. Oak filed another application on behalf of Nathuram V. Godse which runs as follows:—

"The objections taken by the learned Prosecutor in regard to the various questions put to Mr. Morarji Desai in the cross-examination of the said witness by the undersigned were not sound in law. Under section 143 of the Evidence act the defence would be perfectly justified in putting to a prosecution witness questions even though irrelevant to the charge, for the purposes of eliciting facts in its favour.

The questions that were asked were asked to elicit information on political events preceding the occurrence on 30th January as the background of the present case is completely political and not as a background of defence as alleged.

The objection, it is submitted, were therefore rightly disallowed by the Honourable Court.

These applications were not argued but were only placed on record."

The fourth application filed by Mr Bhopatkar on behalf of V. D. Savarkar requested the Court to direct the prosecution to produce certain documents in the Court through some witnesses. These documents which had been taken possession of by the police at the time of the search of Savarkar's house include certain statements issued by V D. Savarkar.

## JAI HIND COLLEGE INAUGURATED

The Hon'ble Mr. B. G. Kher inaugurated the Jai Hind College in the premises of the Elphinstone College on Wednesday evening when Miss Pushpa Advani (Right) gave a performance in Manipuri.

# MAXIMUM INCREASE OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

## Central Advisory Council To Implement Government's Resolution

NEW DELHI, Sept. 2 (API): In accordance with the announcement in the Government resolution on industrial policy dated April 6 the Government of India have decided to constitute under the Chairmanship of the Minister for Industry and Supply, a Central Advisory Council of Industries to assist Government in securing the maximum increase of industrial production and to advise them on specific questions relating to industries. A Gazette of India Extraordinary issued today contains the Government's resolution regarding the decision.

The main functions of the Council will be:—

(1) To advise Government generally on industrial policy.

(2) To review periodically production in the major industries of the country and to advise Government on steps to be taken to secure the best use of existing capacity.

(3) To advise Government on the allocation of raw materials in scarce supply.

(4) To advise Government on the import of capital equipment and raw materials needed by industry and

(5) To deal with specific questions forwarded to them by the Government from time to time.

COMPOSITION OF COUNCIL

The Council will consist of representatives of the Central and Provincial Governments, important organisations representing the interests of industry and those of major industries and labour unions. The following industries will be represented in the Council: Coal, iron and steel, cotton textiles, ship-building, automobiles, machine tools, electrical engineering, structural engineering, mechanical engineering, basic chemicals, fine chemicals and metals, cement, sugar and power alcohol, paper, glass and ceramics, jute, soap, leather and leather manufacture, rubber manufacture and plastics, woollen textiles, silk textiles, tobacco and vanaspati and processed foodstuffs.

The Council will also have on it some members of the Constituent Assembly and a few representatives of major States or Unions of States, as decided by Government from time to time.

The Governments of Provinces and States not represented on the Council will be kept informed of the activities of the Council and will be invited to depute representatives whenever it is considered necessary.

The Council is empowered to appoint committees to deal with major industries and with specific problems relating to industry.

## *PERMIT SYSTEM FOR TRAVELLERS FROM INDIA*

## *Pakistan's Threat: Secretariat Level Talks At Lahore Soon*

KARACHI, Sept. 2 (API): The Government of Pakistan is making arrangements to start a permit system both in West and East Pakistan for travellers from the Indian Union, it was reliably learned here on Thursday.

This permit system is likely to be enforced during this month unless the restrictions applicable to travellers from West Pakistan to India are removed by the Government of India.

The Provincial Governments of Pakistan have been directed to make the necessary arrangements for its operation.

UNLESS INDIA WITHDRAWS RESTRICTIONS

It will be recalled that at the Inter-Dominion Conference held at Lahore on July 22 and during the discussions between Pakistan's Ministers for Refugees and Rehabilitation, Khwaja Shahabuddin, and Mr. K. L. Punjabi, India's representative, in Karachi during August, the viewpoint of the Pakistan Government was put before the Indian Government regarding the permit system imposed by India.

During his Karachi talks with Mr. Punjabi the Pakistan Minister had reiterated the stand taken by the Pakistan Government at the Lahore conference that unless the Government of India withdrew the permit system, the Government of Pakistan would be obliged to impose similar restrictions on travellers from India to East and West Pakistan.

Mr. K. L. Punjabi, on behalf of his Government, had requested the Pakistan Government to discuss the question at ministerial level and accordingly a telegram was sent by Khwaja Shahbuddin to Mr. Gopalaswami Iyengar inviting him to Karachi for further discussions.

FURTHER TALKS IN LAHORE SOON

A reply has now been received from the Indian Minister suggesting that preliminary discussions on a secretariat level should be held regarding the permit system. The Government of Pakistan is believed to have sent a telegram this week to New Delhi requesting the Government of India to send a representative to Lahore at the earliest for discussions. As Khwaja Shahabuddin and the Secretary of Pakistan's Ministry of Refugees and Rehabilitation will be in Lahore during next week in connection with the meeting of the Pakistan-West Punjab Refugee Council, it is likely that they will participate in the forthcoming discussions.

The Lahore discussions are expected to be followed by a conference at ministerial level, but the date and venue have not yet been fixed.

## *INDO-PAKISTAN CLOTH-COTTON EXCHANGE*

BOMBAY, Sept. 2 (UPI): The "United Press of India" learns that the cloth-cotton exchange agreement between India and Pakistan which expired on Aug. 31 has been extended till Sept. 15.

It appears the Pakistan Government had asked for extension of the period of the agreement as they wanted to make more purchases of cloth in India.

JUTE MARKET FOR DACCA OR NARAYANGANJ

DACCA, Sept. 2 (UPI): It is learnt that there is a proposal to open a jute market in Dacca or Narayanganj where the Jute Mills will be asked to buy the jute. Attempts are being made to make a start with a couple of Jute Mills in East Bengal to meet for finished goods.

The Provincial Government have accepted the scheme and the Central Government of Pakistan are being asked to grant loans for the purpose.

DIRECTORATE FOR MOVEMENT OF SURPLUS REFUGEES

KARACHI, Sept. 2 (API): The Government of Pakistan propose to establish a central movement and co-ordination directorate to regulate the transfer of 4 lakhs of surplus refugees from the West Punjab camps to other Pakistan provinces and the acceding states of Bhawalpur and Khairpur, it was learned here.

## Anti-Guerilla Sweep Throughout Malaya

KUALA LUMPUR, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Combined police and troop offensives since yesterday netted 183 suspects in wide anti-Guerilla sweeps throughout the Federation, it was learned today.

Fiftyfour Chinese, arrested in a raid on the village of Partang Negri, Sembalan State, were alleged to be implicated in an attack on Pertang police station and Tambah tin mine on August 30 when Mr. James Hunter, manager of the mine, was killed.

Police and troops detained 188 people for questioning in yesterday's combined operation in the Kuala Lumpur area. The second murder in 24 hours was reported today from Penang Island, earlier regarded as a place of safety from guerilla activities.

An unknown gunman last night shot dead a Chinese detective, 45-year-old Lean Hock, while he was sitting in a coffee shop at Balik Pulaw, ten miles west of the capital. The previous night a Federal Councillor, Dr. Ong Ching Keng was murdered.

## 'COLONIAL OFFICE RESPONSIBLE'

KUALA LUMPUR, Sept. 2 (Reuter): Terrorism in Malaya was the result of Colonial Office disregard of unofficial warnings, Mr. A. W. Wallich told the Malayan Legislative Council today. Men who saw the approach of "this unnecessary emergency" were classed as "a small clique of capitalists," he said. Mr. Wallich was moving the adjournment of the Council to debate the question of the cost of the campaign against the insurgents, which some members urged should be borne by Britain. No vote was taken. One member demanded "freedom from the inept and ignorant interference by the Welshers of Whitehall in our economic and social affairs."

A Chinese member of the Council, Mrs. B. M. Con, said it would be unfair to ask the British tax payer to pay for the mistakes of officials.

## *SIR HENRY GURNEY SUCCEEDS GENT*

KUALA LUMPUR, Sept. 2 (Reuter): The appointment of 50-year-old Sir Henry Gurney, Palestine Chief Secretary from 1946 until the Mandate ended last June, as High Commissioner for the Federation of Malaya was officially announced here today.

Sir Henry, who spent many years in Kenya, East Africa, and the Gold Coast, will not arrive in Malaya for several weeks, Mr. Malcolm MacDonald, Commissioner-General for South East Asia, said.

Meanwhile Sir Alec Newboult will continue as acting High Commissioner.

## Chinese Detective Shot Dead

PENANG, Sept. 2 (Reuter): An unknown gun-man shot dead late yesterday a Chinese detective, 45-year-old Lean Hock, while he was sitting in a Coffee shop at Balik Pulau, ten miles west of here.

This murder followed the shooting on the previous night of Federal Councillor, Dr. Ong Chong Keng—the first act of terrorism on the island.

## STALIN PAYS HIS RESPECTS TO ZHDANOV

MOSCOW, Sept. 2 (Reuter): In a city stilled in mourning, the body of Colonel-General Andrei Zhdanov, who might have become successor to M. Stalin, will be borne around Red square here today and buried, at 5 P.M. (local time) at the base of the Kremlin's walls.

The body of General Zhdanov, 52-year-old Secretary of the Central Committee of the Russian Communist Party, who died after a long illness, late on Tuesday, has been lying in state in the columned hall of Trade Union House since yesterday morning. Stalin entered the hall to pay his respects to the man who was once described as his "closest co-worker." The Premier took over a position in the guard of honour around the catafalque from a young worker, and for two minutes stood rigidly at salute.

Behind and above the coffin was a great banner inscribed:—"Workers of the world unite".

Following M Stalin in tribute to General Zhdanov, the highest party and Government chiefs, including Foreign Minister Molotov and leaders from all spheres of Russian life, mounted guard for two-minute periods throughout the night and were to continue until the body is taken away for burial today near Lenin's huge marble tomb.

Bands massed in Red square meanwhile played solemn music, frequently repeating Chopin's funeral march as lines of workers many miles long threaded slowly through the hall [illegible] upon the General [illegible] his last time.

MUTT AND JEFF— Doesn't Even The Idea Make You Itch? By BUD FISHER

GOSH, MUTT, I FEEL AWFUL WARM LATELY! DO YOU?
NO, I FEEL FINE THESE NICE SPRING DAYS!
SPRING DAYS? IS SPRING HERE?
CERTAINLY SPRING IS HERE!
-AND WINTER IS ALL GONE?
SURE! WEEKS AGO!
OH, BOY!
NOW I CAN TAKE OFF MY LONG WINTER UNDERWEAR!
HM Fisher

Printed and Published for The Bombay Chronicle Co Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at The Bombay Chronicle Press, Rec Building, Parsi Bazar Street Fort, Bombay. Jointly edited by S. NATARAJAN.